

# **VS1SD**

## **AC Servo Control**

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**Important:**

Be sure to check [www.baldor.com](http://www.baldor.com) for the latest software, firmware and drivers for your VS1SD product. Also you can download the latest version of this manual in Adobe Acrobat PDF format.

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# Chapter 1

## Introduction

The information in this manual supports firmware versions up through 1.22. This manual is intended for qualified electrical personnel familiar with installing, programming, and maintaining AC Drives. This manual contains information on:

- Installing and wiring the VS1SD drive
- Programming the drive
- Troubleshooting the drive

### 1.1 Getting Assistance from Baldor

For technical assistance, contact your Baldor District Office. Before calling, please review the troubleshooting section of this manual. You will be asked for the drive model number or catalog number that is located on the nameplate along with the drive serial number.

### 1.2 Safety Notices

This equipment contains voltages that may be as high as 1000 volts! Electrical shock can cause serious or fatal injury. Only qualified personnel should attempt the start-up procedure or troubleshoot this equipment. This equipment may be connected to other machines that have rotating parts or parts that are driven by this equipment. Improper use can cause serious or fatal injury. Only qualified personnel should attempt the start-up procedure or troubleshoot this equipment.

#### CLASSIFICATIONS OF CAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

- WARNING:** Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in injury or death.
- CAUTION:** Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in damage to property.

#### PRECAUTIONS

- WARNING:** Do not touch any circuit board, power device or electrical connection before you first ensure that power has been disconnected and there is no high voltage present from this equipment or other equipment to which it is connected. Electrical shock can cause serious or fatal injury. Only qualified personnel should attempt the start-up procedure or troubleshoot this equipment.
- WARNING:** Be sure that you are completely familiar with the safe operation of this equipment. This equipment may be connected to other machines that have rotating parts or parts that are controlled by this equipment. Improper use can cause serious or fatal injury. Only qualified personnel should attempt the start-up procedure or troubleshoot this equipment.
- WARNING:** Do not use motor overload relays with an automatic reset feature. These are dangerous since the process may injure someone if a sudden or unexpected automatic restart occurs. If manual reset relays are not available, disable the automatic restart feature using external control wiring.
- WARNING:** This unit has an automatic restart feature that will start the motor whenever input power is applied and a RUN (FWD or REV) command is issued. If an automatic restart of the motor could cause injury to personnel, the automatic restart feature should be disabled.
- WARNING:** Be sure the system is properly grounded before applying power. Do not apply AC power before you ensure that all grounding instructions have been followed. Electrical shock can cause serious or fatal injury.
- WARNING:** Do not remove cover or open door for at least five (5) minutes after AC power is disconnected to allow capacitors to discharge. Dangerous voltages are present inside the equipment. Electrical shock can cause serious or fatal injury.
- WARNING:** Improper operation of control may cause violent motion of the motor shaft and driven equipment. Be certain that unexpected motor shaft movement will not cause injury to personnel or damage to equipment. Certain failure modes of the control can produce peak torque of several times the rated motor torque.
- WARNING:** Motor circuit may have high voltage present whenever AC power is applied, even when motor is not rotating. Electrical shock can cause serious or fatal injury.
- WARNING:** Dynamic brake resistors may generate enough heat to ignite combustible materials. Keep all combustible materials and flammable vapors away from brake resistors.

- WARNING:** The motor shaft will rotate during the autotune procedure. Be certain that unexpected motor shaft movement will not cause injury to personnel or damage to equipment.
- WARNING:** **MEDICAL DEVICE/PACEMAKER DANGER** - Magnetic and electromagnetic fields in the vicinity of current carrying conductors and industrial motors can result in a serious health hazard to persons with cardiac pacemakers, internal cardiac defibrillators, neurostimulators, metal implants, cochlear implants, hearing aids, and other medical devices. To avoid risk, stay away from the area surrounding a motor and its current carrying conductors.
- CAUTION:** Disconnect motor leads (T1, T2 and T3) from control before you perform a dielectric withstand (insulation) test on the motor. Failure to disconnect motor from the control will result in extensive damage to the control. The control is tested at the factory for high voltage/leakage resistance as part of the Underwriters Laboratory requirements.
- CAUTION:** Suitable for use on a circuit capable of delivering not more than the RMS symmetrical short circuit amperes listed here at rated voltage.
- | Horsepower | RMS Symmetrical Amperes |
|------------|-------------------------|
| 1-50       | 5,000                   |
| 51-200     | 10,000                  |
| 201-400    | 18,000                  |
| 401-600    | 30,000                  |
| 601-900    | 42,000                  |
- CAUTION:** Do not connect AC power to the Motor terminals T1, T2 and T3. Connecting AC power to these terminals may result in damage to the control.
- CAUTION:** Baldor does not recommend using "Grounded Leg Delta" transformer supplies that may create ground loops. Instead, we recommend using a four wire Wye.
- CAUTION:** Do not supply any power to the External Trip (motor thermostat) leads at TH1 and TH2. Power on these leads can damage the control. Use a dry contact type that requires no external power to operate.
- CAUTION:** If a customer installed Dynamic Brake (DB) hardware mounting is in any position other than vertical, the DB hardware must be derated by 35% of its rated capacity.
- CAUTION:** Before external Dynamic Brake Hardware is added, the internal resistor must be disconnected (frames AA, B, C and D only). Remove the resistor from the B+/R1 and R2 terminals and insulate the leads to avoid accidental connection to drive circuitry. The external resistor can be connected across these terminals. Failure to remove the internal resistor will decrease the total resistance (parallel connection) and cause damage.
- CAUTION:** Do not set Level 2, Drive Configure, Power Input parameter to Common Bus if AC power is connected to L1, L2 or L3. Common Bus requires numerous changes. Contact Baldor for information.
- CAUTION:** Only Baldor cables should be used to connect the keypad and control. These are special twisted pair cables to protect the control and keypad. Damage associated with other cable types are not covered by the Baldor warranty.
- CAUTION:** If an M-Contactor is installed, the control must be disabled for at least 200msec before the M-Contactor is opened. If the M-Contactor is opened while the control is supplying voltage and current to the motor, the control may be damaged. Before the control is enabled, the M-Contactor must be closed for at least 200msec.
- CAUTION:** Use of power correction capacitors on the output of the drive can result in erratic operation of the motor, nuisance tripping, and/or permanent damage to the drive. Remove power correction capacitors before proceeding. Failure to observe this precaution could result in damage to, or destruction of, the equipment.
- CAUTION:** Motor thermostat leads must be routed in a separate conduit than the motor power leads. Failure to isolate these connections may cause nuisance trips, misoperation or component failure.



## 1.3 Quick Start

Quick Start Guide MS766 is also available separately from [www.baldor.com](http://www.baldor.com).

If you are an experienced user of Baldor controls, you are probably already familiar with the keypad programming and keypad operation methods. If so, this quick start guide has been prepared for you. This procedure will help get your system up and running in the keypad mode quickly and allows motor and control operation to be verified. This procedure assumes that the Control, Motor and Dynamic Brake hardware are correctly installed (see Chapters 3, 4, and 5 for procedures) and that you have an understanding of the keypad programming and operation procedures. Figure 1-1 shows minimum connection requirements. It is not necessary to wire the terminal strip to operate in Keypad mode (Chapter 5 describes terminal strip wiring procedures).

### The quick start procedure is as follows:

1. Read the Safety Notice and Precautions in this Chapter.
2. Mount the control. Refer to Chapters 3, 4, and 5 “Physical Location” procedure.
3. Connect AC power ensuring source voltage matches drive voltage (Figure 1-1). See wire and fuse size guidelines in Chapter 4. Torque connections per Table A-2.
4. Connect the motor ensuring motor is wired for same voltage as drive (Figure 1-1). Torque connections per Table A-2. Do not couple the motor shaft to the load until auto tune is complete.
5. Install Dynamic brake hardware, if required. Refer to Chapter 4 “Optional Dynamic Brake Hardware.”
6. Connect motor thermostat leads to TH1 and TH2 after removing factory supplied jumper. Be sure to route these leads in a separate conduit from the motor power leads.

**CAUTION:** After completing the installation but before you apply power, be sure to check the following electrical items:

1. Verify AC line voltage at source matches control rating.
2. Inspect all power connections for accuracy, workmanship and torques as well as compliance to codes.
3. Verify control and motor are grounded to each other and the control is connected to earth ground.
4. Check all signal wiring for accuracy.
5. Be certain all brake coils, contactors and relay coils have noise suppression. This should be an R-C filter for AC coils and reverse polarity diodes for DC coils. MOV type transient suppression is not adequate.

**CAUTION:** Make sure that unexpected operation of the motor shaft during start up will not cause injury to personnel or damage to equipment.

### Procedure - Initial Conditions

Be sure the Control, Motor and Dynamic Brake hardware are wired according to the procedures described in Chapters 4 and 5 of this manual. Become familiar with the keypad programming and keypad operation of the control as described in Chapter 6 of this manual.

1. Remove all power from the control.
2. Verify that any enable inputs to J2-8 are open (remove factory jumper from J2-8 to J3-24).
3. Uncouple the motor from the load (including coupling or inertia wheels).
4. Turn power on. Be sure there are no faults displayed. If a fault is indicated, refer to Chapter 9 “Troubleshooting”.
5. Select “Advanced Prog”, “Level 2 Blocks”, “Drive Config” and set the parameter “Factory Settings” to “Yes”. This will change all parameters to Factory Default.
6. Set the Level 2 Drive Limits block, “OPERATING ZONE” parameter as desired.  
(STD CONST TQ, STD VAR TQ, QUIET CONST TQ or QUIET VAR TQ).
7. If external dynamic brake hardware is used, set the Level 2 Brake Adjust block “Resistor Ohms” and “Resistor Watts” parameters (see parameter description in Chapter 7 for more information).
8. Enable the control (J2-8 connect to J3-24).

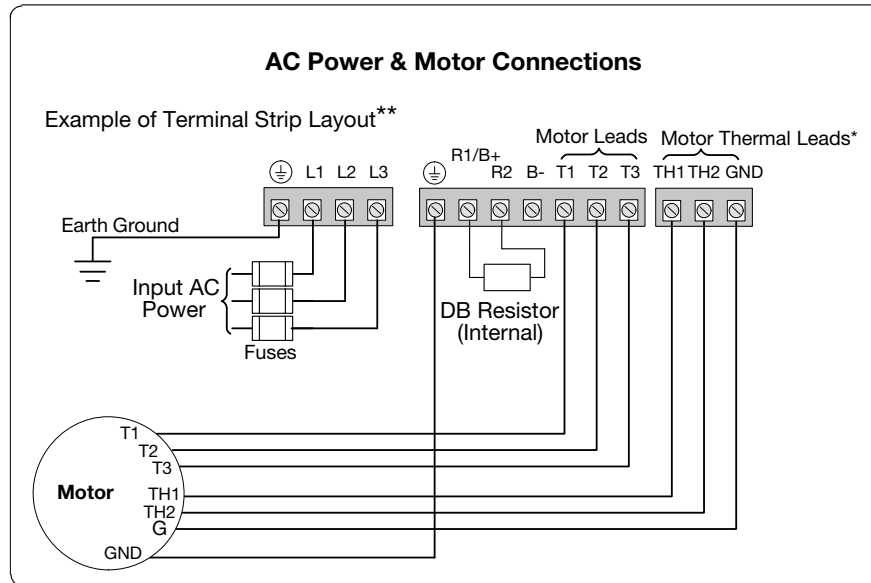
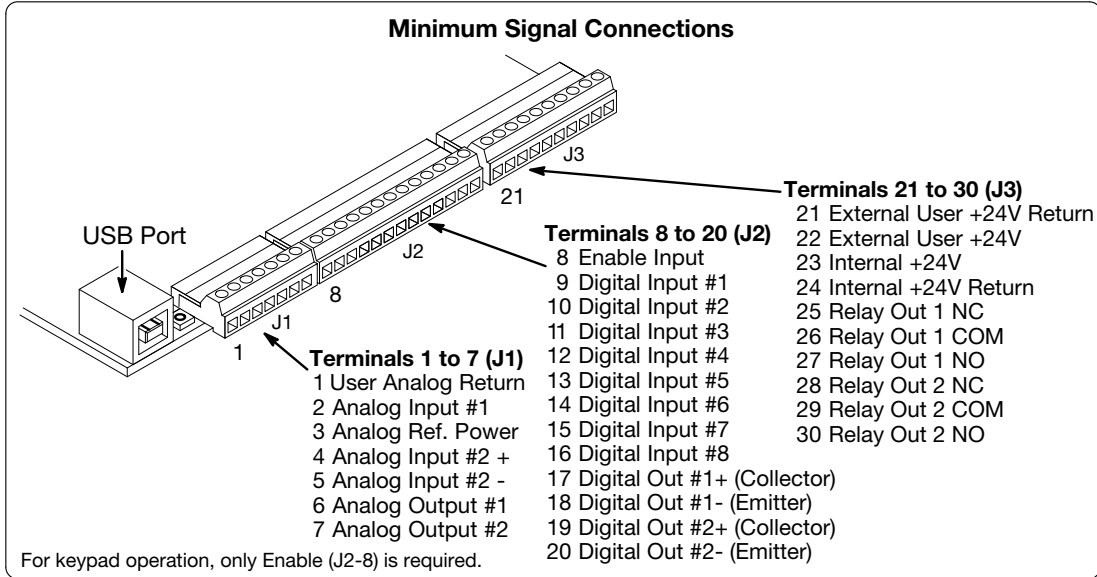
**CAUTION:** The motor shaft will rotate during this procedure. Be certain that unexpected motor shaft movement will not cause injury to personnel or damage to equipment.

9. Select Basic Params from the main keypad menu. Perform each step including motor data and “Calc Motor Model”.
10. For applications with resolver feedback, select “Advanced Prog”, “Level 2 Blocks”, “Auto Tune” and execute “Feedback Test”. This will cause motor rotation to verify proper resolver feedback connections. For more advanced tuning of the uncoupled motor to the drive, see the Autotune parameters in Level 2 programming.
11. Remove all power from the control.
12. Couple the motor to its load.
13. Verify freedom of motion of motor shaft.
14. Verify the motor coupling is tight without backlash.
15. Verify the holding brakes, if any, are properly adjusted to fully release and set to the desired torque value.
16. Turn power on. Be sure no errors or faults are displayed.
17. Run the drive from the keypad using one of the following: the arrow keys for direct speed control, a keypad entered speed or the JOG mode.
18. Select and program additional parameters to suit your application.

The control is now ready for use in the keypad mode. If a different operating mode is desired, refer to Chapter 5 Operating Modes and Chapter 6 and 7 for Programming and Operation.

For more advanced tuning of the drive speed loop once coupled to the load, see “Speed Loop Tune” in “Autotune Block” in Chapter 7.

**Figure 1-1 Minimum Connection Diagram**



**Note:** The control enable input must be active to allow operation. Therefore, J2-8 Enable is connected by a factory installed jumper to J3-24. This uses the internal supply and provides an active low at J2-8.

★ Remove TH1 and TH2 jumper if Motor Thermal Leads are connected.

**Note:** Motor thermal leads must be run in a separate conduit from motor power leads.

**Note:** An open circuit on these terminals will generate a motor overtemperature fault. Refer to the fault / troubleshooting information provided in Chapter 9.

★★ See Figure 4-3 for terminal arrangement for the various frame sizes.

# Chapter 2

## General Information

The VS1SD provides control of 3-phase AC induction servomotor in an industrial package and design. These controls offer Baldor's easy to use Smart Keypad for easy setup and flexibility. The H2 keypad follows the same easy to use menu structure as that of its companions, the H2 Inverter and H2 Vector drives.

The control's rated output power is designed for use with Baldor's PM motors.

The control's rated output power is based on the use of a NEMA design B four pole motor and 60Hz operation at nominal rated input voltage. If any other type of motor is used, the control should be sized to the motor using the rated current of the motor. The control may be used in various applications. It may be programmed by the user to operate in four different operating zones: standard or quiet and constant torque or variable torque. It can also be configured to operate in a number of modes depending upon the application requirements and user preference. It is the responsibility of the user to determine the optimum operating zone and mode to interface the control to the application. These choices are made with the keypad as explained in Chapter 6 of this manual.

### 2.1 Limited Warranty

For a period of two (2) years from the date of original purchase, BALDOR will repair or replace without charge controls and accessories which our examination proves to be defective in material or workmanship. This warranty is valid if the unit has not been tampered with by unauthorized persons, misused, abused, or improperly installed and has been used in accordance with the instructions and/or ratings supplied. This warranty is in lieu of any other warranty or guarantee expressed or implied. BALDOR shall not be held responsible for any expense (including installation and removal), inconvenience, or consequential damage, including injury to any person or property caused by items of our manufacture or sale. (Some states do not allow exclusion or limitation of incidental or consequential damages, so the above exclusion may not apply.) In any event, BALDOR's total liability, under all circumstances, shall not exceed the full purchase price of the control. Claims for purchase price refunds, repairs, or replacements must be referred to BALDOR with all pertinent data as to the defect, the date purchased, the task performed by the control, and the problem encountered. No liability is assumed for expendable items such as fuses.

Goods may be returned only with written notification including a BALDOR Return Authorization Number and any return shipments must be prepaid.

### 2.2 Standards

The VS1SD drives have been designed and tested to comply with the following standards.

#### 2.2.1 Design and Test Standards

- UL508C: Power Conversion Equipment.
- UL840: Insulation coordination including clearance and creepage distances for electrical equipment.
- CSA C22.2 No. 14: Industrial Control Equipment.
- EN61800-5-1: Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems. Safety requirements. Electrical, thermal and energy.
- EN50178: Electronic equipment for use in power installations.
- EN60529: Degrees of protection provided by enclosures.
- EN61800-3: When installed as directed in this manual, VS1SD drives conform to the category C3 emission limits and the 'second environment' immunity requirements defined by this standard.

#### 2.2.2 Environmental Test Standards

- EN60068-1: Environmental testing, general and guidance.
- EN60068-2-2: Environmental testing, Test B. Dry heat.
- EN60068-2-78: Environmental testing, Test cab. Damp heat, steady state.
- EN60068-2-6: Vibration testing.

#### 2.2.3 Marks



See also Appendix C for general recommendations for CE compliance.



# Chapter 3

## Installing the Drive

This chapter provides information that must be considered when planning a VS1SD drive installation and provides drive mounting information and installation site requirements.

### 3.1 Receiving & Inspection

When you receive your control, there are several things you should do immediately.

1. Observe the condition of the shipping container and report any damage immediately to the commercial carrier that delivered your control.
2. Remove the control from the shipping container and remove all packing materials from the control. The container and packing materials may be retained for future shipment.
3. Verify that the catalog number of the control you received is the same as the catalog number listed on your purchase order.
4. Inspect the control for external physical damage that may have been sustained during shipment and report any damage immediately to the commercial carrier that delivered your control.
5. If the control is to be stored for several weeks before use, make sure that it is stored in a location that conforms to published storage humidity and temperature specifications stated in this manual.

### 3.2 General Requirements for the Installation Site

It is important to ensure that the drive's environment and operating conditions are satisfactory. The area behind the drive must be kept clear of all control and power wiring. Power connections may create electromagnetic fields that may interfere with control wiring or components when run in close proximity to the drive. Read the recommendations in the following sections before continuing with the drive installation.

#### 3.2.1 Location Instructions

Before deciding on an installation site, consider the following guidelines:

- Protect the cooling fan by avoiding dust or metallic particles.
- Do not expose the drive to a corrosive atmosphere.
- Protect the drive from moisture and direct sunlight.
- Verify that the drive location will meet the environmental conditions specified in Table 3-1.

**Table 3-1 Ambient Temperatures and Mounting Clearances**

Ambient Temperature		Enclosure Rating	Minimum Mounting Clearances Top, Bottom, Left & Right Sides
Minimum	Maximum		
-10°C (14°F)	50°C (122°F)	IP20 / Open Type	2 in (50mm)
	40°C (104°F)	IP20 / NEMA 1	
	50°C (122°F)	Side-by-Side	

#### 3.2.2 Minimum Mounting Clearances

Be sure to provide proper top, bottom and side clearance (2" minimum on each side).

### 3.3 Mounting the Drive

Mount the drive upright on a flat, vertical surface. Avoid mounting the drive in locations that would subject the drive to vibration in excess of the 0.5G RMS rating (e.g. adjacent to a large punch press).

#### 3.3.1 Protecting the Drive from Debris

Drives supplied in NEMA 1 enclosures must be protected from debris falling through the drive vents during installation and operation. The drive is designed to operate in NEMA 1 Type installations. The atmosphere must not contain airborne particles that can collect on the internal circuitry of the drive, especially conductive particles. Drives supplied in NEMA 4X enclosures are designed for harsh environments including dust and water. NEMA 1 and NEMA 4X drives are for indoor use only.

#### 3.3.2 Watts Loss Data

**Table 3-2 Watts Loss Data**

Frame Size	240VAC		480VAC	
	2.5kHz PWM	8.0kHz PWM	2.5kHz PWM	8.0kHz PWM
AA, B, C and D	50Watts + (14 W/Amp)	50Watts + (17 W/Amp)	50Watts + (17 W/Amp)	50Watts + (26 W/Amp)

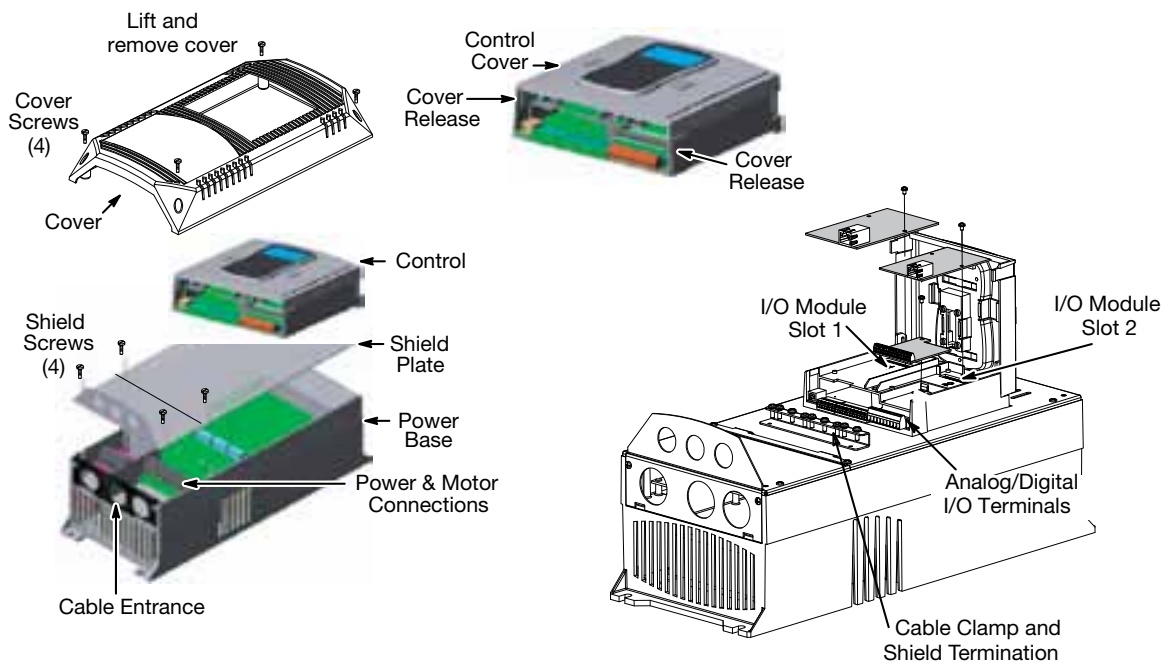
Example: At 2.5kHz, a 3HP, 240VAC control draws 10Amps. Watts loss = 50W + (10x14) = 190Watts

### 3.4 Cover Removal

To connect power and signal wires, the cover must be removed (AA, B, C and D frame drives). This procedure describes how to access all terminal connections inside the control.

1. Remove the four cover screws shown in Figure 3-1.
2. Lift and remove the cover.
3. Press in the two Cover Releases (Control) and rotate the control cover open as shown.

**Figure 3-1 Cover Removal**



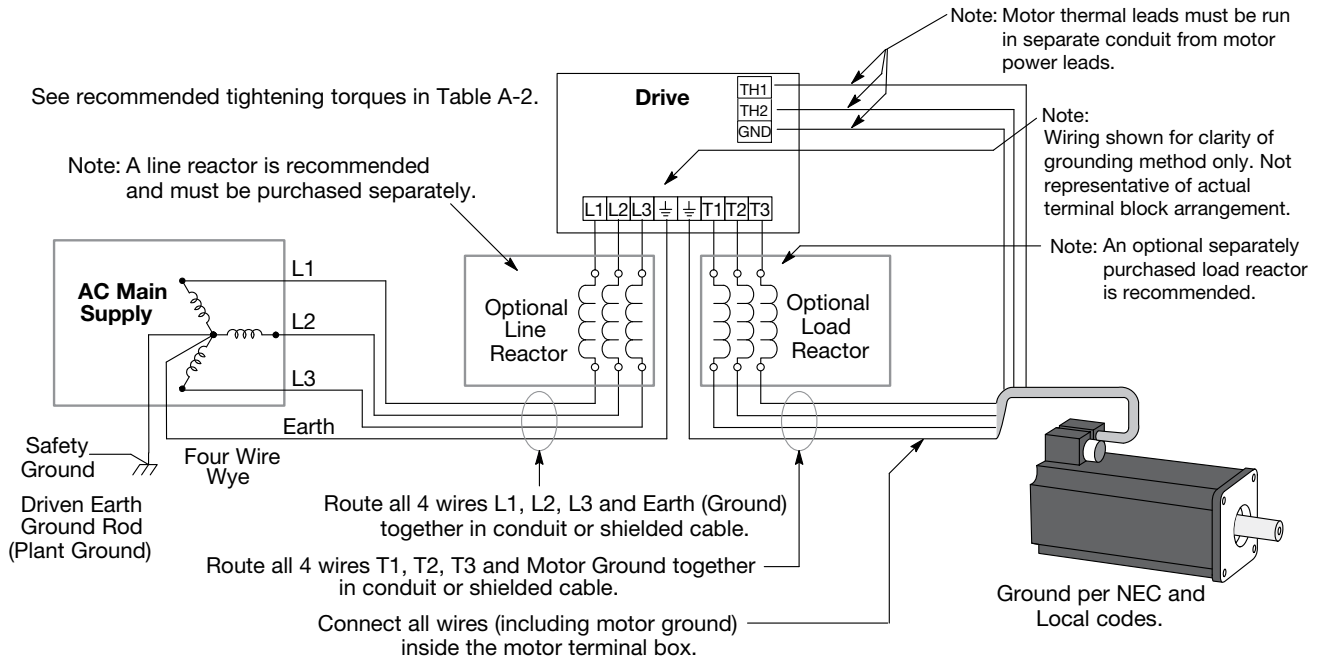
# Chapter 4

## Power Wiring

### 4.1 Grounding the Drive

Baldor does not recommend using “Grounded Leg Delta” transformer power leads that may create ground loops. Instead we recommend using a four wire Wye. Baldor drives are designed to be powered from standard three phase lines that are electrically symmetrical with respect to ground. System grounding is an important step in the overall installation to prevent problems. The recommended grounding method is shown in Figure 4-1.

**Figure 4-1 Recommended System Grounding**



#### 4.1.1 Ungrounded Distribution System

With an ungrounded power distribution system it is possible to have a continuous current path to ground through the MOV devices internal to the VS1SD. To avoid equipment damage, an isolation transformer with a WYE grounded secondary is recommended. This provides three phase AC power that is symmetrical with respect to ground.

#### 4.1.2 Input Power Conditioning

Baldor drives are designed for direct connection to standard three phase lines that are electrically symmetrical with respect to ground. An AC line reactor or an isolation transformer may be required for some power conditions.

- If the feeder or branch circuit that provides power to the drive has permanently connected power factor correction capacitors, an input AC line reactor or an isolation transformer must be connected between the power factor correction capacitors and the drive.
- If the feeder or branch circuit that provides power to the drive has power factor correction capacitors that are switched on line and off line, the capacitors must not be switched while the drive is connected to the AC power line. If the capacitors must be switched while the drive is connected to the AC power line, additional protection is required. TVSS (Transient Voltage Surge Suppressor) of the proper rating must be installed on the drive input between the drive and any type of input impedance such as an input reactor or drive isolation transformer.

## 4.2 Line Impedance

Baldor VS1SD drives require 1% line impedance minimum (3% for AA frame size drives). If the impedance of the incoming power does not meet this requirement, a 3 phase line reactor can be used to provide the needed impedance in most cases. The input impedance of the power lines can be determined as follows:  
Measure the line to line voltage at no load and at full rated load.  
Use these measured values to calculate impedance as follows:

$$\% \text{ Impedance} = \frac{\text{Volts}_{\text{No Load}} - \text{Volts}_{\text{Full Load}}}{\text{Volts}_{\text{No Load}}} \times 100$$

### 4.2.1 Line Reactors

Three phase line reactors are available from Baldor. The line reactor to order is based on the full load current of the motor (FLA). If providing your own line reactor, use the following formula to calculate the minimum inductance required.

$$L = \frac{(V_{L-L} \times 0.01)}{(I \times \sqrt{3} \times 377)}$$

Where: L Minimum inductance in Henries.

$V_{L-L}$  Input volts measured line to line.

0.01 Desired percentage of input impedance 1%. (Note: Change this value to 0.03 for AA Frame Size drives.)

I Input current rating of drive.

377 Constant used with 60 Hz power.  
Use 314 if input power is 50 Hz.

### 4.2.2 Load Reactors

Line reactors may be used at the drive output to the motor. When used this way, they are called Load Reactors. Load reactors serve several functions that include:

- Protect the drive from a short circuit at the motor.
- Limit the rate of rise of motor surge currents.
- Slowing the rate of change of power the drive delivers to the motor.

**Note:** The wire leads that connect the motor to the control are critical in terms of sizing, shielding and the cable characteristics. Short cable runs are usually trouble free but fault-monitoring circuitry can produce numerous faults when long cables (over 200 feet) are used.

- 200+ft (60m): Baldor recommends adding an optional load reactor to the output of the control.
- 300+ft (90m): Baldor recommends adding an optional load reactor and common mode choke to the control.

The load reactor and/or common mode choke should be placed in close physical proximity to the control. Unexpected faults may occur due to excessive charging current required for motor cable capacitance. If you use long motor leads and experience unexpected trips due to overcurrent conditions and are not sure how to correctly size and connect the optional load reactors, contact your local Baldor District Office.

Load reactors should be installed as close to the drive as possible. Selection should be based on the motor nameplate FLA value.

## 4.3 Line Disconnect

A power disconnect should be installed between the input power service and the drive for a fail safe method to disconnect power. This drive will remain in a powered-up condition until all input power is removed from the drive and the internal bus voltage is depleted.

## 4.4 Protective Devices

**Note:** Integral solid state short circuit protection does not provide branch circuit protection. Branch circuit protection must be provided in accordance with the National Electrical Code and any additional local codes.

Recommended fuse sizes are based on the following:

115% of maximum continuous drive input current for time delay.

150% of maximum continuous drive input current for Fast or Very Fast action.

**Note:** These recommendations do not consider harmonic currents or ambient temperatures greater than 45°C. Be sure a suitable input power protection device is installed. Use the recommended fuses and wire sizes shown in Tables 4-1 through 4-6. Wire size is based on the use of copper conductor wire rated at 75°C. The table is specified for NEMA B motors.



Fast Action Fuses:	240VAC, Buss® KTN 480VAC, Buss® KTS to 600A (KTU for 601 to 1200A) 600VAC, Buss® KTS to 600A (KTU for 601 to 1200A)
Very Fast Action:	240VAC, Buss® JJN 480VAC, Buss® JJS 600VAC, Buss® JJS
Time Delay:	240VAC, BUSS FRN 480VAC, BUSS FRS (KLU for 601 to 1200A) 600VAC, BUSS FRS (KLU for 601 to 1200A)
Semiconductor Fuses:	240VAC, Ferraz Shawmut A50QS 480VAC, Ferraz Shawmut A70QS (22.8mm) M20, PG16 600VAC, Ferraz Shawmut A70QS

Buss® is a trademark of Cooper Industries, Inc.

## 4.5 Reduced Input Voltage Considerations

Power ratings are for nominal AC input voltages (240 or 480VAC). The power rating of the drive must be reduced when operating at a reduced input voltage. The amount of reduction is the ratio of the voltage change.

### Examples:

A 5HP, 240VAC drive operating at 208VAC has an effective power rating of 4.33HP.

$$5\text{Hp} \times \frac{208\text{VAC}}{240\text{VAC}} = 4.33\text{Hp}$$

Likewise, a 3HP, 480VAC drive operating at 380VAC has an effective power rating of 2.37HP.

$$3\text{Hp} \times \frac{380\text{VAC}}{480\text{VAC}} = 2.37\text{Hp}$$

## 4.6 Electrical Installation

All interconnection wires between the drive, AC power source, motor, host control and any other operator interface stations should be in metal conduits or shielded cable must be used. If the connection being made is on a connection stud or grounding screw, then use listed closed loop crimp terminals that are of appropriate size for wire gauge being used. Terminals are to be installed using crimp tool specified by the manufacturer of the terminal. Only Class 1 wiring should be used.

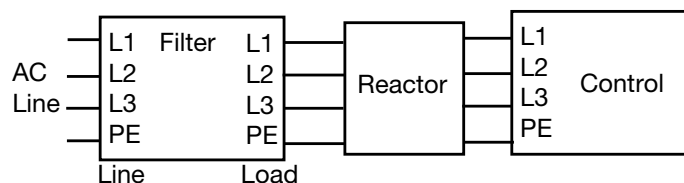
**Table 4-1 Cable Entrance Hole Sizes**

Control Size	Hole Sizes Provided	
	American NPT Size	Metric Size
AA	1/2	(22.8mm) M20, PG16
B	1/2	(22.8mm) M20, PG16
C, D	1/2	(22.8mm) M20, PG16
	3/4	(28.6mm) M25, PG21

## 4.7 Optional Filter/Reactor

Figure 4-2 shows the connections for installing an optional Line Filter and AC Line Reactor.

**Figure 4-2 Filter and Reactor Connections**



**Table 4-2 240VAC Three Phase Wire Size and Protective Devices**

Control Rating Input Amps	Input Fuse (Amps)				Wire Gauge	
	Fast Acting (UL)	Fast Acting (CUL)	Time Delay	Semiconductor (CUL)	AWG	mm <sup>2</sup>
4.2	6	6	9		14	2.5
7	12	12	12		14	2.5
10	15	15	20		14	2.5
16	25	25	30		12	4.0
22	35	35	30		10	6.0
28	45	45	60		10	6.0
42	65	65	70		8	10.0
53	80	*80	90	A50QS80-4	6	16.0
66	110	*110		A50QS125-4	4	25.0
78	125	*125		A50QS150-4	3	35.0
104	175	*175		A50QS150-4	1	50.0
130	200	*200	175		1	50.0

\* Requires custom drive for CUL application using fast fuses.

**Note:** Wire sizes based on 75°C copper wire. Fuses based on 40°C ambient, max continuous output and no harmonic current.

**Table 4-3 480VAC Three Phase Wire Size and Protective Devices**

Control Rating Input Amps	Input Fuse (Amps)				Wire Gauge	
	Fast Acting (UL)	Fast Acting (CUL)	Time Delay	Semiconductor (CUL)	AWG	mm <sup>2</sup>
2.1	3	3	4.5		14	2.5
3.4	6	6	6.3		14	2.5
4.8	8	8	10		14	2.5
7.6	12	12	15		14	2.5
11	17.5	17.5	17.5		14	2.5
14	25	25	17.5		12	4.0
21	40	40	35		8	10.0
27	50	50	45		8	10.0
34	60	*60	50		8	10.0
40	60	*60		A70QS60-4	8	10.0
52	80	*80		A70QS80-4	6	16.0
65	100	*100		A70QS100-4	4	25.0
77	125	*125	100		4	25.0
96	150	*150	125		3	35.0
124	200	*200	175		1	50.0

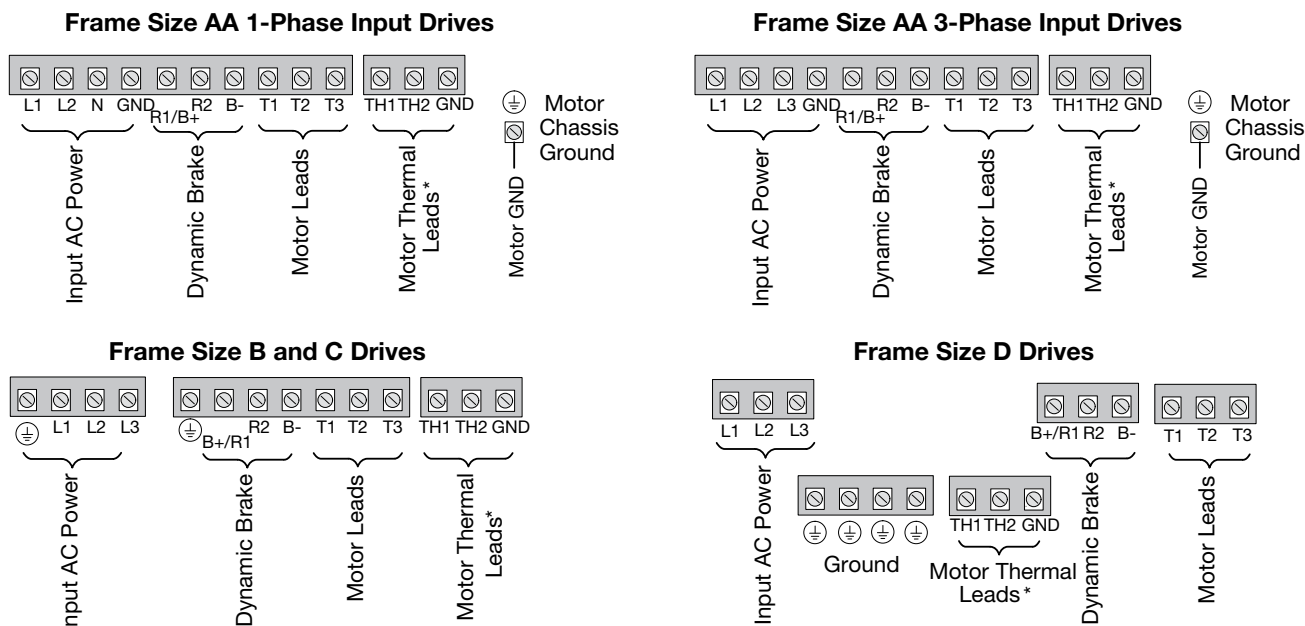
\* Requires custom drive for CUL application using fast fuses.

**Note:** Wire sizes based on 75°C copper wire. Fuses based on 40°C ambient, max continuous output and no harmonic current.

## 4.8 Incoming Power and Motor Connections

Figure 4-3 shows the layout of the terminals on the power connectors for each size drive. All cables must be in conduits or shielded and the conduits or shields must be grounded at the cable entrance. The brake resistor and cable must be in a conduit or shielded if installed outside the enclosure.

**Figure 4-3 Power Connections**



See Recommended Tightening Torques in Table A-2.

\*Remove TH1 to TH2 jumper if Motor Thermal Leads are connected.

Note: An open circuit between TH1 and TH2 will cause an overtemperature fault.

Refer to fault/troubleshooting information in Chapter 9.

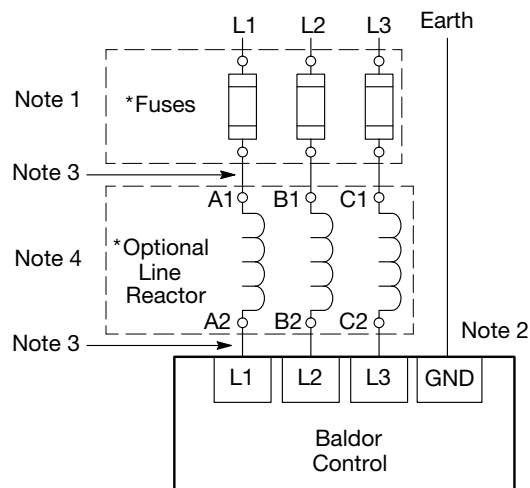
1. Access the Power and Motor Terminals (see Cover Removal procedure).
2. Feed the power supply and motor cables into the drive through the cable entrance.
3. Connect the line L1, L2, L3 and GND to the power terminal connectors, Figure 4-4.
4. Connect motor leads to T1, T2, T3 and GND motor terminal connectors.

**Figure 4-4 3 Phase Input Power Connections**

\*Optional components not provided with control.

### Notes:

1. See "Protective Devices" described previously in this section.
2. Use same gauge wire for Earth ground as is used for L1, L2 and L3 for AA, B, C frame drives. For D frame drives, size the grounding conductor per the local electrical codes.
3. Metal conduit should be used. Connect conduits so the use of a Reactor or RC Device does not interrupt EMI/RFI shielding.
4. See Line/Load Reactors described previously in this section.



## 4.9 Operating a 3-Phase Control on Single Phase Input Power

Single phase AC input power can be used to power the control instead of three phase for control sizes AA, B, C and D. The specifications and control sizes are listed in Appendix A of this manual. If single phase power is to be used, the rated control output current may have to be reduced (derated). In addition, power wiring and jumper changes are required. Both connection types are shown in Figures 4-5 and 4-6.

Single phase rating wire size and protection devices are listed in Table 4-6.

### 4.9.1 Single Phase Power Derating:

Single phase power derating requires that the continuous and peak current ratings of the control be reduced by the following:

**1. 3.2 to 6.8 Continuous Amp, 240 and 480VAC controls:**

No amperage derating necessary.

**2. 7.6 to 80 Continuous Amp, 240 and 480VAC controls:**

Derate output by 50% of the nameplate rating.

**Table 4-4 Single Phase Wire Size and Protection Devices - 240VAC Controls**

Control Rating Input Amps	Input Fuse (Amps)			Wire Gauge	
	Fast Acting (UL)	Fast Acting (CUL)	Semiconductor (CUL)	AWG	mm <sup>2</sup>
8	12	12		14	2.5
10	15	20		14	2.5
15	25	25		12	4.0
28	45	45		10	6.0
40					
50					
68					
88	150	*150	A50QS125-4	3	35.0
110	175	*175	A50QS175-4	2	35.0

\* Requires custom drive for CUL application using fast fuses.

**Note:** Wire sizes based on 75°C copper wire. Fuses based on 40°C ambient, max continuous output and no harmonic current.

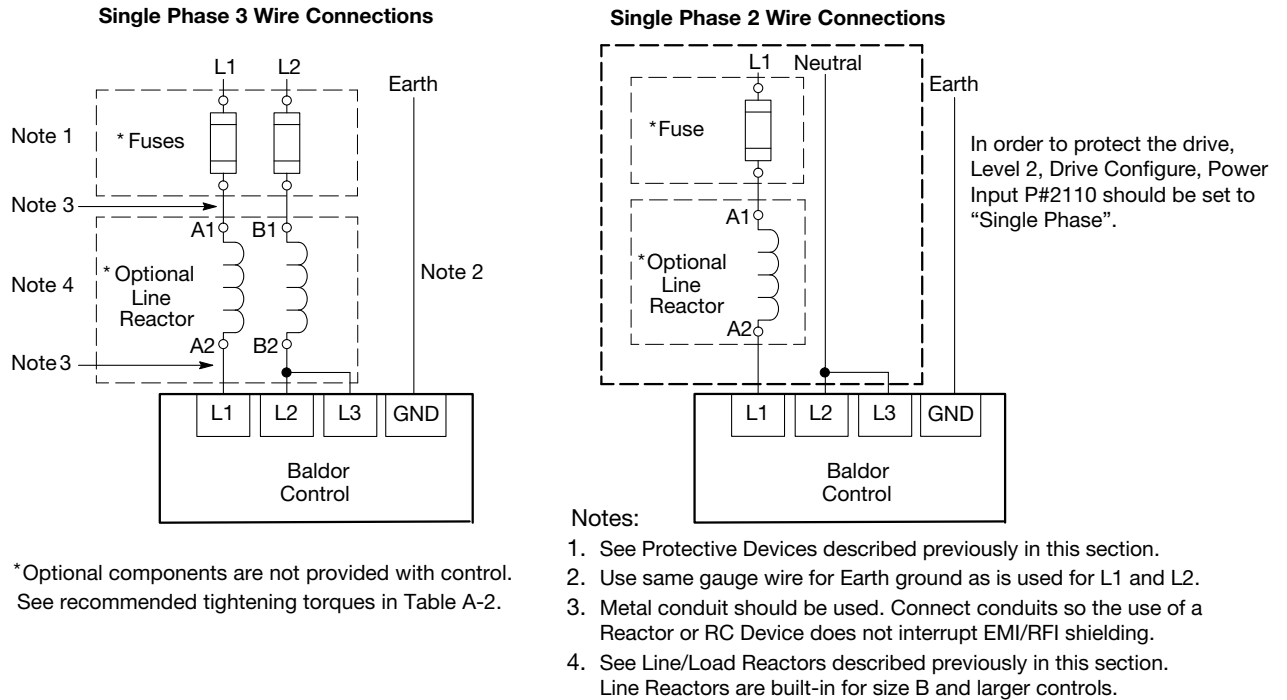
**Table 4-5 Single Phase Wire Size and Protection Devices - 480VAC Controls**

Control Rating Input Amps	Input Fuse (Amps)			Wire Gauge	
	Fast Acting (UL)	Fast Acting (CUL)	Semiconductor (CUL)	AWG	mm <sup>2</sup>
4	6	6		14	2.5
6	10	10		14	2.5
8.5	15	15		14	2.5
14	20	20		12	4.0
20	30	30		10	6.0
25	40	40		8	10.0
34	50	50		8	10.0

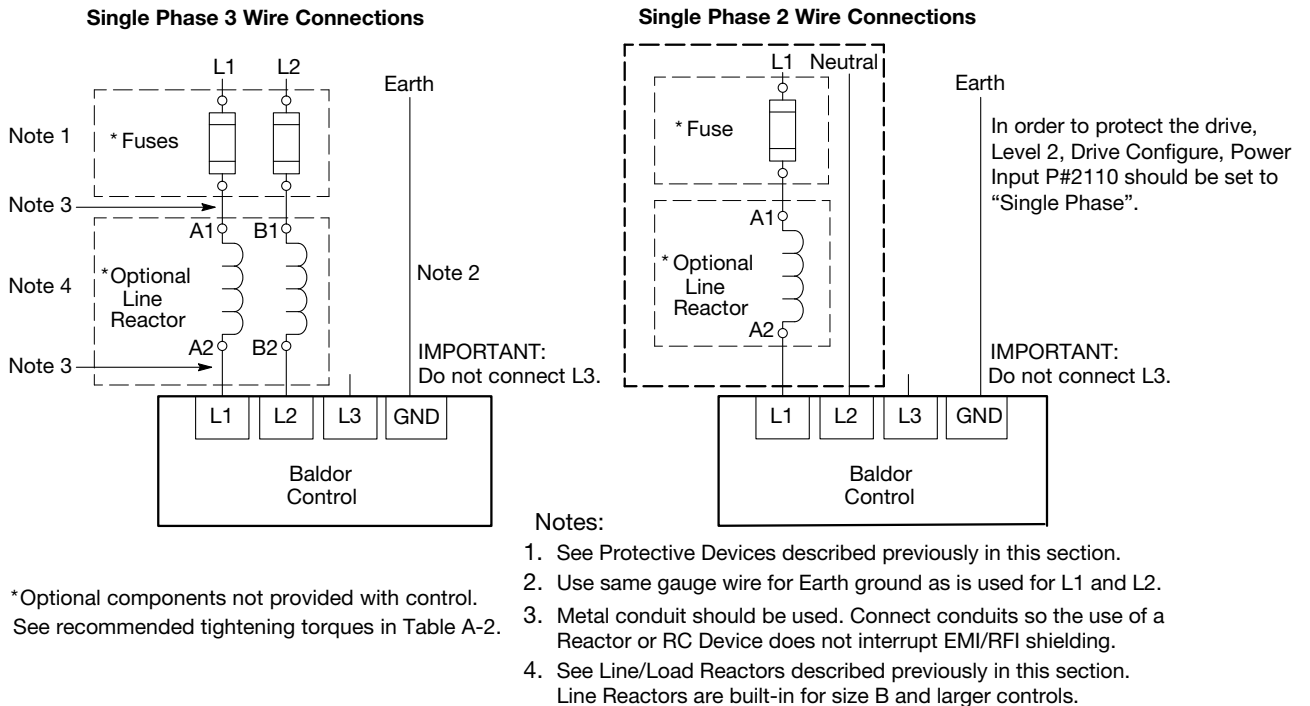
\* Requires custom drive for CUL application using fast fuses.

**Note:** Wire sizes based on 75°C copper wire. Fuses based on 40°C ambient, max continuous output and no harmonic current.

**Figure 4-5 Size AA Single Phase Power Connections to a 3 Phase Control**



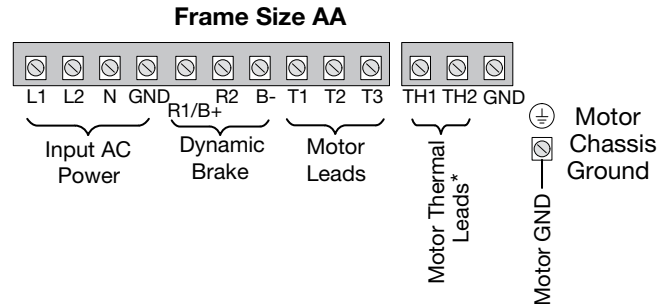
**Figure 4-6 Size B and C Single Phase Power Connections to a 3 Phase Control**



#### 4.9.2 Single Phase Power and Motor Connections VS1SD6XX-XX

Figure 4-7 shows the minimum connections required at the power connector. All cables must be in conduits or shielded and the conduits or shields must be grounded at the cable entrance. The brake resistor and cable must be in a conduit or shielded if installed outside the enclosure.

**Figure 4-7 Single Phase Control Power Terminals**



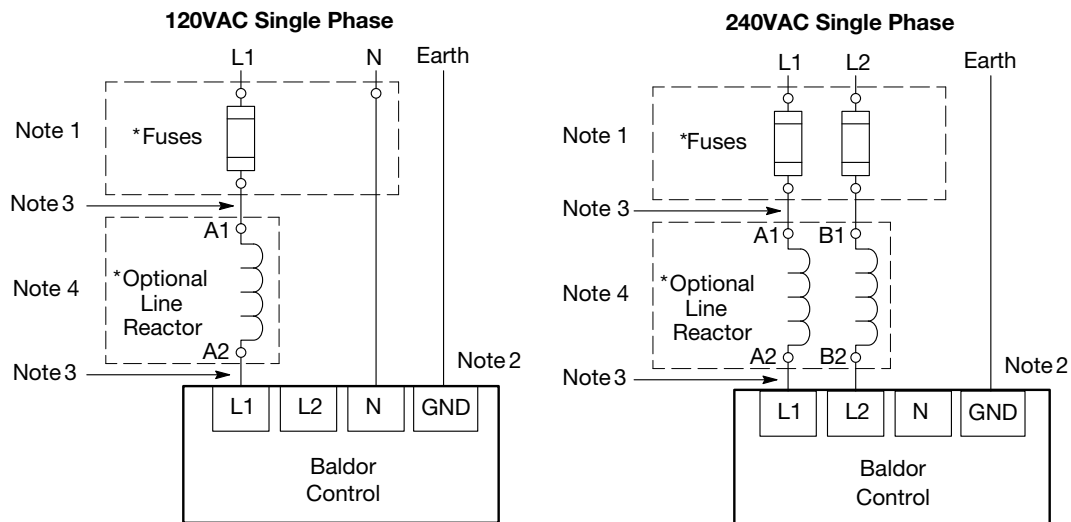
See recommended tightening torques in Table A-2.

\*Remove TH1 to TH2 jumper if Motor Thermal Leads are connected.

**Note:** An open circuit between TH1 and TH2 will be used by the drive to generate a motor overtemperature fault. Refer to the fault/troubleshooting information provided in Chapter 9.

1. Access the Power and Motor Terminals (see Cover Removal procedure).
2. Feed the power supply and motor cables into the drive through the cable entrance.
3. Connect the line L1, L2, N and GND to the power terminal connections, Figure 4-7.
4. Connect motor leads to T1, T2, T3 and GND motor terminal connectors.

**Figure 4-8 Single Phase Control Power Connections**



Notes:

\*Optional components not provided with control.  
See recommended tightening torques in Table A-2.

1. See Protective Devices described previously in this section.
2. Use same gauge wire for Earth ground as is used for L1, L2 and N.
3. Metal conduit should be used. Connect conduits so the use of a Reactor or RC Device does not interrupt EMI/RFI shielding.
4. See Line/Load Reactors described previously in this section. Line Reactors are built-in for size B and larger controls.

**Table 4-6 Single Phase Rating Wire Size and Protection Devices - 120VAC/240VAC Control**

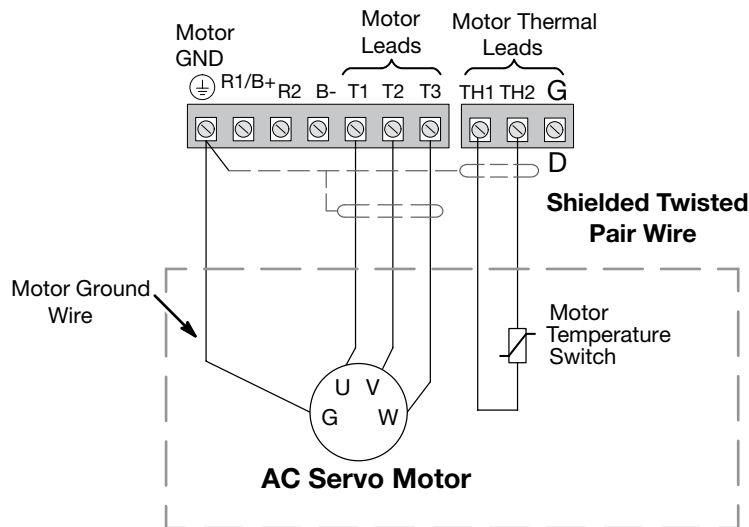
120VAC Single Phase Input				240VAC Single Phase Input			
Input Amps	Input Fuse (Amps) Fast Acting	AWG	mm <sup>2</sup>	Input Amps	Input Fuse (Amps) Fast Acting	AWG	mm <sup>2</sup>
12	20	12	4.0	6.3	12	14	2.5
20	30	10	6.0	10.2	20	14	2.5
30	35	10	6.0	14.4	25	12	4.0

**Note:** All wire sizes are based on 75°C copper wire. Recommended fuses are based on 40°C ambient, maximum continuous control output and no harmonic current.

## 4.10 3-Phase Motor Connections

Figure 4-9 shows typical connections to a control. Note all wiring should be 600 volts.

**Figure 4-9 Typical Connections to Motor Control**

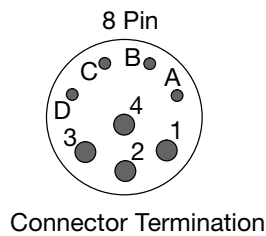


### 4.10.1 Motor Lead Termination

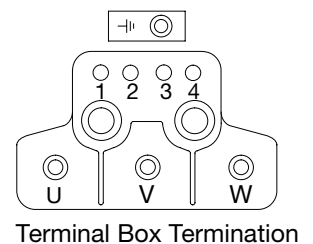
Motor leads are normally terminated using a Connector or Terminal Box (see Figure 4-10) or Flying Leads. When no termination is provided and the motor leads just exit the motor housing, this is called "Flying Leads". For flying leads, refer to the motor packing list to determine the lead configuration.

**Figure 4-10 Motor Termination**

Function	Pin
Thermal Switch	A
Thermal Switch	B
Brake	C
Brake	D
U	1
Ground	2
W	3
V	4



Function	Pin
Thermal Switch	1
Thermal Switch	2
Brake	3
Brake	4
U	U
V	V
W	W
Ground (P.E.)	Screw

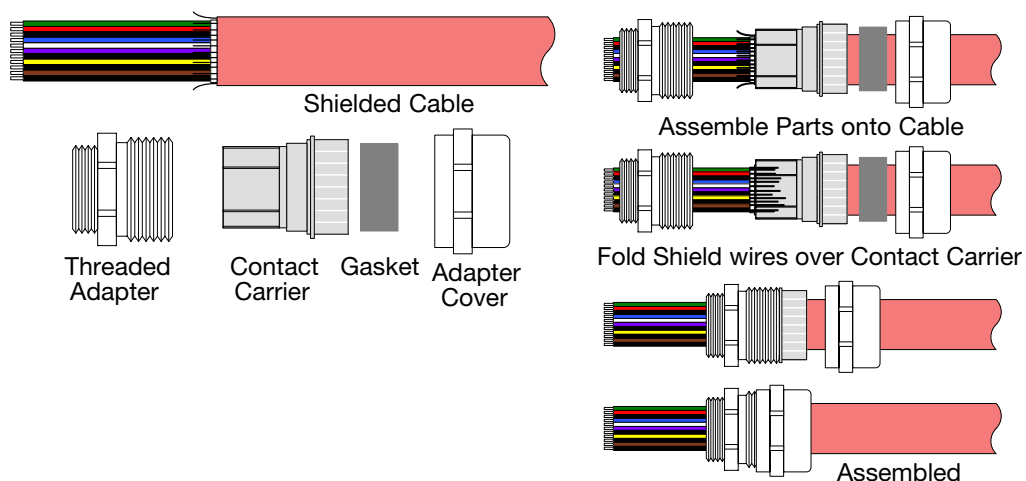


## 4.11 Strain Relief (Mounted at Terminal Box)

The motor cable is terminated at the Terminal Box using a Shielded Strain Relief Connector. Figure 4-11 shows the components.

1. Strip the outer shield from the cable to expose the conductors and shield.
2. Slip the Strain Relief components onto the cable in the order shown.
3. Fold the Shield wires over the end of the Contact Carrier.
4. Slide the Threaded Adapter onto the Contact Carrier until the Carrier is completely inserted into the Adapter.
5. Slide the Gasket into the Contact Carrier.
6. Slide the Adapter Cover onto the Threaded Adapter and Tighten. As it is tightened, it compresses the Gasket against the Cable to form the strain relief and securely hold the cable.
7. The assembly can be inserted into the Terminal Box and secured.

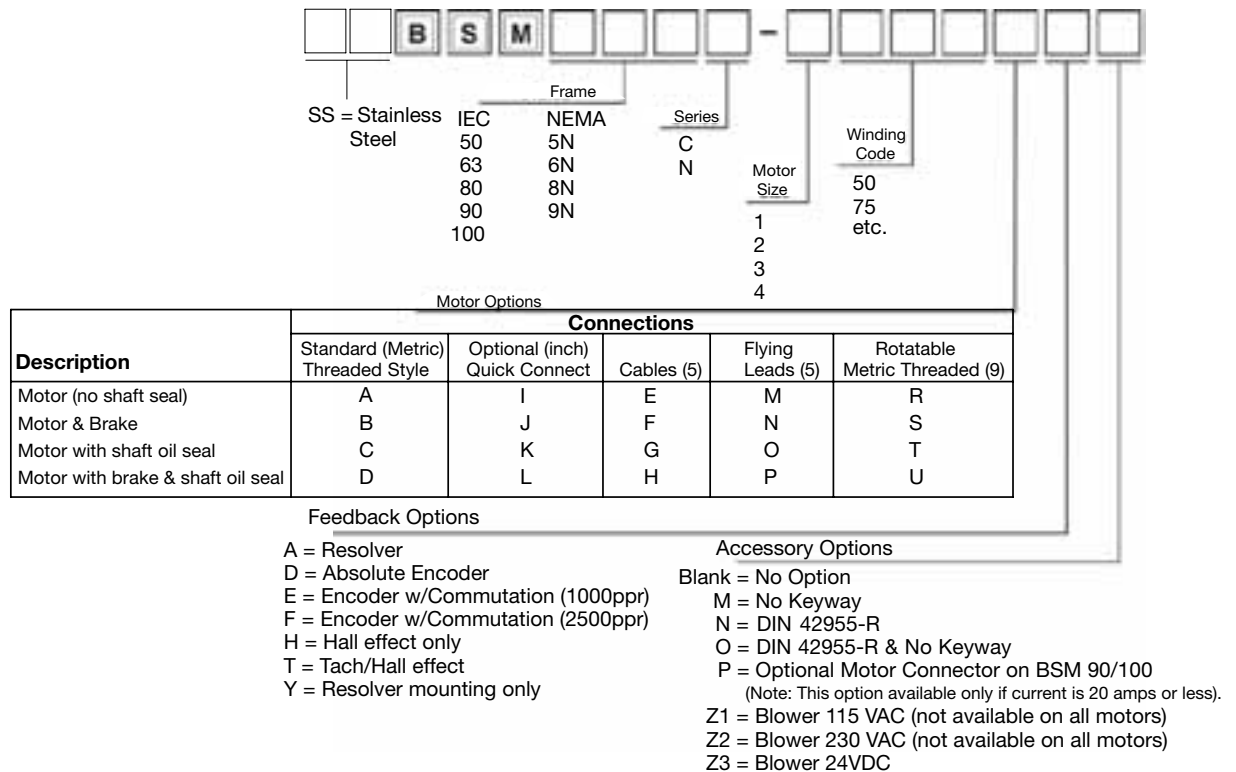
**Figure 4-11 Motor Cable Strain Relief Assembly**





## 4.12 Brushless Servo Motor Identification

Figure 4-12



- Notes: 1) Standard BSM50/63/80 Series includes feedback device, two threaded connectors (metric style) for feedback and motor terminations, IEC square mounting flange.
- 2) Standard BSM90/100 Series includes feedback device, one threaded connector (metric style) for feedback, termination of motor lead wires on terminal block, IEC square mounting flange.
- 3) Standard BSM motors do not have shaft seal. Motors will meet IP65 if shaft oil seal is added.
- 4) Standard BSM50 Series has as standard no-keyway.
- 5) Standard cables and flying leads are 1 meter long.
- 6) SSBSM motors available with IEC mounting and include a shaft oil seal as standard.
- 7) BSM motors are IP60. Motors that meet IP65 include shaft oil seal.
- 8) SSBSM motors are IP67.
- 9) Rotatable connectors are not available for BSM50 series.
- 10) Contact Baldor for special option availability.

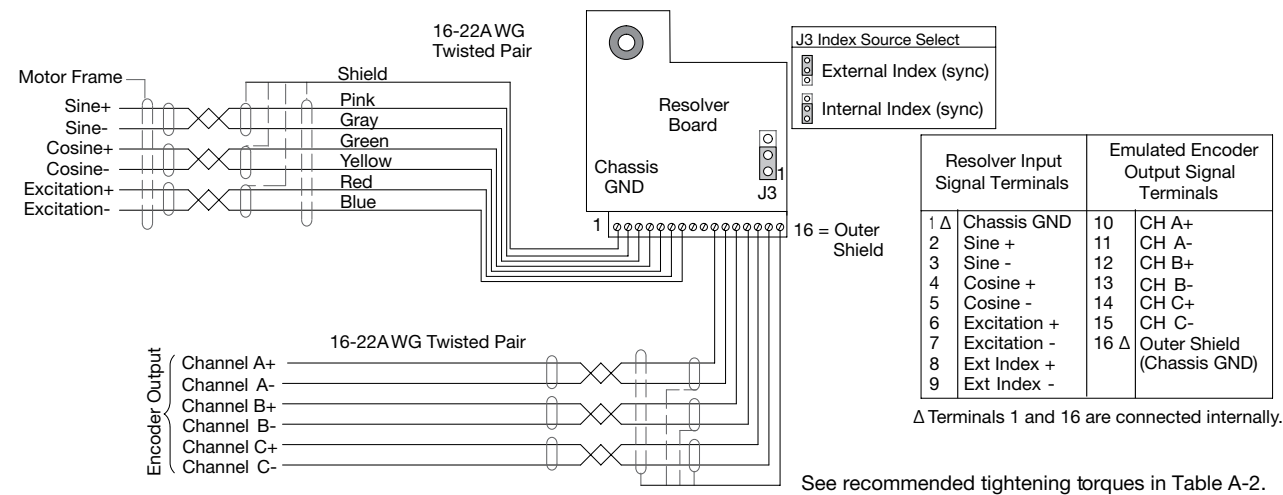
## 4.13 External Trip Input

Terminal J2-16 is available for connection to a normally closed contact. The contact should be a dry contact type with no power available from the contact. When the contact opens (activated), the control will automatically shut down and give an External Trip fault.

4.14 Resolver Installation

The Resolver Board is installed in the Feedback Module Slot 3. Connect resolver wiring to the resolver board as shown in Figure 4-13. Use 16AWG (1.31mm²) maximum.

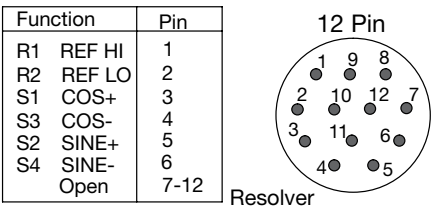
Figure 4-13 Resolver Connections



4.14.1 Feedback Termination

Connections for Feedback cables are different for each type of feedback device. Standard devices are: Resolver, Halls (Hall Effect). Custom feedback devices are also available. Request a wiring diagram of your feedback device from the manufacturer to determine the pin-out and/or wire color codes.

Figure 4-14 Typical Connections to Feedback Termination



## 4.15 Optional Dynamic Brake Hardware

Refer to Figure 4-16 for DB resistor connections. Dynamic Brake (DB) Hardware must be installed on a flat, non-flammable, vertical surface for effective cooling and operation.

**CAUTION:** Before external Dynamic Brake Hardware is added, the internal resistor must be disconnected (frames AA, B, C, and D). Remove the resistor from the B+/R1 and R2 terminals. The external resistor can be connected across these terminals. Failure to remove the internal resistor will decrease the total resistance (parallel connection) and cause damage.

Figure 4-15 DB Terminal Identification

### Frame AA, B and D Sizes

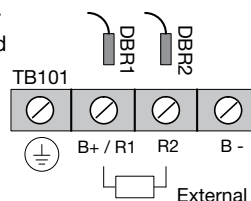


Wires from the Internal Dynamic Brake resistor for size AA, B and D controls must be removed before external resistor hardware is installed.

See recommended tightening torques in Table A-2.

Note: Although not shown, metal conduit should be used to shield all power wires and motor leads.

### Frame C Size Only - Disconnect Internal DB resistor wires from DBR1 and DBR2 terminals before connecting external DB Resistor to prevent damage.



## 4.16 Home (Orient) Switch Input

The Home or Orient function causes the motor shaft to rotate to a predefined home position. The homing function allows shaft rotation in the drive forward direction only. The home position is located when a machine mounted switch or "Index" pulse is activated (closed). Home is defined by a rising signal edge at Resolver expansion board terminal 8. The shaft will continue to rotate only in a "Drive Forward" direction for a user defined offset value. The offset is programmed in Level 2 Miscellaneous Homing Offset P2308. The speed at which the motor will "Home" or orient is set in Level 2 Miscellaneous Homing Speed P2307.

To use the internally generated index pulse for homing, no external connections are required. However, to use an external index input jumper J3 on the resolver expansion board must be moved to External Index (sync) and a switch must be connected to Index+ and Index-, shown in Figure 4-17.

### 4.16.1 External Index Jumper Position

Use the following procedure.

1. Remove all power from the control. Wait 5 minutes for bus capacitors to discharge. Open cover.
2. Place resolver expansion board jumper J3 in the desired position, see Figure 4-13.
3. Close cover. Turn power on. Be sure no errors are displayed.

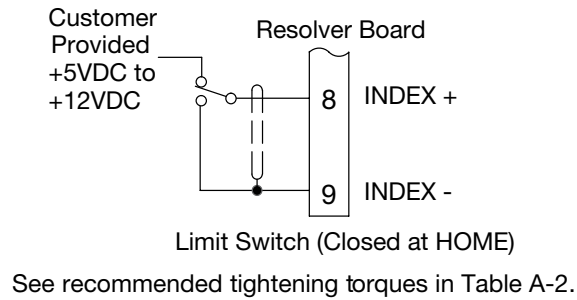
#### 4.16.2 Connections for External Index Signal

A machine mounted switch may be used to define the Home position or “index” channel. A differential line driver output from a solid state switch is preferred for best noise immunity. Connect this differential output to resolver expansion board terminals 8 and 9.

A single ended solid-state switch or limit switch should be wired as shown in Figure 4-17. Regardless of the type of switch used, clean rising and falling edges at pin 8 are required for accurate positioning.

**Note:** Control requires dynamic brake hardware for Orient (Homing) function to work. Control will trip without dynamic brake hardware installed. Size AA and B controls (“-E” suffix) are shipped with factory installed dynamic brake hardware.

**Figure 4-16 Typical Home or Orient Switch Connections**



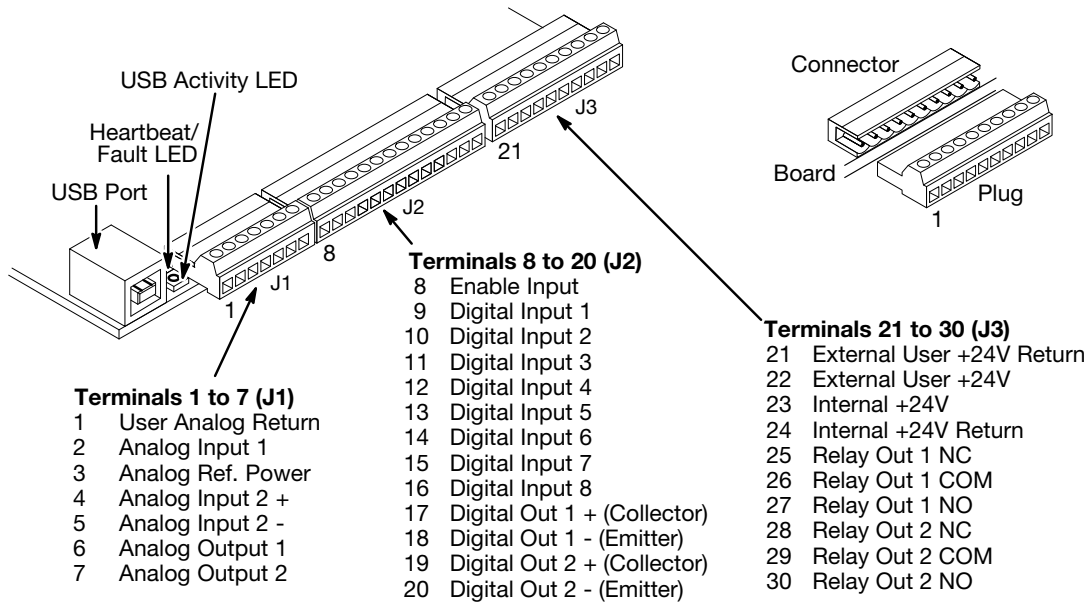
# Chapter 5

## Control Wiring

### 5.1 Control Board Connections

The analog and digital input and output terminals are shown in Figure 5-1. The signals are described in Tables 5-1, 5-2 and 5-3. Connections will depend upon which operating mode is selected (P1401). Each mode is described and a connection diagram is provided later in this section.

**Figure 5-1 Control I/O Connections**



See recommended tightening torques in Table A-2.

**Table 5-1 J1 Connector Definition**

Connector Terminal	Signal Description
J1-1	0VDC - Common reference for Analog Inputs and Outputs
J1-2	AIN1 - Analog Input 1
J1-3	AREF - Analog reference power (+10V for Analog Input 1)
J1-4	AIN2+ - Analog Input 2+
J1-5	AIN2- - Analog Input 2-
J1-6	AOUT1 - Analog Output 1
J1-7	AOUT2 - Analog Output 2

**Table 5-2 J2 Connector Definition**

Connector Terminal	Signal Description
J2-8	Enable Input
J2-9	DIN1 – Digital Input 1
J2-10	DIN2 – Digital Input 2
J2-11	DIN3 – Digital Input 3
J2-12	DIN4 – Digital Input 4
J2-13	DIN5 – Digital Input 5
J2-14	DIN6 – Digital Input 6
J2-15	DIN7 – Digital Input 7
J2-16	DIN8 – Digital Input 8
J2-17	Digital Output #1+ (Collector)
J2-18	Digital Output #1- (Emitter)
J2-19	Digital Output #2+ (Collector)
J2-20	Digital Output #2- (Emitter)

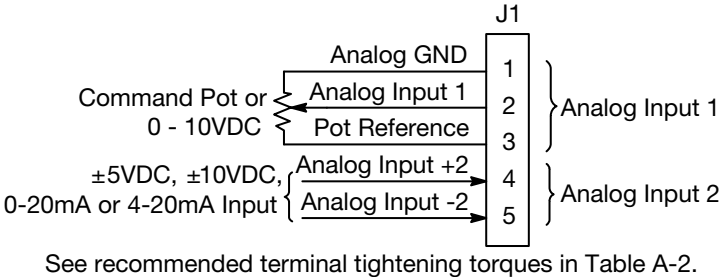
**Table 5-3 J3 Connector Definition**

Connector Terminal	Signal Description
J3-21	External User +24V Return
J3-22	External User +24V
J3-23	Internal +24VDC
J3-24	Internal +24VDC Return
J3-25	Relay Output #1 N.C.
J3-26	Relay Output #1 COMMON
J3-27	Relay Output #1 N.O.
J3-28	Relay Output #2 N.C.
J3-29	Relay Output #2 COMMON
J3-30	Relay Output #2 N.O.

# 5.2 Analog Inputs

Two analog inputs are available: Analog Input 1 (J1-1 and J1-2) and Analog Input 2 (J1-4 and J1-5) as shown in Figure 5-2. Either analog input may be selected in the Level 1 Input block, Command Source Parameter, (P1402)..

**Figure 5-2 Analog Inputs**



## 5.2.1 Analog Input 1 (Single Ended)

When using a potentiometer as the speed command, process feedback or setpoint source, the potentiometer should be connected at Analog Input 1. When using Analog Input 1, the respective parameter must be set to “Analog Input 1”.

**Note:** A potentiometer value of 5kΩ to 10kΩ, 0.5 watt may be used.

### Parameter Selection

The single ended Analog Input 1 is typically used in one of three ways:

1. Speed or Torque command (Level 1 Input block, Command Source=Analog Input 1).
2. Process Feedback (Level 2 Process Control block, Process Feedback=Analog Input 1).
3. Setpoint Source (Level 2 Process Control block, Setpoint Source=Analog Input 1).

## 5.2.2 Analog Input 2 (Differential)

Analog Input 2 accepts a differential command ±5VDC, ±10VDC, 0-20mA or 4-20mA.

If pin J1-4 is positive with respect to pin J1-5 and P1408=±5V or ±10V, the motor will rotate in the forward direction.

If pin J1-4 is negative with respect to pin J1-5 and P1408=±5V or ±10V, the motor will rotate in the reverse direction. If forward direction is not correct, change Level 2, Motor Data Reverse Rotation parameter P2415.

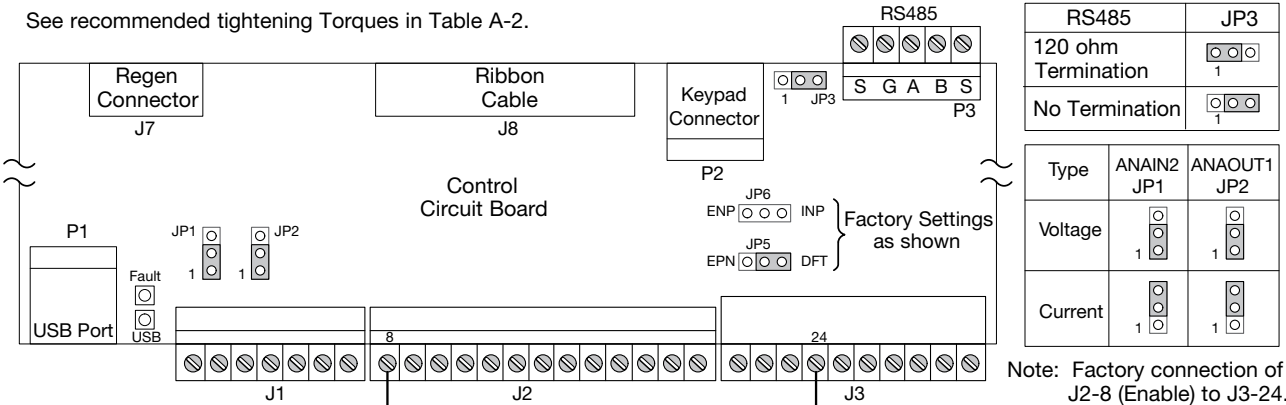
Analog Input 2 can be connected for single ended operation by connecting either of the differential terminals to common, provided the common mode voltage range is not exceeded. See Note.

Analog Input 2 can be set for voltage or current mode operation. With JP1 as shown in Figure 5-3 , Voltage mode is selected. If JP1 is connected to pins 2 and 3, current mode is selected.

The Level 1 Input Setup Parameter P1408 can be set to the full scale voltage or current range desired.

**Note:** The common mode voltage can be measured with a voltmeter. Apply the maximum command voltage to Analog Input 2 (J1-4,5). Measure the AC and DC voltage across J1-1 to J1-4. Add the AC and DC values. Measure the AC and DC voltage from J1-1 to J1-5. Add these AC and DC values. If either of these measurement totals exceeds a total of ±15 volts, then the common mode voltage range has been exceeded. To correct this condition, isolate the command signal with a signal isolator, such as Baldor catalog number BC145.

**Figure 5-3 Jumper Locations**



### 5.3 Analog Outputs

Two programmable analog outputs are provided on J1-6 and J1-7. These outputs are scaled and can be used to provide status of various control conditions. The return for these outputs is J1-1 analog return. Each output function is programmed in the Level 1 Output Setup block, Analog Out1 Signal, (P1511), or Analog Out2 Signal (P1514) parameter values.

Analog Output 1 can be set for voltage or current mode operation. With JP2 as shown in Figure 5-3, Voltage mode is selected. If JP2 is connected to pins 2 and 3, current mode is selected. The Level 1 Output Setup Parameter (P1510) can be set to the full scale voltage or current range desired.

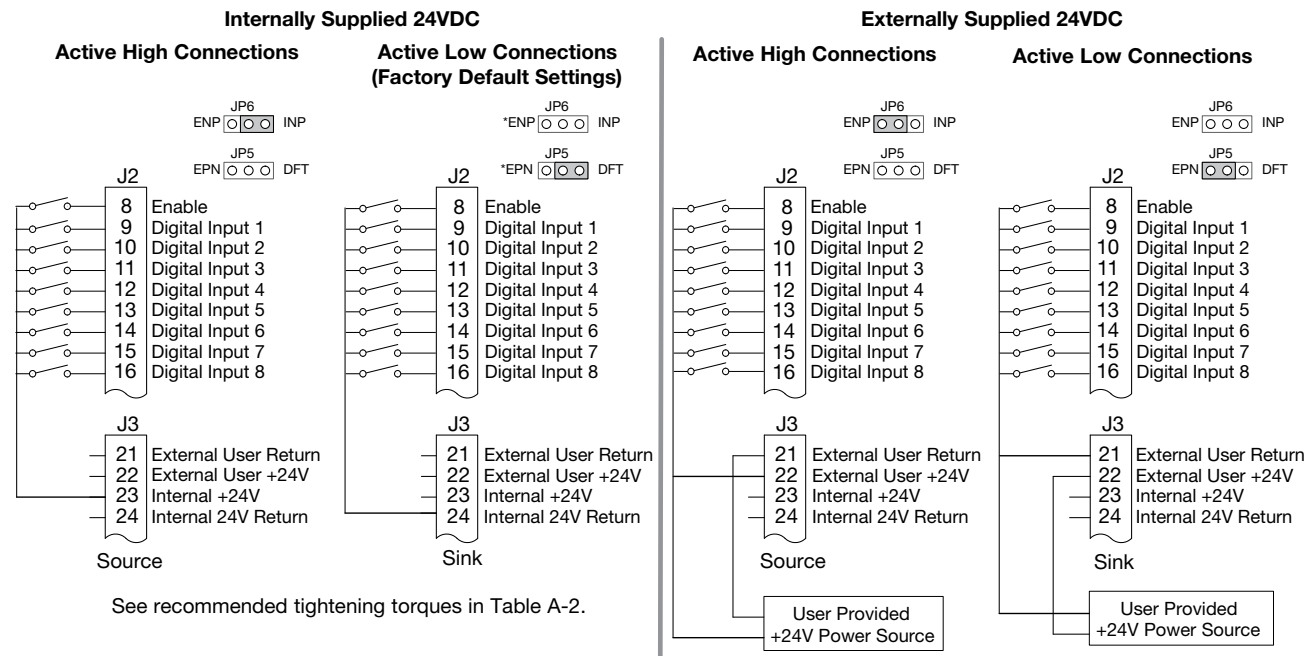
### 5.4 Opto-Isolated Inputs

Logic input connections are made at terminal strip J2 pins 8 to 16. J2 inputs can be wired as Active High or Active Low as shown in Figure 5-4. Internal or external power source is selected by jumpers JP5 and JP6 shown in Figure 5-4.

**Notes for Figure 5-4:**

- 1. See operating modes defined later in this chapter for input usage.
- 2. Factory connection of J2-8 (Enable) is made to J3-24 for Internal, Active Low connection. For other configurations, the wire at J3-24 must be moved to J3-23, J3-21 or J3-22 as needed.

**Figure 5-4 Active HIGH (Sourcing)/LOW (Sinking) Relationship**





## 5.5 Operating Modes

The operating modes define the basic motor control setup and the operation of the input and output terminals. After the circuit connections are completed, the operating mode is selected by programming the Operating Mode parameter in the Level 1 Input Setup Programming Block (P1401).

Operating modes include:

- Keypad
- Fan Pump 2Wire
- 3 Spd Ana 3Wire
- Profile Run\*
- PLC\*
- Standard Run 2Wire
- Fan Pump 3Wire
- Electronic Pot 2Wire
- 15 Preset Position\*
- Standard Run 3Wire
- Process Control\*
- Electronic Pot 3Wire
- Bipolar
- 15 Preset Speeds
- 3 Spd Ana 2Wire
- Network
- Pulse Follower\*

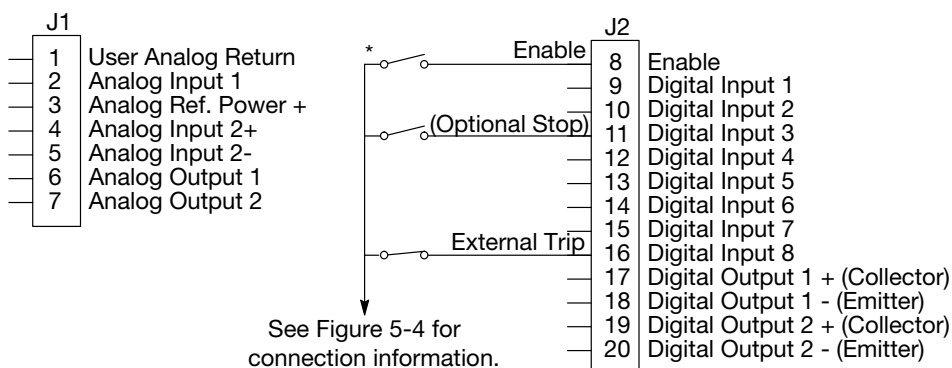
\* To view and change parameters associated with these modes, Operating Mode (P1401) must be set to the respective mode. For example, this means Process Control parameters will not appear on the keypad for selection unless Level 1, Input Setup, Operating Mode (P1401) is set to "Process Control".

Each mode requires connections to the J1, J2 and J3 terminal strips. The terminal strips are shown in Figure 5-1. The connection of each input or output signal is described in the following pages.

### 5.5.1 Keypad

The Keypad mode allows the control to be operated from the keypad. In this mode only the Enable input is required. However, the Stop and External Trip inputs may optionally be used. All other Digital Inputs remain inactive. The Analog Outputs and Digital Outputs remain active at all times.

**Figure 5-5 Keypad Connection Diagram**



See recommended tightening torques in Table A-2.

\*Note: Remove factory jumper from J2-8 and J3-24 before connecting switch at J2-8.

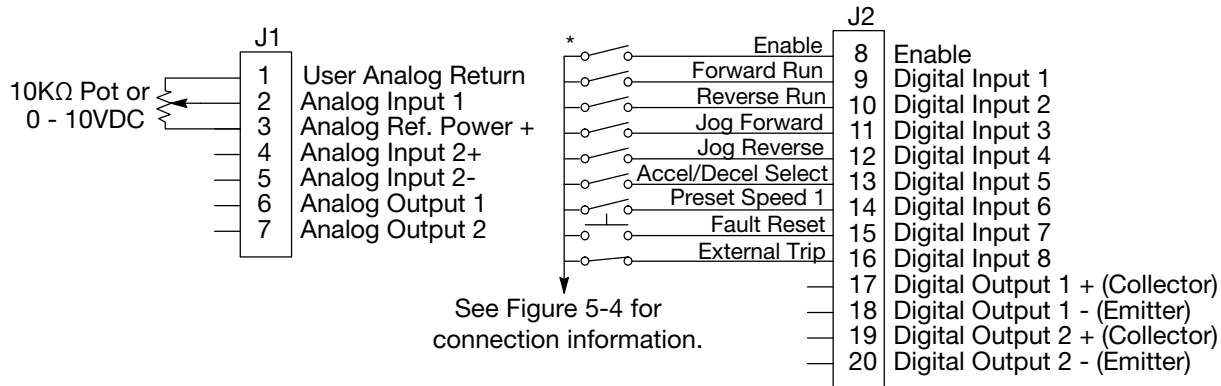
For keypad operation, only Enable (J2-8) is required.

- J2-8      CLOSED allows normal control operation.  
            OPEN disables the control and motor coasts to stop.
- J2-11    Optional STOP input (not required).  
            CLOSED allows normal control operation.  
            OPEN motor coasts or brakes to stop if Level 1 Keypad Setup block, Local Hot Start parameter is set to "ON".
- J2-16    Optional External Trip input (not required). If used, you must set Level 2 Drive Protect block, External Trip to "ON".  
            CLOSED allows normal operation.  
            OPEN causes an External Trip to be received by the control (when programmed to "ON").

### 5.5.2 Standard Run 2-Wire

In Standard Run 2Wire mode, the control is operated by the digital inputs and the command source. Also, Preset Speed 1 can be selected. The opto inputs can be switches as shown in Figure 5-6 or logic signals from another device.

**Figure 5-6 Standard Run 2-Wire Connection Diagram**



See recommended tightening torques in Table A-2.

\*Note: Remove factory jumper from J2-8 and J3-24 before connecting switch at J2-8.

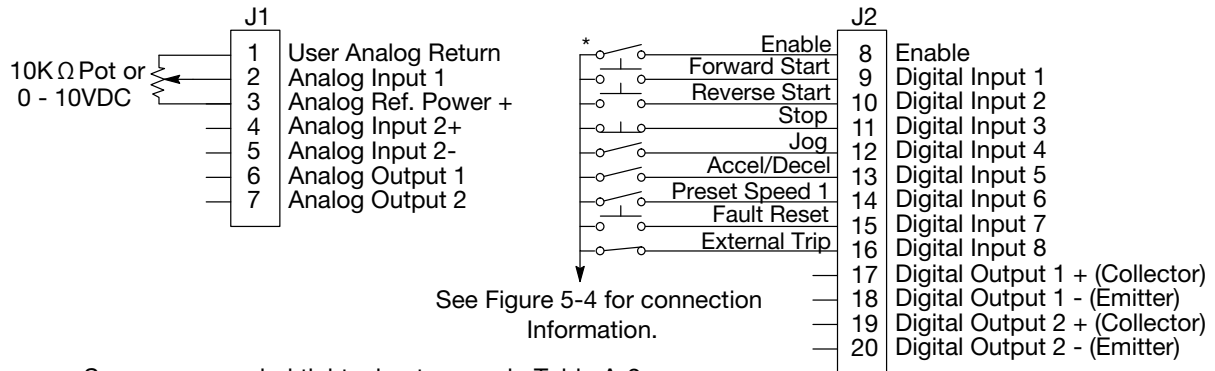
J2-8	CLOSED allows normal operation. OPEN disables the control and motor coasts to a stop.
J2-9	CLOSED starts motor operation in the Forward direction. OPEN motor decels to stop. If Level 1, Keypad Setup, Stop Mode is set to "coast", motor coasts to stop.
J2-10	CLOSED starts motor operation in the Reverse direction. OPEN motor decels to stop. If Level 1, Keypad Setup, Stop Mode is set to "coast", motor coasts to stop.
J2-11	CLOSED starts motor JOG operation in the Forward direction. OPEN motor decels to stop. If Level 1, Keypad Setup, Stop Mode is set to "coast", motor coasts to stop.
J2-12	CLOSED starts motor JOG operation in the Reverse direction. OPEN motor decels to stop. If Level 1, Keypad Setup, Stop Mode is set to "coast", motor coasts to stop.
J2-13	CLOSED selects ACC / DEC / S-ACC / S-DEC group 2. OPEN selects ACC / DEC / S-ACC / S-DEC group 1.
J2-14	CLOSED selects Preset Speed 1 (J2-11 or 12, will override this Preset Speed). OPEN allows speed command from the Command Source (P1402).
J2-15	CLOSED to reset fault. OPEN to run.
J2-16	Optional External Trip input (not required). If used, you must set Level 2 Drive Protect block, External Trip to "ON". CLOSED allows normal operation. OPEN causes an External Trip to be received by the control.

**Note:** When Command Source is a unipolar signal (0-10V, 0-5V, 4-20mA etc.) and Forward Run or Reverse Run is closed, motion will occur (unless both are closed at the same time).

### 5.5.3 Standard Run 3-Wire

In Standard Run 3Wire mode, the control is operated by the digital inputs and the command source. Also, Preset Speed 1 can be selected. The opto inputs can be switches as shown in Figure 5-7 or logic signals from another device.

**Figure 5-7 Standard Run 3-Wire Connection Diagram**



See recommended tightening torques in Table A-2.

\*Note: Remove factory jumper from J2-8 and J3-24 before connecting switch at J2-8.

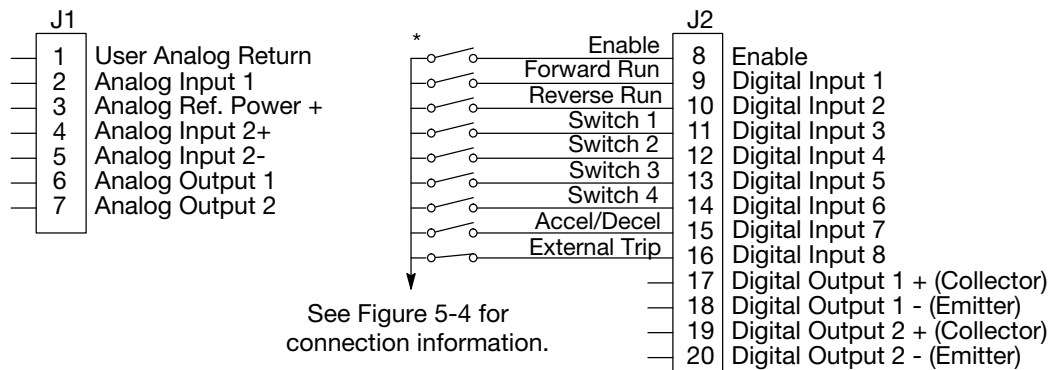
- J2-8      CLOSED allows normal operation.  
            OPEN disables the control and motor coasts to a stop.
- J2-9      MOMENTARY CLOSED starts motor operation in the Forward direction.  
            In JOG mode (J2-12 CLOSED), motor jogs in the Forward direction as long as closed.
- J2-10     MOMENTARY CLOSED starts motor operation in the Reverse direction.  
            In JOG mode (J2-12 CLOSED), motor jogs in the Reverse direction as long as closed.
- J2-11     MOMENTARY OPEN motor decels to stop.
- J2-12     CLOSED places control in JOG mode, Forward and Reverse run are used to jog the motor.
- J2-13     CLOSED selects ACC / DEC / S-ACC / S-DEC group 2.  
            OPEN selects ACC / DEC / S-ACC / S-DEC group 1.
- J2-14     CLOSED selects Preset Speed 1 (J2-12, will override this Preset Speed).  
            OPEN allows speed command from the Command Source (P1402).
- J2-15     CLOSED to reset fault.  
            OPEN to run.
- J2-16     Optional External Trip input (not required). If used, you must set Level 2 Drive Protect block, External Trip to "ON".  
            CLOSED allows normal operation.  
            OPEN causes an External Trip to be received by the control.

**Note:** When Command Source is a unipolar signal (0-10V, 0-5V, 4-20mA etc.) and Forward Run or Reverse Run is closed, motion will occur (unless both are closed at the same time).

### 5.5.4 15 Preset Speeds

Operation in 15 Preset Speeds 2-Wire mode is controlled by the opto isolated inputs at J2. The values of the Preset Speeds are set in the Level 1 Preset Speeds block, Preset Speed 1 to Preset Speed 15. J2-11 through J2-14 inputs allow selection of 15 Preset Speeds. The opto inputs can be switches as shown in Figure 5-8 or logic signals from another device.

**Figure 5-8 15 Preset Speeds**



See recommended tightening torques in Table A-2.

\*Note: Remove factory jumper from J2-8 and J3-24 before connecting switch at J2-8.

J2-8	CLOSED allows normal operation. OPEN disables the control and motor coasts to a stop.
J2-9	CLOSED operates the motor in the Forward direction (with J2-10 open). OPEN motor decels to stop.
J2-10	CLOSED operates motor in the Reverse direction (with J2-9 open). OPEN motor decels to stop.
J2-11 to J2-14	Selects programmed Preset Speeds as defined in Table 5-4 .
J2-15	CLOSED selects ACC / DEC / S-ACC / S-DEC group 2. OPEN selects ACC / DEC / S-ACC / S-DEC group 1.
J2-16	Optional External Trip input (not required). If used, you must set Level 2 Drive Protect block, External Trip to "ON". CLOSED allows normal operation. OPEN causes an External Trip to be received by the control.

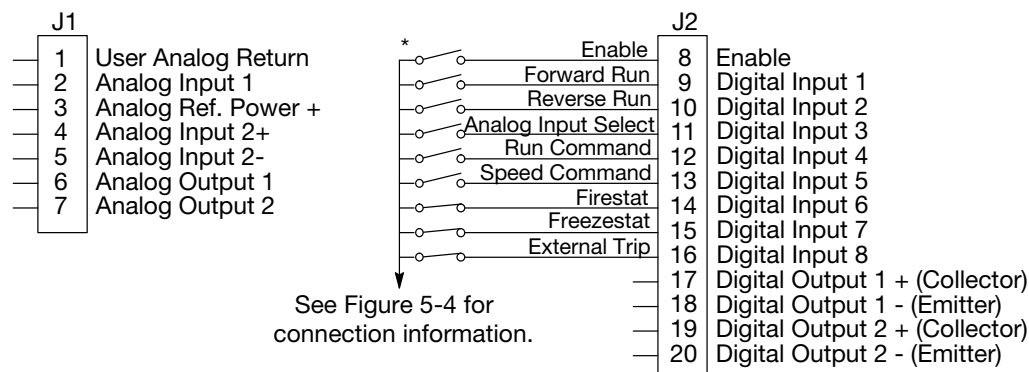
**Table 5-4 Speed Select Table for 15 Speed, 2-Wire Control Mode**

J2-11	J2-12	J2-13	J2-14	Function
OPEN	OPEN	OPEN	OPEN	Selects Level 1:Preset Speed:Preset Speed 1 (P1001)
CLOSED	OPEN	OPEN	OPEN	Selects Level 1:Preset Speed:Preset Speed 2 (P1002)
OPEN	CLOSED	OPEN	OPEN	Selects Level 1:Preset Speed:Preset Speed 3 (P1003)
CLOSED	CLOSED	OPEN	OPEN	Selects Level 1:Preset Speed:Preset Speed 4 (P1004)
OPEN	OPEN	CLOSED	OPEN	Selects Level 1:Preset Speed:Preset Speed 5 (P1005)
CLOSED	OPEN	CLOSED	OPEN	Selects Level 1:Preset Speed:Preset Speed 6 (P1006)
OPEN	CLOSED	CLOSED	OPEN	Selects Level 1:Preset Speed:Preset Speed 7 (P1007)
CLOSED	CLOSED	CLOSED	OPEN	Selects Level 1:Preset Speed:Preset Speed 8 (P1008)
OPEN	OPEN	OPEN	CLOSED	Selects Level 1:Preset Speed:Preset Speed 9 (P1009)
CLOSED	OPEN	OPEN	CLOSED	Selects Level 1:Preset Speed:Preset Speed 10 (P1010)
OPEN	CLOSED	OPEN	CLOSED	Selects Level 1:Preset Speed:Preset Speed 11 (P1011)
CLOSED	CLOSED	OPEN	CLOSED	Selects Level 1:Preset Speed:Preset Speed 12 (P1012)
OPEN	OPEN	CLOSED	CLOSED	Selects Level 1:Preset Speed:Preset Speed 13 (P1013)
CLOSED	OPEN	CLOSED	CLOSED	Selects Level 1:Preset Speed:Preset Speed 14 (P1014)
OPEN	CLOSED	CLOSED	CLOSED	Selects Level 1:Preset Speed:Preset Speed 15 (P1015)
CLOSED	CLOSED	CLOSED	CLOSED	Fault Reset

### 5.5.5 Fan Pump 2-Wire

Operation in the Fan Pump 2-Wire mode is controlled by the opto isolated inputs at J2-8 through J2-16. The opto inputs can be switches as shown in Figure 5-9 or logic signals from another device.

**Figure 5-9 Fan Pump 2-Wire Connection Diagram**



See recommended tightening torques in Table A-2.

\*Note: Remove factory jumper from J2-8 and J3-24 before connecting switch at J2-8.

- J2-8 CLOSED allows normal control operation.  
OPEN disables the control and the motor coasts to a stop.
- J2-9 CLOSED operates the motor in the Forward direction (with J2-10 open).  
OPEN motor decels to stop. Note: J2-9 and J2-10 are both closed = Fault Reset.
- J2-10 CLOSED operates the motor in the Reverse direction (with J2-9 open).  
OPEN motor decels to stop. Note: J2-9 and J2-10 are both closed = Fault Reset.
- J2-11 CLOSED selects Analog Input 1 (if J2-13, J2-14 and J2-15 are closed).  
OPEN selects Command Source (Level 1, Input, Command Source) if J2-13, J2-14 and J2-15 are closed.
- J2-12 CLOSED selects STOP/START and Reset commands from terminal strip.  
OPEN selects STOP/START and Reset commands from Keypad.
- J2-13 CLOSED allows other selections, see Speed Select Table 5-5 .  
OPEN selects speed commanded from Keypad (if J2-14 and J2-15 are closed).  
**Note:** When changing from Terminal Strip to Keypad (J2-12 or J2-13) the motor speed and direction will remain the same after the change.
- J2-14 Firestat. Selects Level 1, Preset Speeds, Preset Speed 1.
- J2-15 Freezestat. Level 1, Preset Speeds, Preset Speed 2 (if J2-14 is closed).
- J2-16 Optional External Trip input (not required). If used, you must set Level 2 Drive Protect block, External Trip to "ON".  
CLOSED allows normal operation.  
OPEN causes an External Trip to be received by the control (when programmed to "ON").

**Table 5-5 Speed Select Table – Fan Pump 2-Wire**

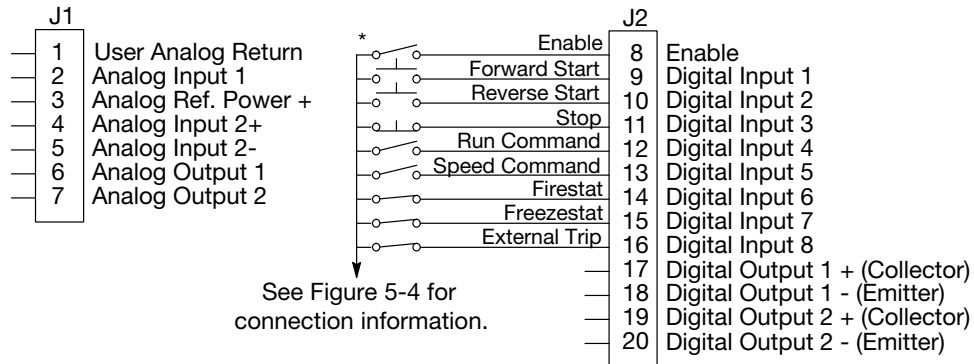
J2-11	J2-13	J2-14	J2-15	Command
	OPEN	CLOSED	CLOSED	Keypad Speed Command
		OPEN		Level 1, Preset Speeds, Preset Speed 1
		CLOSED	OPEN	Level 1, Preset Speeds, Preset Speed 2
OPEN	CLOSED	CLOSED	CLOSED	Level 1, Input Setup, Command Source (parameter P1402)
CLOSED	CLOSED	CLOSED	CLOSED	Analog Input 1

**Note:** When Command Source is a unipolar signal (0-10V, 0-5V, 4-20mA etc.) and Forward Run or Reverse Run is closed, motion will occur (unless both are closed at the same time).

### 5.5.6 Fan Pump 3-Wire

Operation in the Fan Pump 3-Wire mode is controlled by the opto isolated inputs at J2-8 through J2-16. The opto inputs can be switches as shown in Figure 5-10 or logic signals from another device.

**Figure 5-10 Fan Pump 3-Wire Connection Diagram**



See recommended tightening torques in Table A-2.

\*Note: Remove factory jumper from J2-8 and J3-24 before connecting switch at J2-8.

- J2-8      CLOSED allows normal control operation.  
            OPEN disables the control and the motor coasts to a stop.
- J2-9      MOMENTARY CLOSED starts motor operation in the Forward direction.  
            **Note:** Closing both J2-9 and J2-10 at the same time will reset a fault.
- J2-10     MOMENTARY CLOSED starts motor operation in the Reverse direction.  
            **Note:** Closing both J2-9 and J2-10 at the same time will reset a fault.
- J2-11     MOMENTARY OPEN motor decels to stop.
- J2-12     CLOSED selects STOP/START and Reset commands from terminal strip.  
            OPEN selects STOP/START and Reset commands from Keypad.
- J2-13     CLOSED allows other selections, see Speed Select Table 5-6.  
            OPEN selects speed commanded from Keypad (if J2-14 and J2-15 are closed).  
            **Note:** When changing from Terminal Strip to Keypad (J2-12 or J2-13) the motor speed and direction will remain the same after the change.
- J2-14     Firestat. Selects Level 1, Preset Speeds, Preset Speed 1.
- J2-15     Freezestat. Selects Level 1, Preset Speeds, Preset Speed 2 (if J2-14 is closed).
- J2-16     Optional External Trip input (not required). If used, you must set Level 2 Drive Protect block, External Trip to "ON".  
            CLOSED allows normal operation.  
            OPEN causes an External Trip to be received by the control (when programmed to "ON").

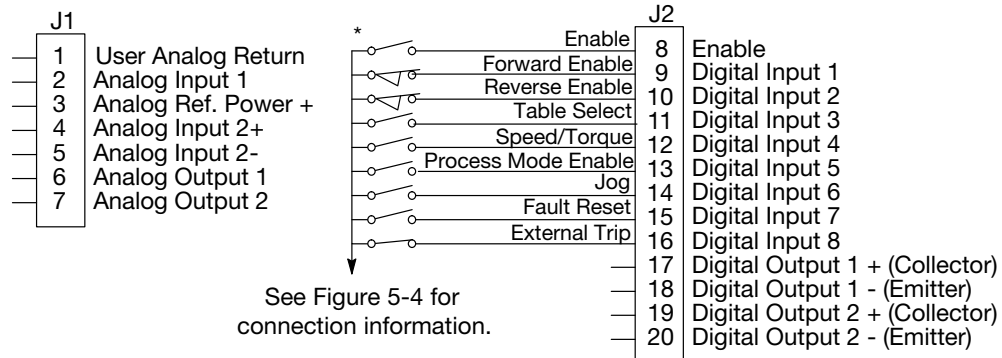
**Table 5-6 Speed Select Table – Fan Pump 3-Wire**

J2-13	J2-14	J2-15	Command
	OPEN		Level 1, Preset Speeds, Preset Speed 1
CLOSED	CLOSED	OPEN	Level 1, Preset Speeds, Preset Speed 2
OPEN	CLOSED	CLOSED	Keypad Speed Command
CLOSED	CLOSED	CLOSED	Level 1, Input Setup, Command Source (parameter P1402)

### 5.5.7 Process Control

The process control mode provides an auxiliary closed loop general purpose PID set point control. The process control loop may be configured in various ways and detailed descriptions of the Process Control are given in MN707 "Introduction to Process Control". The opto inputs can be switches as shown in Figure 5-11 or logic signals from another device.

**Figure 5-11 Process Control Connections**



See recommended tightening torques in Table A-2.

\*Note: Remove factory jumper from J2-8 and J3-24 before connecting switch at J2-8.

- J2-8 CLOSED allows normal control operation.  
OPEN disables the control and the motor coasts to a stop.
- J2-9 CLOSED to enable operation in the Forward direction.  
OPEN to disable Forward operation (drive will decel to a stop if a Forward speed command is still present).  
Reverse operation is still possible if J2-10 is closed.
- J2-10 CLOSED to enable operation in the Reverse direction.  
OPEN to disable Reverse operation (drive will decel to a stop if a Reverse speed command is still present).  
Forward operation is still possible if J2-9 is closed.  
**Note:** If J2-9 and J2-10 are both opened, the drive will decel to a stop.
- J2-11 CLOSED = TABLE 2,  
OPEN = TABLE 1. Refer to Table 5-7.  
**Note:** The Operating Mode (P1401) must be set to a mode that allows table switching in both tables T1 and T2.
- J2-12 CLOSED Selects ACC/DEC group 2 (V/F) or selects torque mode (Vector).  
OPEN Selects ACC/DEC group 1 (V/F) or selects speed mode (Vector).  
**Note:** If a stop command is issued while in the torque (current) mode, the control will stop but will not maintain position (zero current). This is different than zero speed operation for the velocity mode.
- J2-13 CLOSED to enable PID and FF. Feedforward (FF) is from Command Source (P1402).  
OPEN to enable FF only. PID is disabled with its integrator reset to zero.
- J2-14 CLOSED to enable JOG mode. Jog in either direction is allowed if enabled by J2-9 or J2-10.
- J2-15 CLOSED to reset a fault.  
OPEN to run.
- J2-16 Optional External Trip input (not required). If used, you must set Level 2 Drive Protect block, External Trip to "ON".  
CLOSED allows normal operation.  
OPEN causes an External Trip to be received by the control (when programmed to "ON").

**Table 5-7 Process Control Select Table**

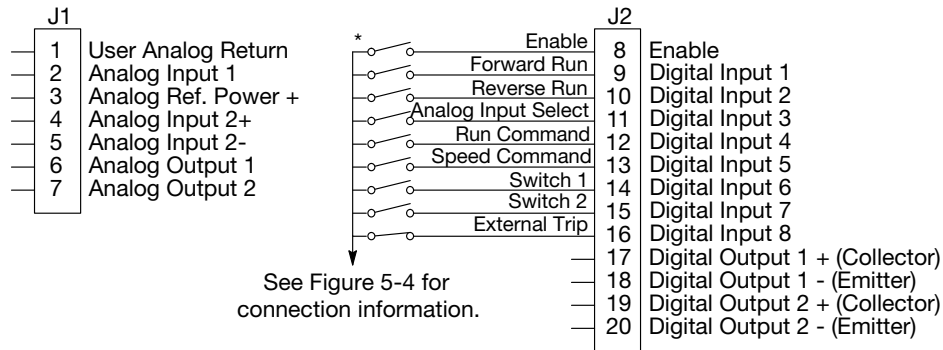
J2-11	Command
OPEN	Selects Parameter Table 1
CLOSED	Selects Parameter Table 2

**Note:** See multiple parameter sets in this section.

### 5.5.8 3 Speed Analog 2-Wire

Provides 2 wire input control and allows selection of 3 Preset Speeds. The values of the Preset Speeds are set in the Level 1 Preset Speeds block, Preset Speed 1, Preset Speed 2 and Preset Speed 3. The opto inputs can be switches as shown in Figure 5-12 or logic signals from another device.

**Figure 5-12 3 Speed Analog 2-Wire Connection Diagram**



See recommended tightening torques in Table A-2.

\*Note: Remove factory jumper from J2-8 and J3-24 before connecting switch at J2-8.

- J2-8      CLOSED allows normal control operation.  
OPEN disables the control and the motor coasts to a stop.
- J2-9      CLOSED operates the motor in the Forward direction (with J2-10 open).  
OPEN motor decels to stop.
- J2-10     CLOSED operates the motor in the Reverse direction (with J2-9 open).  
OPEN motor decels to stop.  
**Note:** Closing both J2-9 and J2-10 at the same time will reset a fault.
- J2-11     CLOSED selects Analog Input 1.  
OPEN selects Level 1 Input block, Command Source parameter.  
**Note:** If Command Source (Level 1 Input block) is set to Analog Input 1, then Analog Input 1 is always selected regardless of this switch position.
- J2-12     CLOSED selects STOP/START and Reset Commands from the terminal strip.  
OPEN selects STOP/START and Reset Commands from the keypad.
- J2-13     CLOSED selects Level 1 Input block, Command Source parameter.  
OPEN selects speed commanded from Keypad.  
**Note:** When changing from Terminal Strip to Keypad (J2-12 or J2-13) the motor speed and direction will remain the same after the change.
- J2-14     Selects Preset Speeds as defined in the Speed Select Table (Table 5-8).
- J2-15     Selects Preset Speeds as defined in the Speed Select Table (Table 5-8).
- J2-16     Optional External Trip input (not required). If used, you must set Level 2 Drive Protect block, External Trip to "ON".  
CLOSED allows normal operation.  
OPEN causes an External Trip to be received by the control (when programmed to "ON").

**Table 5-8 Speed Select Table**

J2-14	J2-15	Command
OPEN	OPEN	Level 1, Input Setup, Command Source (parameter P1402)
CLOSED	OPEN	Preset 1
OPEN	CLOSED	Preset 2
CLOSED	CLOSED	Preset 3

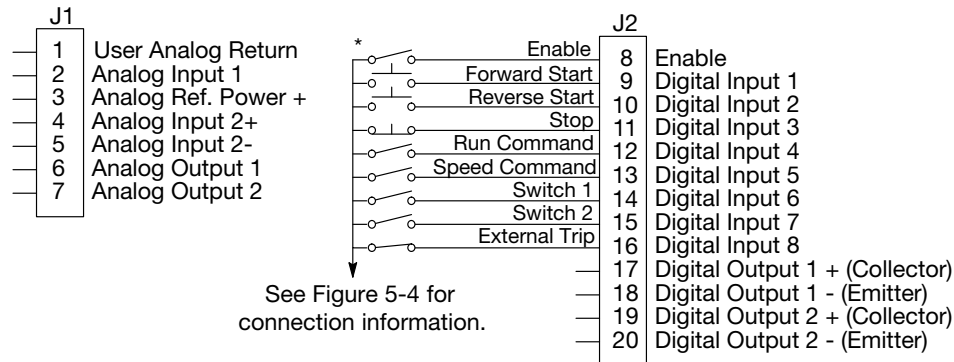
**Note:** When Command Source is a unipolar signal (0-10V, 0-5V, 4-20mA, etc.) and forward run or reverse run is closed, motion will occur (unless both forward run and reverse run are closed at the same time).



### 5.5.9 3 Speed Analog 3-Wire

Provides 3 wire input control and allows selection of 3 Preset Speeds. The values of the Preset Speeds are set in the Level 1 Preset Speeds block, Preset Speed 1, Preset Speed 2 and Preset Speed 3. The opto inputs can be switches as shown in Figure 5-13 or logic signals from another device.

**Figure 5-13 3 Speed Analog 3-Wire Connection Diagram**



See recommended tightening torques in Table A-2.

\*Note: Remove factory jumper from J2-8 and J3-24 before connecting switch at J2-8.

- J2-8      CLOSED allows normal control operation.  
            OPEN disables the control and the motor coasts to a stop.
- J2-9      MOMENTARY CLOSED starts motor operation in the Forward direction.
- J2-10     MOMENTARY CLOSED starts motor operation in the Reverse direction.  
**Note:** Closing both J2-9 and J2-10 at the same time will reset a fault.
- J2-11     MOMENTARY OPEN motor decels to stop.
- J2-12     CLOSED selects STOP/START and Reset Commands from the terminal strip.  
            OPEN selects STOP/START and Reset Commands from the keypad.
- J2-13     CLOSED selects Level 1 Input block, Command Source parameter.  
            OPEN selects speed commanded from Keypad.  
**Note:** When changing from Terminal Strip to Keypad (J2-12 or J2-13) the motor speed and direction will remain the same after the change.
- J2-14     Selects Preset Speeds as defined in the Speed Select Table (Table 5-9).
- J2-15     Selects Preset Speeds as defined in the Speed Select Table (Table 5-9).
- J2-16     Optional External Trip input (not required). If used, you must set Level 2 Drive Protect block, External Trip to "ON".  
            CLOSED allows normal operation.  
            OPEN causes an External Trip to be received by the control (when programmed to "ON").

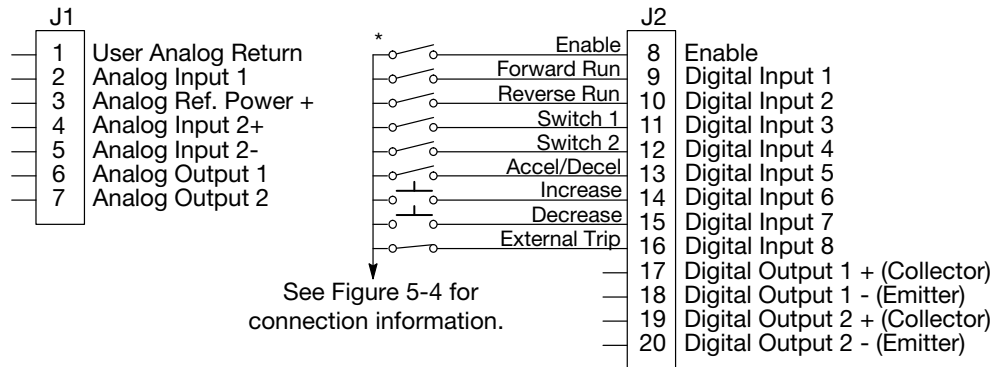
**Table 5-9 Speed Select Table**

J2-14	J2-15	Command
OPEN	OPEN	Level 1, Input Setup, Command Source (parameter P1402)
CLOSED	OPEN	Preset 1
OPEN	CLOSED	Preset 2
CLOSED	CLOSED	Preset 3

### 5.5.10 E-POT 2-Wire

Provides speed Increase and Decrease inputs to allow E-POT (Electronic Potentiometer) operation with 2 wire inputs. The values of the Preset Speeds are set in the Level 1 Preset Speeds block, Preset Speed 1 or Preset Speed 2. The opto inputs can be switches as shown in Figure 5-14 or logic signals from another device.

**Figure 5-14 E-POT 2-Wire Connection Diagram**



- J2-8      CLOSED allows normal control operation.  
OPEN disables the control and the motor coasts to a stop.
- J2-9      CLOSED starts motor operation in the Forward direction.  
OPEN motor decels to stop.
- J2-10     CLOSED starts motor operation in the Reverse direction.  
OPEN motor decels to stop.  
**Note:** Closing both J2-9 and J2-10 at the same time will reset a fault.
- J2-11     Selects Preset Speeds as defined in the Speed Select Table (Table 5-10).
- J2-12     Selects Preset Speeds as defined in the Speed Select Table (Table 5-10).
- J2-13     CLOSED selects ACC / DEC / S-ACC /S-DEC group 2.  
OPEN selects ACC / DEC / S-ACC /S-DEC group 1.
- J2-14     MOMENTARY CLOSED increases motor speed while contact is closed.
- J2-15     MOMENTARY CLOSED decreases motor speed while contact is closed.
- J2-16     Optional External Trip input (not required). If used, you must set Level 2 Drive Protect block, External Trip to "ON".  
CLOSED allows normal operation.  
OPEN causes an External Trip to be received by the control (when programmed to "ON").

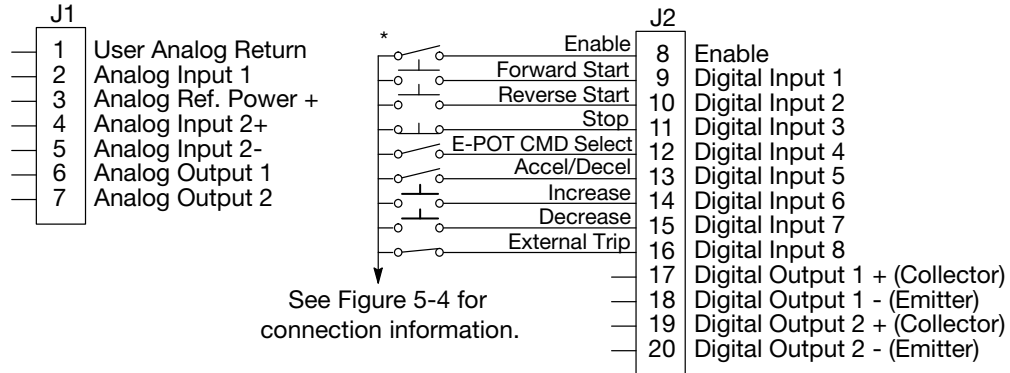
**Table 5-10 Speed Select Table**

J2-11	J2-12	Command
OPEN	OPEN	Electronic Pot
CLOSED	OPEN	Level 1, Input Setup, Command Source (parameter P1402)
OPEN	CLOSED	Preset 1
CLOSED	CLOSED	Preset 2

### 5.5.11 E-POT 3-Wire

Provides speed Increase and Decrease inputs to allow E-POT operation with 3 wire inputs. The opto inputs can be switches as shown in Figure 5-15 or logic signals from another device.

**Figure 5-15 E-POT 3-Wire Connection Diagram**



See recommended tightening torques in Table A-2.

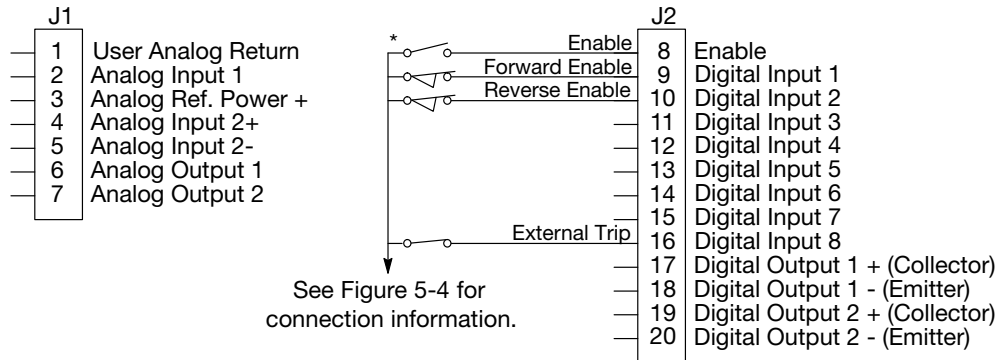
\*Note: Remove factory jumper from J2-8 and J3-24 before connecting switch at J2-8.

J2-8	CLOSED allows normal control operation. OPEN disables the control and the motor coasts to a stop.
J2-9	MOMENTARY CLOSED starts motor operation in the Forward direction.
J2-10	MOMENTARY CLOSED starts motor operation in the Reverse direction. <b>Note:</b> Closing both J2-9 and J2-10 at the same time will reset a fault.
J2-11	MOMENTARY OPEN motor decels to stop.
J2-12	CLOSED selects Level 1 Command Source parameter value. OPEN selects E-POT.
J2-13	CLOSED selects ACC / DEC / S-ACC /S-DEC group 2. OPEN selects ACC / DEC / S-ACC /S-DEC group 1.
J2-14	MOMENTARY CLOSED increases motor speed while contact is closed.
J2-15	MOMENTARY CLOSED decreases motor speed while contact is closed.
J2-16	Optional External Trip input (not required). If used, you must set Level 2 Drive Protect block, External Trip to "ON". CLOSED allows normal operation. OPEN causes an External Trip to be received by the control (when programmed to "ON").

### 5.5.12 Network

Provides bipolar speed or torque control. Preset speeds are set in software. The opto inputs can be switches as shown in Figure 5-16 or logic signals from another device. See Table 5-11 for Modbus coils that may be used in this mode.

**Figure 5-16 Network Connection Diagram**



See recommended tightening torques in Table A-2.

\*Note: Remove factory jumper from J2-8 and J3-24 before connecting switch at J2-8.

- J2-8 CLOSSED allows normal control operation.  
OPEN disables the control and the motor coasts to a stop.
- J2-9 CLOSSED to enable operation in the Forward direction.  
OPEN to disable Forward operation (drive will decel to a stop if a Network Forward command is still present).  
Reverse operation is still possible if J2-10 is closed.
- J2-10 CLOSSED to enable operation in the Reverse direction.  
OPEN to disable Reverse operation (drive will decel to a stop if a Network Reverse command is still present).  
Forward operation is still possible if J2-9 is closed.
- J2-16 Optional External Trip input (not required). If used, you must set Level 2 Drive Protect block, External Trip to "ON".  
CLOSSED allows normal operation.  
OPEN causes an External Trip to be received by the control (when programmed to "ON").

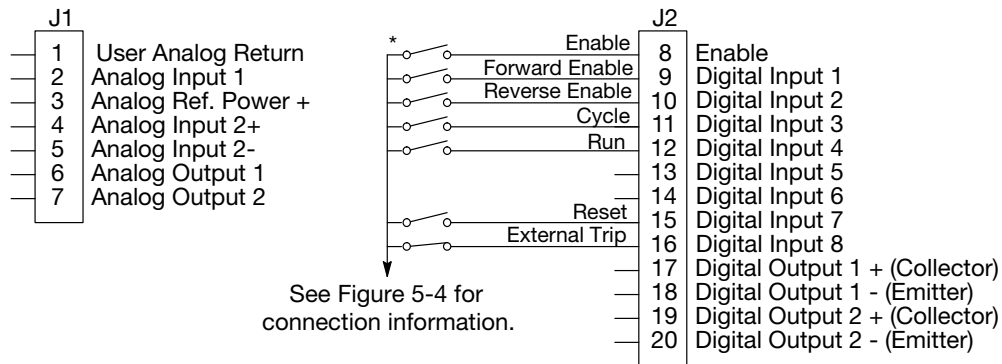
**Table 5-11 Modbus Coils that Affect this Mode**

Coil	
2	Torque Mode (Vector Only)
3	Speed Mode
4	Orientation, absolute position orientation (Closed Vector or AC Servo only)
9	Homing (available in Closed Vector or AC Servo Only)
10	Process Torque (Vector Only)
11	Process Velocity
13	Network Current Limiting
15	Jog Mode
33	Keypad Reference Source (local)
34	Terminal Block Reference Source (remote)
35	Network Reference Source
42	Select Acc/Dec Group 1
43	Select Acc/Dec Group 2
78	Stop, stops the motor
79	Forward Run (terminal J2-9 must also be true)
80	Reverse Run (terminal J2-10 must also be true)
81	Bipolar Mode (terminals J2-9 and J2-10 must also be true)
82	Network Drive enable and drive hardware enable (terminal J2-8) must both be set else drive is disabled

### 5.5.13 Profile Run

Provides a speed profile consisting of seven segments to setup a cyclic operation or test cycle. The opto inputs can be switches as shown in Figure 5-17 or logic signals from another device. Speed settings for Speed Curve 1 to Speed Curve 7 are Preset Speed 1 to Preset Speed 7. See level 3, Profile Run block for more information.

**Figure 5-17 Profile Run Connection Diagram**



See recommended tightening torques in Table A-2.

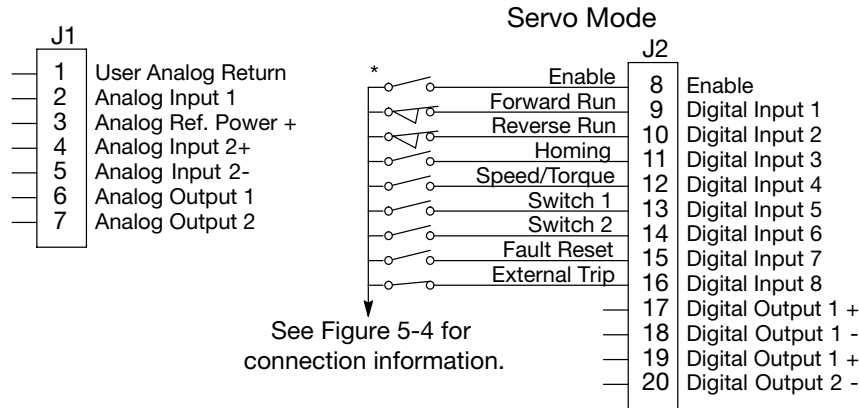
\*Note: Remove factory jumper from J2-8 and J3-24 before connecting switch at J2-8.

J2-8	CLOSED allows normal operation. OPEN disables the control and motor coasts to a stop.
J2-9	CLOSED to enable operation in the Forward direction. OPEN to disable Forward operation (drive will decel to a stop if a Forward profile run command is still present). Reverse operation is still possible if J2-10 is closed.
J2-10	CLOSED to enable operation in the Reverse direction. OPEN to disable Reverse operation (drive will decel to a stop if a Reverse profile run command is still present). Forward operation is still possible if J2-9 is closed.
J2-11	CLOSED runs the profile for an indefinite number of cycles. When the Level 3, Profile Run, Number of Cycles (P3001) cycle count is reached, the counter is reset and the mode restarts (continuous cycling). Example: If P3001 = 5 the profile runs 5 times, the counter is reset to zero, and will begin running 5 more cycles immediately. As long as pin 11 is closed it will keep resetting the count to zero every time the number of cycles is reached.
J2-12	OPEN cycle mode is terminated when cycle count is reached. CLOSED uses Run Command and Cycle Command from J2-9, J2-10 and J2-11. OPEN uses Commands from Keypad.
J2-13	Not used.
J2-14	Not used.
J2-15	CLOSED resets an alarm or fault. OPEN normal operation.
J2-16	Optional External Trip input (not required). If used, you must set Level 2 Drive Protect block, External Trip to "ON". CLOSED allows normal operation. OPEN causes an External Trip to be received by the control (when programmed to "ON").

### 5.5.14 Bipolar

Provides bipolar speed or torque control. The control is operated by the digital inputs and the command source. The opto inputs can be switches as shown in Figure 5-19 or logic signals from another device.

**Figure 5-18 Bipolar Connection Diagram**



See recommended tightening torques in Table A-2.

\*Note: Remove factory jumper from J2-8 and J3-24 before connecting switch at J2-8.

J2-8	CLOSED allows normal control operation.
J2-9	OPEN disables the control and the motor coasts to a stop. CLOSED to enable operation in Forward direction.
J2-10	OPEN to disable Forward operation (drive will decel to a stop if a Forward reference command is still present). Reverse operation is still possible if J2-10 is closed. CLOSED to enable operation in the Reverse direction.
J2-11	OPEN to disable Reverse operation (drive will decel to a stop if a Reverse reference command is still present). Forward operation is still possible if J2-9 is closed. <b>Note:</b> If J2-9 and J2-10 are both opened, the drive will decel to a stop. CLOSED causes the motor to rotate in the forward direction until the load reaches a marker or external switch location.
J2-12	OPEN allows normal operation. <b>Note:</b> Parameter P2308 sets the homing offset. The motor rotates at the speed set in P2307 until the index pulse is detected and then at the speed set in P1001 until the offset is reached.
J2-13 & J2-14	CLOSED puts the control in torque command mode, Vector modes only.
J2-15	OPEN puts the control in speed (velocity) command mode. Note: If a stop command is issued while in the torque (current) mode, the control will stop but will not maintain position (zero current). This is different than zero speed operation for the velocity mode.
J2-16	Select from four parameter tables as defined in Table 5-13. Momentary CLOSED to reset fault condition. OPEN allows normal operation.
	Optional External Trip input (not required). If used, you must set Level 2 Drive Protect block, External Trip to "ON". CLOSED allows normal operation. OPEN causes an External Trip to be received by the control (when programmed to "ON").

**Table 5-12 Bipolar Mode Select Table**

J2-13	J2-14	Function
OPEN	OPEN	Parameter Table 1 (T1)
CLOSED	OPEN	Parameter Table 2 (T2)
OPEN	CLOSED	Parameter Table 3 (T3)
CLOSED	CLOSED	Parameter Table 4 (T4)

**Note:** See multiple parameter sets in this section.

## Bipolar - Multiple Parameter Sets

The following procedure allows you to program up to four complete sets of parameter values and to use these multiple parameter sets. Each parameter table must be properly initialized before use. Each table must have an operating mode that supports table switching (Process Control, Bipolar or Network) and all motor data and related parameters must be the same in each table if switching tables with the drive enabled. When programming each parameter set, use the ENTER key to accept and automatically save parameter values.

**Note:** The control can be programmed in the REMOTE mode with the drive enabled. The control must be disabled to change the operating mode parameter. The operating mode is not stored with the other parameters in a parameter table.

1. If this is a new installation, perform this procedure after the Pre-Operation Checklist and Power-Up Procedures at the end of this section.
2. Set the Level 1 INPUT block, Operating Mode parameter, (P1401) value to BIPOLAR in each of the parameter sets.
3. Set switches J2-13 and J2-14 to Parameter Table 1 (both switches open). Be sure switches J2-8, J2-9 and J2-10 are OPEN. Select Basic Parameters from the main Keypad menu. Perform each step including Calc Motor Model. This creates and saves the first parameter set which is numbered Table 1.
4. Set switches J2-13 and J2-14 to Parameter Table 2. Be sure switches J2-8, J2-9 and J2-10 are OPEN. Select Basic Parameters from the main Keypad menu. Perform each step including Calc Motor Model. This creates and saves the second parameter set which is numbered Table 2.
5. Set switches J2-13 and J2-14 to Parameter Table 3. Be sure switches J2-8, J2-9 and J2-10 are OPEN. Select Basic Parameters from the main Keypad menu. Perform each step including Calc Motor Model. This creates and saves the third parameter set which is numbered Table 3.
6. Set switches J2-13 and J2-14 to Parameter Table 4. Be sure switches J2-8, J2-9 and J2-10 are OPEN. Select Basic Parameters from the main Keypad menu. Perform each step including Calc Motor Model. This creates and saves the final parameter set which is numbered Table 4.
7. Remember that to change the value of a parameter in one of the parameter tables, you must first select the table using the switches. You cannot change a value in a table until you have first selected that table.

**Note:** The active parameter table is selected by Level 2:Drive Configure:Active Parameter Table, (P0052).

### Example:

Before attempting to switch parameter tables during operation “on the fly” using the digital inputs J2-13 & 14, the operating mode for each parameter table to be used must be initialized. Specifically, to switch from Table 1 to Table 2 then back to Table 1 both parameter Table 1 and parameter Table 2 must have operating modes that support table switching. Otherwise, once the switch occurs, switching back will not be possible.

To illustrate this, prior to running Bipolar Mode perform the following steps:

1. Use the keypad, set Level 2:Drive Configure:Active Parameter Table to 0 “Table 1”.
  2. Go to Level One and set Level 1: Input Setup:Operating Mode to Bipolar.
- Repeat the above steps but this time for Table 2.
3. Use the keypad, set Level 2:Drive Configure:Active Parameter Table to 1 “Table 2”.
  4. Go to Level One and set Level 1:Input Setup:Operating Mode to Bipolar.

The drive is now properly configured to switch between parameter Table 1 and Table 2.

### Home Adjustment

(Do not power up the control at this time. Perform this procedure after the Powerup Procedure at the end of this section). Perform this procedure as part of the Powerup Procedure described at the end of this section. To set the electrical home position perform the following procedure:

1. Disable drive (J2-8 open).
2. Set P2308 Homing Offset and P2307 Homing Speed as required.
3. Place control in remote mode.
4. Enable drive (J2-8 closed).
5. Close J2-9 and J2-10, forward and reverse enables.
6. Close J2-11 to start the move.
7. The motor runs forward in speed mode at homing speed until the index pulse is triggered. The homing function allows shaft rotation in the drive forward direction only. The home position is located when a machine mounted switch or “Index” pulse is activated (closed). Home is defined by a rising signal edge at Resolver expansion board terminal 8. The shaft will continue to rotate only in a “Drive Forward” direction for a user defined offset value. The offset is programmed in Level 2 Miscellaneous Homing Offset P2308. The Speed at which the motor will “Home” or orient is set in Level 2 Miscellaneous Homing Speed P2307.

To use the internally generated index pulse for homing, no external connections are required. However, to use an external index input, jumper J3 on the resolver expansion board must be moved to External Index (sync) and a switch must be connected to Index+ and Index-, shown in Figure 4-17.

- a. If the homing speed is increased, the homing offset may also need to be increased to avoid the motor reversing direction to reach the home position. The Home Offset is actually the counts the motor travels to stop after the home switch is found.
  - b. During the offset positioning portion of the homing move, Preset Speed 1 and ACC/DEC Group 1 are used.
  - c. If homing is triggered during a move, the drive enters speed mode, attains homing speed using ACC/DEC Group 1, then completes the homing normally.
8. Another home sequence can be performed while at the home position by opening and closing J2-11.

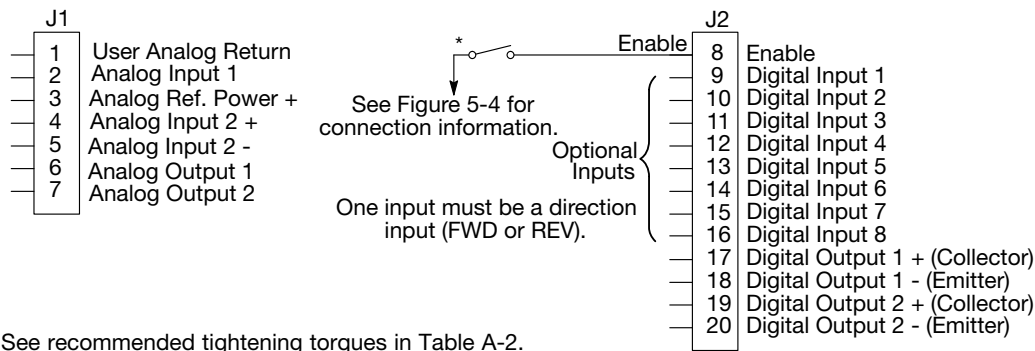
### 5.5.15 Pulse Follower

Provides electronic gearing of two or more controls from an upstream pulse reference. This mode requires expansion board EXBHH007 and its operation is described in MN755.

### 5.5.16 PLC

Provides control from a PLC device (Programmable Logic Control) as described in Chapter 10 of this manual. Preset speeds are set in software. The opto inputs can be switches as shown in Figure 5-20 or logic signals from another device.

**Figure 5-19 PLC Connection Diagram**



See recommended tightening torques in Table A-2.

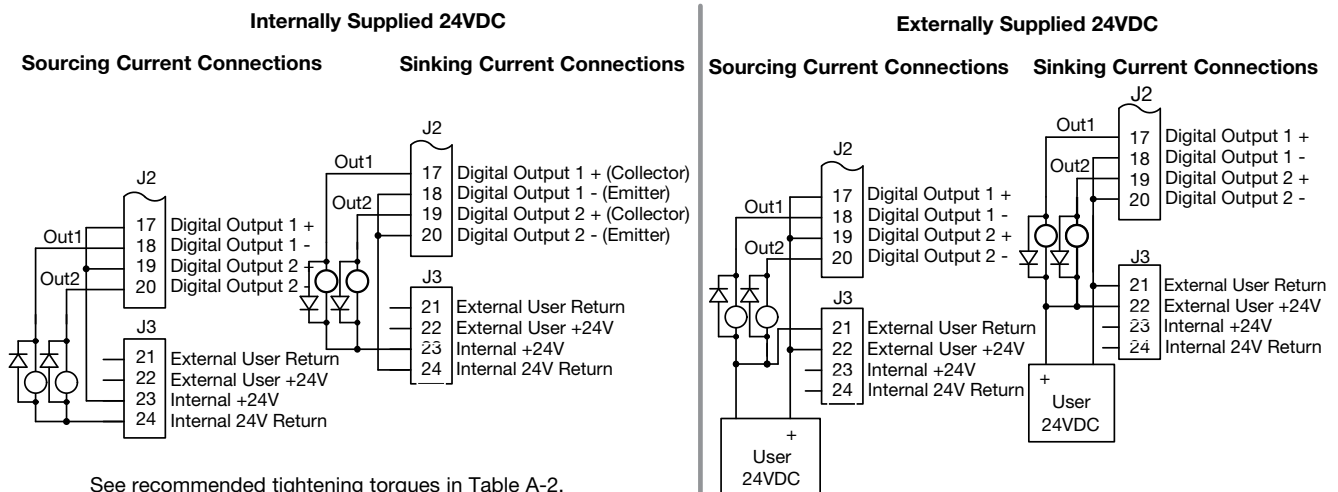
\*Note: Remove factory jumper from J2-8 and J3-24 before connecting switch at J2-8.

## 5.6 Digital Outputs

Digital Outputs 1 and 2 are opto-isolated. Internal supply or a customer provided external power source may be used as shown in Figure 5-21. The maximum voltage from Digital Output to common when active is 1.0 VDC.

If the Digital Outputs are used to directly drive a relay, a flyback diode rated at 1A, 100V (IN4002 or equivalent) minimum should be connected across the relay coil. See Figure 5-21. Each opto output is programmed in the Output programming block.

**Figure 5-20 Digital Output Power Connections**

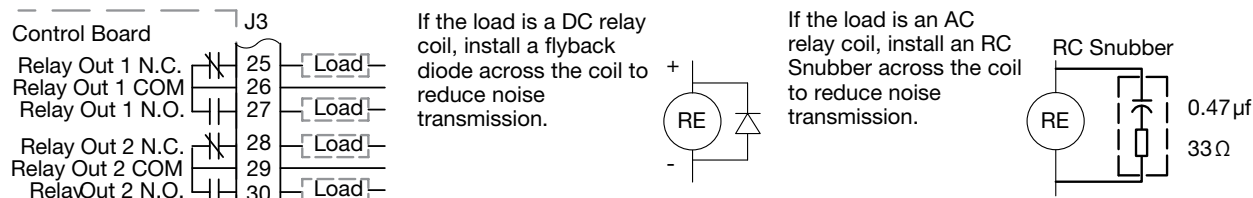




# 5.7 Relay Outputs

Relay Outputs 1 and 2 provide N.O. and N.C. voltage-free contacts. The internal relay function is shown in Figure 5-22.

**Figure 5-21 Relay Contacts**



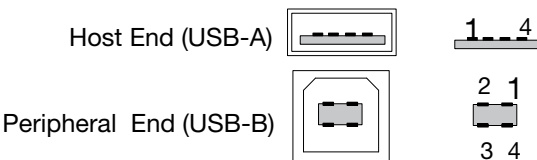
See recommended tightening torques in Table A-2.

**Note:** Relay Outputs are rated to 10-30VDC or 240VAC @ 5A resistive (non-inductive).

# 5.8 USB Port

The USB port shown in Figure 5-23 is a full 12Mbps USB 2.0 compliant port for serial communications. The connections are described in Figure 5-23 and Table 5-14.

**Figure 5-22 USB Receptacle Pin Identification**



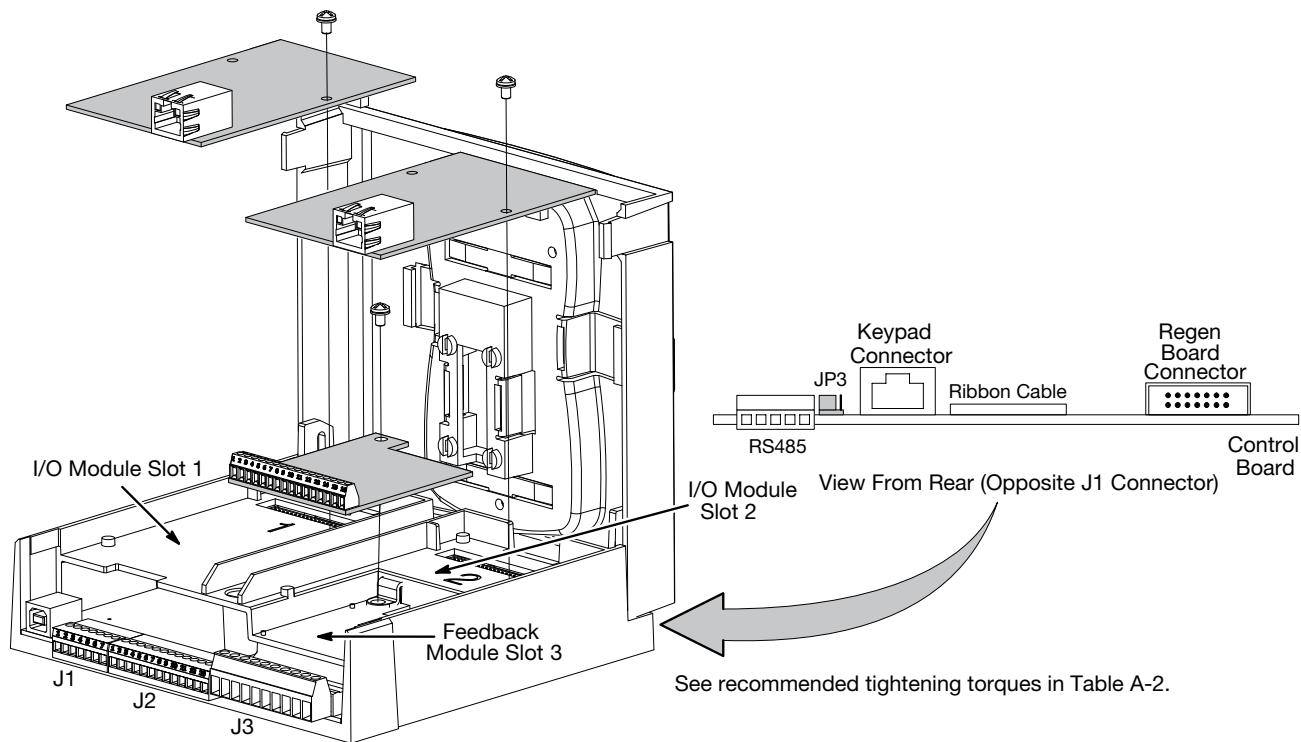
**Table 5-13 USB Port Connections**

Pin	Signal Name	Description
1	Vbus	USB power from the host for monitoring
2	D-	Data Return
3	D+	Data In
4	GND	Power Supply Return

5.9 Communication Expansion Boards

The communication and feedback module slots are shown in Figure 5-24. All option boards are designed as plug-in modules.

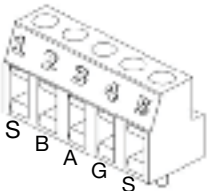
Figure 5-23 Expansion Board Location



5.9.1 RS485 Modbus

The serial communications port on the control board supports RS485 communications, Figure 5-24. The baud rate and node addresses are selectable from the Keypad. Jumper JP3 (Figure 5-24) on the control board sets termination. As shown (pins 2 and 3 jumpered) no terminating resistor is used. Setting the jumper to pins 1 and 2 selects the 120 ohm terminating resistor for the RS485 cable. The RS485 connections are described in Table 5-15. Refer to Baldor manual MN744 for connection and software information. Note that the hardware specifications for this port follow the RS485 standard.

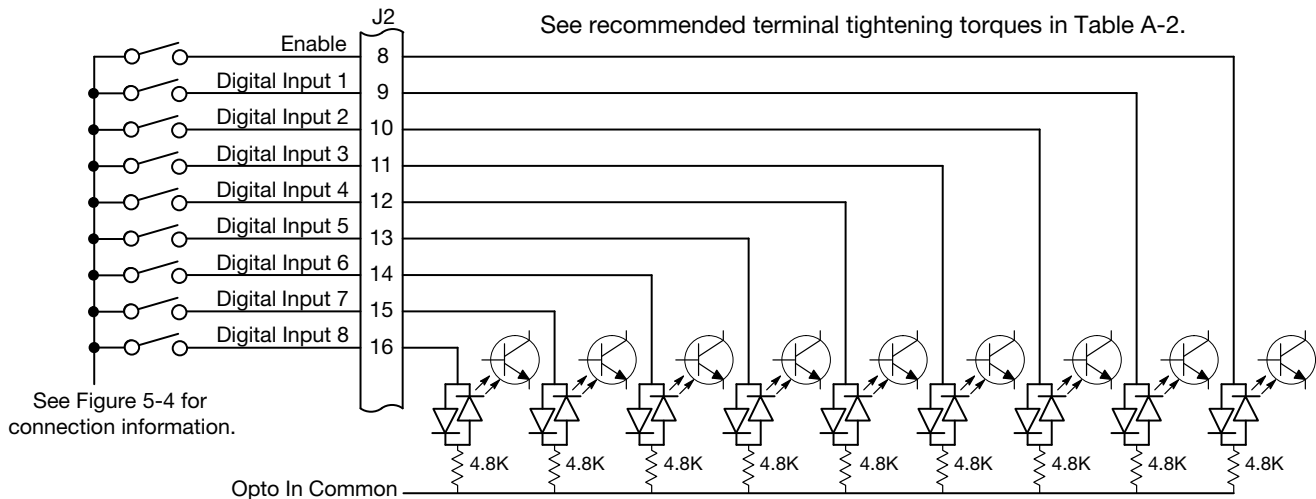
Table 5-14 RS485 Multi-Drop Port Connections

	Pin	Signal Name	Description
	1	SCR	Screen termination, connected to chassis on the control board
	2	B	Data Return
	3	A	Data In
	4	GND	Power Supply Return
	5	SCR	Screen termination, connected to chassis on the control board

# 5.10 Opto-Isolated Inputs

The equivalent circuit of the nine opto inputs is shown in Figure 5-25. The function of each input depends on the operating mode selected and each is described previously in this section. This Figure also shows the connections using the internal opto input Supply.

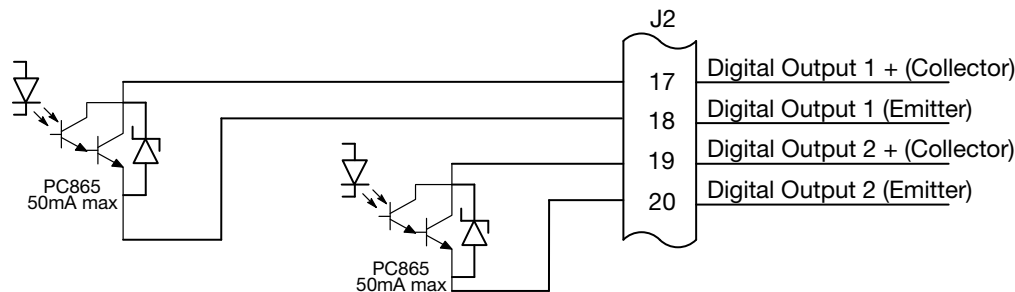
**Figure 5-24 Opto-Input Connections**



# 5.11 Opto-Isolated Outputs

The outputs are opto-isolated and may be configured for sinking or sourcing. However, all must be configured the same. The maximum voltage from opto output to common when active is 1.0 VDC (TTL compatible). The equivalent circuit for the opto-isolated outputs is shown in Figure 5-26.

**Figure 5-25 Opto-Output Equivalent Circuit**



## 5.12 Pre-Operation Checklist (Check of Electrical Items)

1. Verify AC line voltage at source matches control rating.
2. Inspect all power connections for accuracy, workmanship and tightness and compliance to codes.
3. Verify control and motor are grounded to each other and the control is connected to earth ground.
4. Check all signal wiring for accuracy.
5. Be certain all brake coils, contactors and relay coils have noise suppression. This should be an R-C filter for AC coils and reverse polarity diodes for DC coils. MOV type transient suppression is not adequate.

## 5.13 Powerup Procedure

1. Remove all power from the control.
2. Verify that any enable inputs to J2-8 are open.
3. Disconnect the motor from the load (including coupling or inertia wheels).
4. Turn power on. Be sure there are no faults.
5. Set the Level 2 Drive Limits block, "OPERATING ZONE" (P2001) parameter as desired (STD CONST TQ, STD VAR TQ, QUIET CONST TQ or QUIET VAR TQ).
6. If external dynamic brake hardware is used, set the Level 2 Brake Adjust block "Resistor Ohms" and "Resistor Watts" parameters.
7. Enable the control (J2-8 connect to J3-24).

**WARNING:**      **The motor shaft will rotate during this procedure. Be certain that unexpected motor shaft movement will not cause injury to personnel or damage to equipment.**

8. Select Basic Parameters from the main Keypad menu. Enter values for each parameter:
  - MOTOR RATED AMPS (P2402)
  - MOTOR POLE PAIRS (P2413)
  - MOTOR RATED SPEED (P2403)
  - FEEDBACK SOURCE (P2409)
  - ENCODER COUNTS (P2408) (Use default setting only)
  - CALC MOTOR MODEL - YES - (P2414)
9. Select "Advanced Prog", Level 2 Blocks, Auto Tune, "One-Step Tuning" and run all tests.
10. Remove all power from the control.
11. Couple the motor to its load.
12. Verify freedom of motion of motor shaft.
13. Verify the motor coupling is tight without backlash.
14. Verify the holding brakes if any, are properly adjusted to fully release and set to the desired torque value.
15. Turn power on. Be sure no errors are displayed.
16. Run the drive from the keypad using one of the following: the arrow keys for direct speed control, a keypad entered speed or the JOG mode.
17. Select and program additional parameters to suit the application.

The control is now ready for use in the keypad mode. If a different operating mode is desired, refer to Chapter 5 Operating Modes and Chapter 6 Using the Keypad.

## 5.14 Mint WorkBench

As an alternative to using the keypad for programming and setup, Baldor's Mint WorkBench software version 5.5 or greater can be used. When the software is installed and configured, the help topics provide information on how to use the software. The following procedure will help you install and configure the software.

Before you can use Mint WorkBench software, it must be installed on your PC's hard drive.

Be sure that the USB port of the control is connected to a USB port on your PC.

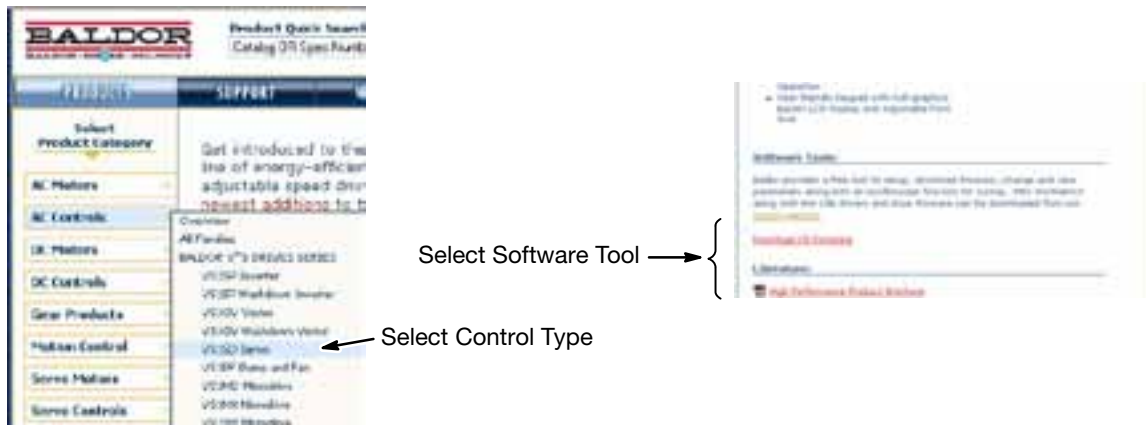
This must be connected to establish communication after the software is installed.

### 5.14.1 Install USB Driver

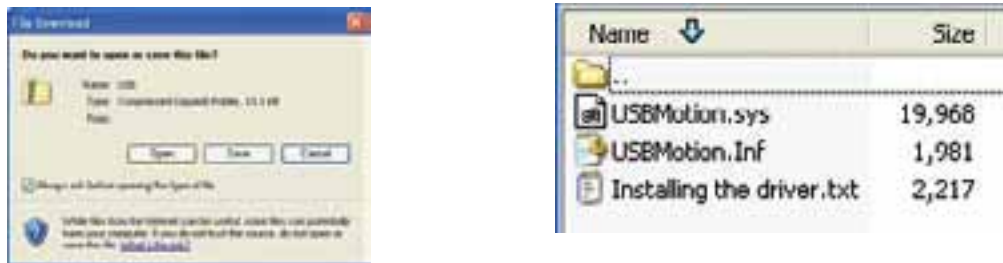
The control connects to a PC by using USB cable connection. This procedure installs the USB driver that is required by Windows.

1. The software must be downloaded from the Baldor site: <http://www.baldor.com> Simply log into that web site and select Products then select AC Controls then select VS1 Series AC Servo to locate the Software tools.
2. USB Device Driver

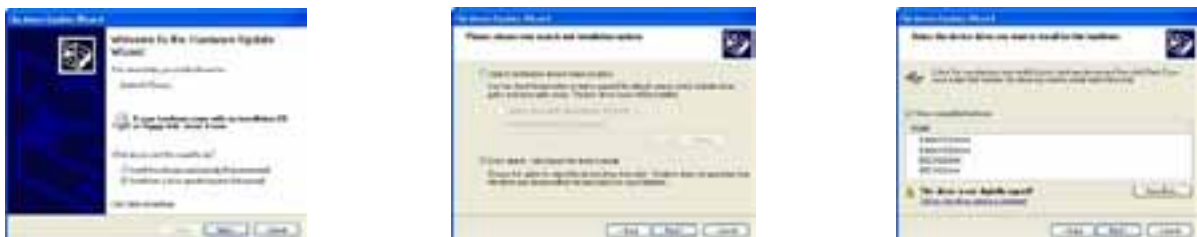
Figure 5-26 USB Driver



3. Click on USB Device Drive and select Open to view the uncompressed files.



4. Select the inf and sys files and copy them to a folder on your hard drive. These will be installed next.
5. Be sure the control is powered up.
6. Connect the USB cable to the control. Windows should find a new USB device.
7. Install the USB drivers.
  - a. Choose "install from a list or specific location" and click Next.
  - b. Choose "Don't search I will choose the driver to install".
  - c. Click "Have Disk". Then enter the location that you stored the inf and sys file (in step 3) and click Next to install the driver files.



8. Proceed to the Mint WorkBench installation procedure.

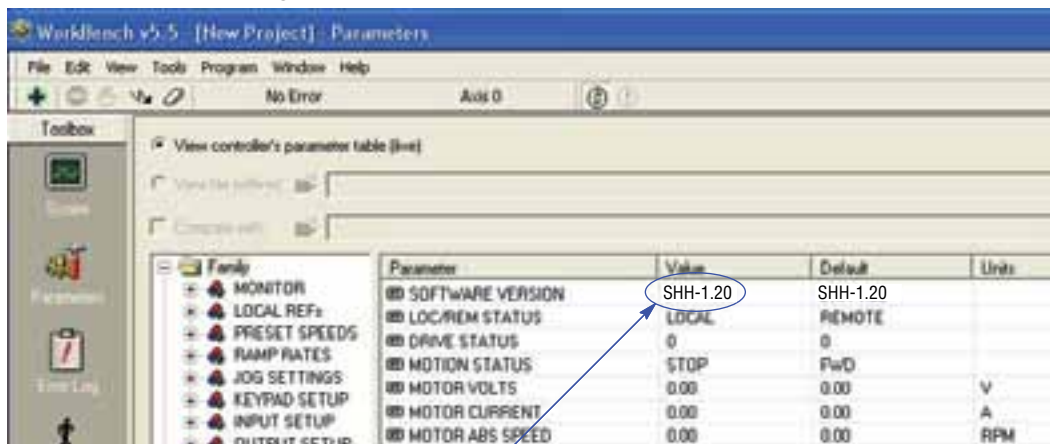
### 5.14.2 Install Mint WorkBench

1. Use the Add/Remove Software feature of the Windows control panel and remove previous versions of Mint WorkBench software.
2. The software must be downloaded from the Baldor site: <http://www.baldor.com>  
Simply log into that web site, Figure 5-27, and locate
  1. Mint WorkBench v X.x
3. Click on Download the software, and run the installation program.
4. When installation is complete, the Mint WorkBench program will start, see Figure 5-28.
  - a. Click "Start New Project".
  - b. Click "Scan".
  - c. Select "VS1" from the list.
  - d. Click Select and the Mint WorkBench main menu is displayed, see Figure 5-29.

Figure 5-27 Mint WorkBench Software Set-up



Figure 5-28 Communication Established



Software version is Servo (SHH) version 1 release 20.

- Parameter values can be modified as desired.

**Figure 5-29 Mint WorkBench Main Menu**

Change a Parameter Value Example:  
 Change Preset Speed 1 to 48RPM.  
 Click on Preset Speeds Block.  
 Click in the Value Column for Preset Speed 1.  
 Type in the new value "48" press enter.  
 Note that the keypad will instantly display the new value.

If the parameter value is a selection, a list will appear for you to make the selection.

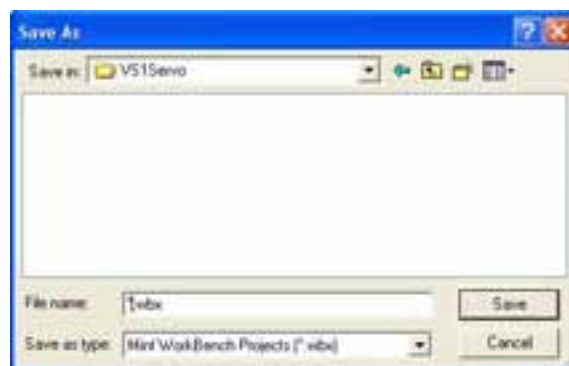


- When all parameter values are as desired, they can be saved to a file. Click File, see Figure 5-31. The PTX file is saved in My Documents\My Mint directory.
- When complete, the entire project can be saved to your PC's hard disk for future use. Click File, Save File, see Figure 5-31. The WBX file is saved in C:\Program Files\Mint Machine Center\Firmware\ you can choose the directory.

**Figure 5-30 Save Parameters & Project**



**Note:** For Parameter Tables, a .ptx extension is automatically added when you enter a file name.



**Note:** For Mint WorkBench Projects, a .wbx extension is automatically added when you enter a file name.

The help menus provided with the software can be used to explore other features and descriptions of menu choices. As previously stated, either the Mint WorkBench program or the Keypad can be used to adjust parameter values for the application.

### 5.14.3 Update Firmware

#### Installing chx Files

(If you are installing msx files skip this procedure and go to “Installing msx Files”).

This procedure erases memory and restores factory settings. All user data will be lost. After the firmware download, all user data values must be reprogrammed.

1. The software must be downloaded from the Baldor site: <http://www.baldor.com>

Simply log into that web site, Figure 5-27. Locate and click on Drive Firmware.

2. Save the firmware file to a location on your hard disk.

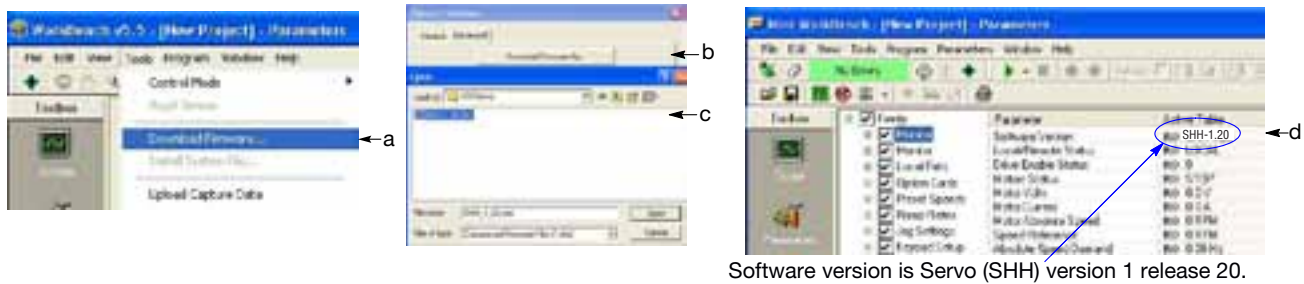
(for example: C:\Program Files\Mint Machine Center\Firmware\VS1 Servo\SHH\_1\_20.chx).

This procedure erases memory and restores factory settings. All user data will be lost. After the firmware download, all user data values must be reprogrammed.

3. Start the Workbench program as before, see Figure 5-32.
  - a. Select “Download Firmware” from the Tools menu.
  - b. Select “Advanced” then “Download Firmware File”, click “Yes” at the warning to download.
  - c. Select the firmware file to download (for example: SHH\_1\_20.chx).
  - d. When complete, the new firmware version is displayed and the control is ready for use.

**Note:** All user settings and motor parameter values have been over written by factory settings.

**Figure 5-31 Mint WorkBench Firmware Update**





# Chapter 6

## Using the Keypad

### 6.1 Keypad Components

The keypad is used to program the control parameters, to operate the motor and to monitor the status and outputs of the control by accessing the display options, the diagnostic menus and the fault log. Additionally drive parameters can be stored in the keypad for future retrieval.

#### 6.1.1 Display Description

**Keypad Display** – Displays status Information during Local or Remote operation. It also displays information during parameter setup and fault or Diagnostic information.

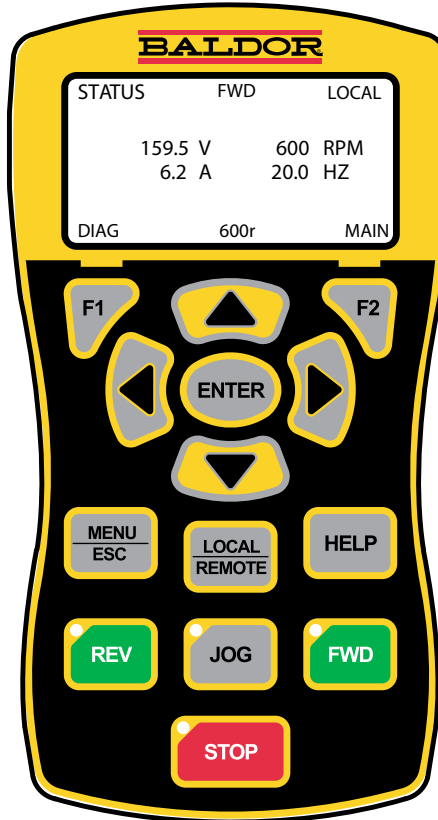
**F1** – Alternates or “toggles” between The last two menu choices or function Indicated by text displayed directly Above key.

**ENTER** – Press ENTER to save parameter value changes. In the display mode the ENTER key is used to directly set the local speed reference. It is also used to select other operations when prompted by the keypad display.

**MENU/ESC** – Selects the menu display when viewing status. The following menu items are shown: Status, Basic Params, Advanced Prog, Event Log, Diagnostics and Display Options. Backs up one level for other screens.

**REV** – When pressed, initiates a reverse direction run command.

**STOP** – Initiates a stop command.  
Note: Pressing the stop key twice in succession will immediately disable the drive placing the motor in a coast stop condition.



**Display Diagnostics** –  
I/O Status  
I/O Function configuration  
Modified Parameters  
Control Operation Data  
Custom Units  
Fault Display – 10 Faults with Time Stamp

**F2** – Clears faults or undo parameter edit changes or function indicated by text displayed directly above key.

▲ Up Arrow  
▼ Down Arrow  
◀ Left Arrow  
▶ Right Arrow  
Moves cursor to select menu choices.

**LOCAL/REMOTE** – Switches between local and remote modes.

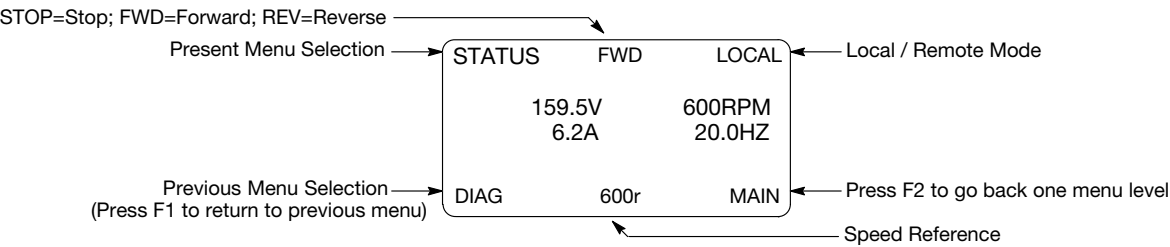
**HELP** – Provides help at each display screen, setup parameter and fault. Press to view/close help information.

**JOG** – Initiates Jog mode. Press FWD or REV for motion. Only active in local mode.

**FWD** – When pressed, initiates a forward direction run command.

**Indicator Lights** – (on indicated key)  
STOP key with red light indicator.  
FWD key with green light indicator.  
REV key with green light indicator.  
JOG key with green light indicator.

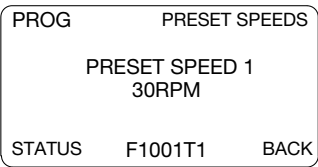
6.1.2 Display Features



Prog Mode Display Features:

The first character of the parameter number has the following meaning:


- F = Factory Setting (parameter value has not been changed).
- C = Custom value set by user (not factory value).
- V = Parameter value may be Viewed but not changed.
- L = Parameter value is locked, security code required.



Parameter Table used:  
T1, T2, T3, T4

## 6.2 Status Mode

When AC power is applied to the control, the keypad will display the status.

Action	Description	Display	Comments
Apply Power	Logo is displayed for a short time. The Status screen is then displayed.		
	Normal screen at start up. Displays Motor Voltage, Factory default value.	<div> <div>PROG</div> <div>MOTOR DATA</div> <div>MOTOR RATED VOLT</div> <div>230.0V</div> <div>STATUS F2401T1 BACK</div> </div>	
Press F1 - Status	Status screen is displayed	<div> <div>STATUS STOP LOCAL</div> <div>0.0V 0RPM</div> <div>0.0A 0.0HZ</div> <div>DIAG 0.00r MAIN</div> </div>	
Press ► key	Next screen format is displayed.	<div> <div>STATUS LOCAL</div> <div>STOP 0RPM</div> <div>0.0A</div> <div>DIAG 0.00r MAIN</div> </div>	
Press ► key	Next screen format is displayed.	<div> <div>STATUS LOCAL</div> <div>STOP 0RPM</div> <div>0.0HZ</div> <div>DIAG 0.00r MAIN</div> </div>	
Press ► key	Next screen format is displayed.	<div> <div>STATUS LOCAL</div> <div>STOP 0.0A</div> <div>0.0V</div> <div>DIAG 0.00r MAIN</div> </div>	
Press ► key	Next screen format is displayed.	<div> <div>STATUS LOCAL</div> <div>STOP 0RPM</div> <div>0.0V 0.0A</div> <div>DIAG 0.00r MAIN</div> </div>	
Press ► key	Next screen format is displayed.	<div> <div>STATUS LOCAL</div> <div>STOP 0.0NM</div> <div>0.0A 0RPM</div> <div>DIAG 0.00r MAIN</div> </div>	

Status Mode Continued

Action	Description	Display	Comments
Press ► key	The first screen format is displayed.	<div>STATUS      STOP      LOCAL</div> <div>0.0V                  0RPM</div> <div>0.0A                  0.0HZ</div> <div>DIAG          0.00r          MAIN</div>	
Press FWD key	Motor begins to rotate in the forward direction at the preset speed.	<div>STATUS      FWD      LOCAL</div> <div>159.5V              600RPM</div> <div>0.2A                20.0HZ</div> <div>DIAG          600r          MAIN</div>	

6.3 Menu Display

After power-up the display shows the Status screen. Press the Menu key to display menu options.

Action	Description	Display	Comments
Status Display		<div>STATUS      STOP      LOCAL</div> <div>0.0V                  0RPM</div> <div>0.0A                  0.0HZ</div> <div>DIAG          0.00r          MAIN</div>	
Press Menu/Esc	Displays top level menu options.	<div>STATUS</div> <div>BASIC PARAMS</div> <div>ADVANCED PROG</div> <div>EVENT LOG</div> <div>DIAGNOSTICS</div> <div>DIAG                  ▼                  BACK</div>	Press ▲ or ▼ to move cursor over the desired selection and press “Enter” to select and display the selection.

## 6.4 Basic Params

From the Menu display screen, select Basic Params and press Enter.

### Parameter Status

All programmable parameters are displayed with an “F” at the bottom center of the display. “F” means it is the factory setting value. “C” means it is a custom value set by the user. “V” means the parameter value may be viewed but not changed while the motor is operating. If the parameter is displayed with an “L”, the value is locked and may not be changed until the security code is entered.

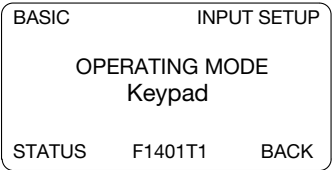
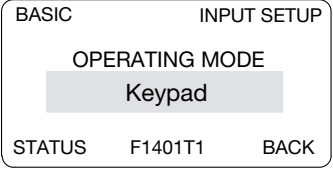
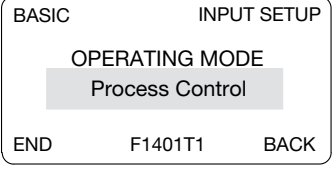
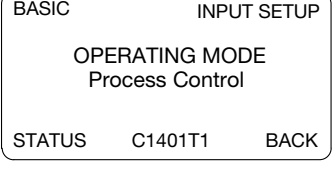
Action	Description	Display	Comments
Basic Params Display	Control type display. The parameter number “1601” is given at the bottom center of the display. “F”1601 indicates it is at the factory setting and has not been changed.	<div> <div>BASIC      MOTOR CONTROL</div> <div>CONTROL TYPE</div> <div>AC Servo</div> <div>STATUS      F1601T1      BACK</div> </div>	No other control selections are available.
Press ► to go to the next Basic Params screen.		<div> <div>BASIC      MOTOR DATA</div> <div>MOTOR RATED AMPS</div> <div>4.2 A</div> <div>STATUS      F2402T1      BACK</div> </div>	
Press ► to go to the next Basic Params screen.		<div> <div>BASIC      MOTOR DATA</div> <div>MOTOR POLE PAIRS</div> <div>2</div> <div>STATUS      F2413T1      BACK</div> </div>	
Press ► to go to the next Basic Params screen.		<div> <div>BASIC      MOTOR DATA</div> <div>MOTOR RATED SPD</div> <div>2500 RPM</div> <div>STATUS      F2403T1      BACK</div> </div>	
Press ► to go to the next Basic Params screen.		<div> <div>BASIC      MOTOR DATA</div> <div>FEEDBACK SOURCE</div> <div>Daughter FDBK</div> <div>STATUS      F2409T1      BACK</div> </div>	
Press ► to go to the next Basic Params screen.		<div> <div>BASIC      MOTOR DATA</div> <div>ENCODER COUNTS</div> <div>1024 PPR</div> <div>STATUS      F2408T1      BACK</div> </div>	

## Basic Params Continued

Action	Description	Display	Comments
Press ► to go to the next Basic Params screen.		<div> <div>BASIC      MOTOR DATA</div> <div>CALC MOTOR MODEL No</div> <div>STATUS    F2414      BACK</div> </div>	
Press ► to go to the next Basic Params screen.		<div> <div>BASIC      INPUT SETUP</div> <div>OPERATING MODE Keypad</div> <div>STATUS    F2401T1      BACK</div> </div>	
Press ► to go to the next Basic Params screen.		<div> <div>BASIC      RAMP RATES</div> <div>ACCEL TIME 1 3.0 SEC</div> <div>STATUS    F1101T1      BACK</div> </div>	
Press ► to go to the next Basic Params screen.		<div> <div>BASIC      RAMP RATES</div> <div>DECEL TIME 1 3.0 SEC</div> <div>STATUS    F1104T1      BACK</div> </div>	
Press ► to go to the next Basic Params screen.		<div> <div>BASIC      DRIVE LIMITS</div> <div>MIN OUTPUT SPEED 0 RPM</div> <div>STATUS    F2202 T1      BACK</div> </div>	
Press ► to go to the next Basic Params screen.		<div> <div>BASIC      DRIVE LIMITS</div> <div>MAX OUTPUT SPEED 2500 RPM</div> <div>STATUS    F2003T1      BACK</div> </div>	
Press ► to go to the next Basic Params screen.		<div> <div>BASIC</div> <div>END OF BASIC PARAMS</div> <div>STATUS                      BACK</div> </div>	

### How to Change a Value

These are the BASIC screens. To change a value, simply display the desired parameter and press Enter and change the value. For example:

Action	Description	Display	Comments
Press ► to go to the next Basic Params screen.	1401 indicates the parameter number and F indicates it is the factory value.		
Press Enter to choose parameter value and edit.			Press "F2" to exit EDIT mode without saving changes.
Press the ▲ or ▼ keys to change parameter value.			
Press Enter to save the parameter value and exit.			

When editing a parameter value, the function of the "F1" key (previous parameter block) shown in the lower left of the display changes to one of the following to help select the parameter value: TOP Press "F1" to display and select the first value in the list of parameter values.

When the first parameter value is displayed, press Enter or scroll to select a different value. END Press "F1" to display and select the last value in the list of parameter values.

When the last parameter value is displayed, press Enter or scroll to select a different value. DEF Press "F1" to display and select the Factory Setting value.

PREV Press "F1" to display and select previous value.

MIN Press "F1" to display and select minimum parameter value.

MAX Press "F1" to display and select maximum parameter value.

**Note:** When END is displayed, Pressing "F1" will display the last value in the list but then TOP or DEF is displayed. The "F1" key allows you to quickly move through large lists of parameter choices. The value is not selected until you press "Enter".

## 6.5 Save Parameter Values

The keypad keys and display work with the memory of the control. When a parameter value is displayed, the displayed value is the value stored in control memory. The changes are written to non-volatile memory and are stored even when power is removed. Normal control operation can resume when power is restored.

Keypad memory is only used to backup the four parameter tables stored in control memory. This means that after the parameters are configured for the application and the control operation is as desired, a copy of the parameters can be saved to keypad memory as a backup copy. This backup copy can be restored at any time. This is useful to restore program operation after a firmware update or to make several controls operate the same. It prevents having to make the changes to each control individually.

Action	Description	Display	Comments
Press Menu.	Go to the Advanced Prog Level 1 Keypad Setup block.	<pre> PRESET SPEEDS RAMP RATES JOG SETTINGS KEYPAD SETUP INPUT SETUP  STATUS          BACK </pre>	Press "Enter" to select.
Press Enter to edit Keypad Setup parameters.	Scroll to PARAMS TO KEYPAD.	<pre> PROG          KEYPAD SETUP  PARAMS TO KEYPAD No  STATUS    F1310    BACK </pre>	Press "Enter" to change parameter value.  Note that T1 is missing from the parameter number. It is not part of the stored parameter table values T1, T2, T3 and T4.
Press Enter to edit parameter.		<pre> EDIT          KEYPAD SETUP  PARAMS TO KEYPAD Yes  STATUS    F1310    BACK </pre>	Press ▲ to change value to YES.
Press Enter to load the parameter table values from control memory to keypad memory.		<pre> PROG          KEYPAD SETUP  PARAMS TO KEYPAD No  STATUS    F1310    BACK </pre>	Press "F2" to return to Keypad Setup menu.

A copy of all four parameter tables have now been saved to non-volatile keypad memory.



## 6.6 Restore Parameter Values

The keypad keys and display work with the memory of the control. When a parameter value is displayed, the displayed value is the value stored in control memory. The changes are written to non-volatile memory and are stored even when power is removed. Normal control operation can resume when power is restored.

Keypad memory is only used to backup the four parameter tables stored in control memory. This means that after the parameters are configured for the application and the control operation is as desired, a copy of the parameters can be saved to keypad memory as a backup copy. This backup copy can be restored at any time. This is useful to restore program operation after a firmware update or to make several controls operate the same. It prevents having to make the changes to each control individually.

Action	Description	Display	Comments
Press Menu.	Go to the Level 1 Keypad Setup block.	<pre> PRESET SPEEDS RAMP RATES JOG SETTINGS KEYPAD SETUP INPUT SETUP           </pre>	Press "Enter" to select.
Press Enter to edit Keypad Setup parameters.	Scroll to DOWNLOAD SELECT and change as desired.	<pre> PROG      KEYPAD SETUP           DOWNLOAD SELECT           ALL STATUS    F1311T1    BACK           </pre>	ALL = Download all parameters. Motor = Download only motor parameters. Other = All parameters other than motor parameters.
	Scroll to KEYPAD TO PARAMS.	<pre> PROG      KEYPAD SETUP           KEYPAD TO PARAMS           No STATUS    F1312T1    BACK           </pre>	Press "Enter" to change parameter value.
Press Enter to edit parameter.		<pre> EDIT      KEYPAD SETUP           KEYPAD TO PARAMS           Yes STATUS    F1312T1    BACK           </pre>	Press ▲ to change value to YES.
Press Enter to load the parameter table values from keypad memory to control memory.		<pre> PROG      KEYPAD SETUP           KEYPAD TO PARAMS           No STATUS    F1312T1    BACK           </pre>	Press "F2" to return to Keypad Setup menu.

A copy of all four parameter tables have now been restored to non-volatile memory control.

## 6.7 Advanced Prog

At the Menu display screen, select ADVANCED PROG and press Enter. This menu provides access to all drive parameters which are organized in blocks that are grouped into one of 3 levels. Examples of tasks accomplished via this menu are:

1. Adjustment of motor data not available in the basic parameters menu.
2. Auto Tune the motor.
3. Customize the drive parameters to your application.

### Parameter Status

All programmable parameters are displayed with its parameter number shown at the bottom center of the display. “F” means it is the factory setting value. “C” means it is a custom value set by the user. “V” means the parameter value may be viewed but not changed while the motor is operating. If the parameter is displayed with an “L”, the value is locked and may not be changed until the security code is entered.

Action	Description	Display	Comments
Advanced Prog Display	Top Level Advanced Prog menu.	<div> <div>LEVEL 1 BLOCKS</div> <div>LEVEL 2 BLOCKS</div> <div>LEVEL 3 BLOCKS</div> <div>MODIFIED PARAMS</div> <div>LINEAR LIST</div> <div>STATUS<span style="float:right">BACK</span></div> </div>	Press enter to program level 1 block parameters. Press ▼ to view Level 2 blocks. Press ▼ to view Level 3 blocks. Press ▼ to view list of parameters that have been changed from their factory settings or to view a list of parameters organized by number.
Press Enter to edit Level 1 parameters.	Top of Level 1 Advanced Prog Block 1 menu.	<div> <div>PRESET SPEEDS</div> <div>RAMP RATES</div> <div>JOG SETTINGS</div> <div>KEYPAD SETUP</div> <div>INPUT SETUP</div> <div>STATUS<span style="float:right">BACK</span></div> </div>	Press ▼ to scroll to next level 1 block.
Press Enter to select Preset Speeds.	Preset speed 1 value display.	<div> <div>PROG<span style="float:right">PRESET SPEEDS</span></div> <div>PRESET SPEED 1</div> <div>30 RPM</div> <div>STATUS<span style="float:right">F1001T1<span style="border: 1px solid black;"> </span>BACK</span></div> </div>	Press ▼ to go to next Preset Speed parameter.
Press Enter to edit Preset Speed 1.	Press ▲ or ▼ to increase or decrease the value highlighted by the cursor.	<div> <div>EDIT<span style="float:right">PRESET SPEEDS</span></div> <div>PRESET SPEED 1</div> <div>00030 RPM</div> <div>MAX<span style="float:right">F1001T1<span style="border: 1px solid black;"> </span>RESET</span></div> </div>	Press ► or ◀ to move cursor.  Press “F1” to select the maximum allowable speed.
	Press ▲ to increase the value.	<div> <div>EDIT<span style="float:right">PRESET SPEEDS</span></div> <div>PRESET SPEED 1</div> <div>000040 RPM</div> <div>MAX<span style="float:right">F1001T1<span style="border: 1px solid black;"> </span>RESET</span></div> </div>	Press F2 to exit editing the value without saving or press Enter to exit and save the new value.
Press Enter to save the new value and stop editing.		<div> <div>PROG<span style="float:right">PRESET SPEEDS</span></div> <div>PRESET SPEED 1</div> <div>000040 RPM</div> <div>STATUS<span style="float:right">C1001T1<span style="border: 1px solid black;"> </span>BACK</span></div> </div>	Press F2 to return to previous screen.  Press F1 to go to Status screen.

Parameter values in other Level 1, 2 and 3 blocks can be selected and edited in the same way.

### 6.7.1 Modified Parameters

Allows viewing of all parameters that have been changed from factory set values.

Action	Description	Display	Comments
Advanced Prog Display.	Top Level Advanced Prog menu.	<div> LEVEL 1 BLOCKS  LEVEL 2 BLOCKS  LEVEL 3 BLOCKS  <b>MODIFIED PARAMS</b>  LINEAR LIST </div>	Press ▼ to scroll to Modified Params. Press enter to view list of parameters that have been changed from their factory settings.
Press Enter to select Modified Parameters.	View parameter values that have been changed from factory settings by user selection, autotune, etc.	<div> PROG            PRESET SPEEDS   PRESET SPEED 1  38 RPM   STATUS    C1001T1    BACK </div>	Press ► to go to next modified parameter. Press F2 to return to Advanced Prog menu.
		<div> PROG            INPUT SETUP   OPERATING MODE  PLC   STATUS    C1401T1    BACK </div>	Press ► to go to next modified parameter. Press F2 to return to Advanced Prog menu.

### 6.7.2 Linear List

Action	Description	Display	Comments
Advanced Prog Display.	Top Level Advanced Prog menu.	<div> LEVEL 1 BLOCKS  LEVEL 2 BLOCKS  LEVEL 3 BLOCKS  MODIFIED PARAMS  <b>LINEAR LIST</b> </div>	Press ▼ to scroll to Linear List. Press enter to view list of parameters beginning with 1001.
Press Enter to select sequential view of parameters by parameter number "Linear List".	<p>The number and name of each parameter is displayed in listing format.</p> <p>The first character of the parameter number has the following meaning:</p> <p>F = Factory Setting  C = Custom value set by user  V = Parameter value may be Viewed but not changed.  L = Parameter value is locked, security code required.</p>	<div> <b>C1001 PRESET SPEED 1</b>  F1002 PRESET SPEED 2  F1003 PRESET SPEED 3  F1004 PRESET SPEED 4  F1005 PRESET SPEED 5   PNUM                      BACK </div>	<p>Press ▲ or ▼ keys to scroll to through the parameter list.</p> <p>Press ► or ◀ keys to jump to next page.</p> <p>Press F2 to return to previous menu.</p>

### Change a parameter value within the linear list as follows:

Action	Description	Display	Comments
Press Enter to select the parameter value to be viewed or modified.	The number and name of each parameter is displayed in listing format.	<pre> C1001 PRESET SPEED 1 F1002 PRESET SPEED 2 F1003 PRESET SPEED 3 F1004 PRESET SPEED 4 F1005 PRESET SPEED 5 PNUM                                BACK </pre>	Press ▲ or ▼ keys to scroll to through the parameter list. Press ► or ◀ keys to jump to next page. Press F2 to return to previous menu.
Press Enter to change the parameter value.	The parameter value can be changed as previously described in Advanced Programming.	<pre> PROG          PRESET SPEEDS               PRESET SPEED 1               38 RPM STATUS  C1001T1  BACK </pre>	Press Enter then use cursor keys to position cursor and increase or decrease each character under the cursor as desired. Press F2 to return to previous menu.

### Jump to display a different range of parameters as follows:

Action	Description	Display	Comments
Press F1 key (PNUM) to highlight Parameter Number.	The parameter number is highlighted.	<pre> C1001 PRESET SPEED 1 F1002 PRESET SPEED 2 F1003 PRESET SPEED 3 F1004 PRESET SPEED 4 F1005 PRESET SPEED 5 PNUM                                BACK </pre>	Press F1 key (PNUM) to highlight Parameter Number Press ▲ or ▼ keys to scroll. Press F2 (BACK) to return to previous menu.
Press Enter key to edit the highlight Parameter Number.	The parameter number is highlighted.	<pre> C2001 PRESET SPEED 1 F1002 PRESET SPEED 2 F1003 PRESET SPEED 3 F1004 PRESET SPEED 4 F1005 PRESET SPEED 5 PNUM                                BACK </pre>	Use cursor keys to position cursor and increase or decrease each character under the cursor as desired. Press Enter when finished. Press F2 to return to previous menu.
	The newly selected parameter number range is displayed. These values may be viewed and changed or jump to a different parameter range may be performed.	<pre> F2001 OPERATING ZONE F2002 MIN OUTPUT SPEED F2003 MAX OUTPUT SPEED F2004 PWM FREQUENCY F2006 CURR RATE LIMIT PNUM                                BACK </pre>	Press ▲ or ▼ keys to scroll to through the parameter list. Press ► or ◀ keys to jump to next page. Press F2 (BACK) to return to previous menu.

## 6.8 Event Log

From the Menu display screen, select Event Log and press enter. Trace is used to display control conditions present at the time the fault occurred. A separate trace log is recorded for each event.

Action	Description	Display	Comments
Event Log Display	Displays error name, Entry # and time the error occurred.  LOW INITIAL BUS 0      Date                      Time  Entry # DD/MM/YY HH:MM:SS 0-9	<pre> EV. LOG    STOP    LOCAL           LOW INITIAL BUS           0  4-Jul-06          09:35:00           STATUS          TRACE </pre>	Press ▲ or ▼ to view next entry.  Press F2 to view Trace Log Press F1 to return to Status Menu.  Note: Trace is described in Chapter 9 of this manual.

Input states, Output states, various voltage and current values etc. can be viewed to help understand the cause of the fault condition. See Chapter 9 of this manual for more information.

## 6.9 Diagnostics

From the Menu display screen, select Diagnostics and press enter. These are read only values with the exception of the real time clock settings.

See Chapter 9 for a more detailed description.

Action	Description	Display	Comments
Press Menu.	Displays top level menu options.	<div> STATUS  BASIC PARAMS  ADVANCED PROG  EVENT LOG  <b>DIAGNOSTICS</b>  STATUS BACK </div>	Press ▲ or ▼ to move cursor over the “DIAGNOSTICS” selection.  Press Enter to view diagnostic information.
Press ► to display next group.	Displays active operating mode settings.	<div> DIAG STOP LOCAL  OPERATING MODE  Keypad  Speed  AC Servo  STATUS 0.00r MAIN </div>	
Press ► to display next group.	Bit display of digital inputs, outputs and the voltage present at the internal 24V supply terminals. Note: Example display shows that the drive enable terminal (J2-8) is on and that Relay Out 2 is on.	<div> DIAG STOP LOCAL  DIGITAL I/O  INPUTS 100000000  OUTPUTS 0001  USER 24V 24.9V  STATUS 0.00r MAIN </div>	Press ► or ◀ to go to the next or previous Diagnostic screen.  Press F2 to return to main menu.  Press F1 to go to STATUS screen.
Press ► to display next group.	OutputFrequency % Feedforward % Setpoint, % Feedback	<div> DIAG STOP LOCAL  PROC CONTROL PID  0.00HZ 0.0FF  0.0SP 0.0FB  STATUS 0.00r MAIN </div>	Press ► or ◀ to go to the next or previous Diagnostic screen. Press F2 to return to main menu. Note: This screen does not appear unless P1401 is set to Process Control. Press F1 to go to STATUS screen.
Press ► to display next group.	Displays software version, hp, volts and Amp/Volt ratings.	<div> DIAG STOP LOCAL  SHH-1.21  RATED HP 3HP  RATED VOLTS 240.0V  RATED A/V 4.0A/V  STATUS 0.00r MAIN </div>	Press ► or ◀ to go to the next or previous Diagnostic screen.  Press F2 to return to main menu.  Press F1 to go to STATUS screen.
Press ► to display next group.		<div> DIAG STOP LOCAL  SHH-1.21  RATED CURRE 9.6A  RATED PK CU 16.8A  STATUS 0.00r MAIN </div>	Press ► or ◀ to go to the next or previous Diagnostic screen.  Press F2 to return to main menu.  Press F1 to go to STATUS screen.
Press ► to display next group.	Displays:  Power Base ID number EE Firmware version FPGA Firmware version	<div> DIAG STOP LOCAL  POWER BASE VERSION  ID 0x000A2003  EE VER 0x00000001  FPGA VER 0x00000A02  STATUS 0.00r MAIN </div>	Press ► or ◀ to go to the next or previous Diagnostic screen.  Press F2 to return to main menu. Press F1 to go to STATUS screen. 0x=Hexadecimal 0b=Binary
Press ► to display next group.	Displays real time clock values (date and time) and total run time since installation.  Press ENTER to set date and time.	<div> DIAG STOP LOCAL  REAL TIME CLOCK  Jul 4, 2006  22:07:35  RUN TIMER 474.1HR  STATUS 0.00r MAIN </div>	Press ► or ◀ to go to the next or previous Diagnostic screen.  Press F2 to return to main menu.  Press F1 to go to STATUS screen.

## Diagnostics Continued

Action	Description	Display	Comments
Press ► to display next group.	Displays energy cost (based on parameter P2305 value).	<div> DIAG      STOP      LOCAL  ENERGY  EST POWER      0.00KW  EST ENERGY      0.0KWH  EST COST      0.0\$  STATUS      0.00r      MAIN </div>	Press ► or ◀ to go to the next or previous Diagnostic screen.  Press F2 to return to main menu.  Press F1 to go to Status screen.
Press ► to display next group.	Diagnostic Analog Input values display	<div> DIAG      STOP      LOCAL  ANALOG INPUTS  ANA IN1      1.3v  ANA IN2      0.0v  STATUS      0.00r      MAIN </div>	Press ► or ◀ to go to the next or previous Diagnostic screen.  Press F2 to return to main menu.  Press F1 to go to Status screen.
Press ► to display next group.	Diagnostic Analog Output values display	<div> DIAG      STOP      LOCAL  ANALOG OUTPUTS  ANA OUT1      0.0V  ANA OUT2      0.0V  STATUS      0.00r      MAIN </div>	Press ► or ◀ to go to the next or previous Diagnostic screen.  Press F2 to return to main menu.  Press F1 to go to Status screen.
Press ► to display next group.	Full revolutions are displayed.	<div> DIAG      STOP      LOCAL  POSITION COUNTER  REVOLUTIONS      0  COUNTS      0  SPEED MEAS      0  STATUS      0.00r      MAIN </div>	Press ► or ◀ to go to the next or previous Diagnostic screen.  Press F2 to return to main menu.  Press F1 to go to Status screen.
Press ► to display next group.	Diagnostic installed Option Card identification display.	<div> DIAG      STOP      LOCAL  OPTION BOARDS  OPTION 1      ETHERNET  OPTION 2      NONE  FEEDBACK      RESOLVER  STATUS      0.00r      MAIN </div>	Press ► or ◀ to go to the next or previous Diagnostic screen.  Press F2 to return to main menu.  Press F1 to go to Status screen.
Press ► to display next group.	Displays keypad software version. (Note that this is not the same as the drive control firmware.)	<div> DIAG      STOP      LOCAL  KEYPAD VERSION  KEYPAD SOF      1.1X  STATUS      0.00r      MAIN </div>	Press ► or ◀ to go to the next or previous Diagnostic screen.  Press F2 to return to main menu.  Press F1 to go to Status screen.
Press ► to display next group.	Displays Composite Reference values.	<div> DIAG      STOP      LOCAL  COMPOSITE REF  COMPONENT A      0.00%  COMPONENT B      0.00%  REFERENCE      0.00%  STATUS      0.00r      Alarm </div>	Press ► or ◀ to go to the next or previous Diagnostic screen.  Press F2 to return to main menu.  Press F1 to go to Status screen.
Press ► to display next group.	DC Bus Voltage Drive Heatsink Temperature % Drive Overload (remaining)	<div> DIAG      STOP      LOCAL  DRIVE  BUS VOLTAGE      333.9V  DRIVE TEMP      26.1C  DRIVE O/L L      100.0%  STATUS      0.00r      MAIN </div>	Press ► or ◀ to go to the next or previous Diagnostic screen.  Press F2 to return to main menu.  Press F1 to go to Status screen.
Press ► to display next group.	Motor Voltage Motor Current % Motor Overload (remaining)	<div> DIAG      STOP      LOCAL  MOTOR  MOTOR VOLTAGE      333.9V  MOTOR CURRE      4.8A  MOTOR O/L L      100.0%  STATUS      0.00r      MAIN </div>	Press ► or ◀ to go to the next or previous Diagnostic screen.  Press F2 to return to main menu.  Press F1 to go to Status screen.

## 6.10 Display Options

Action	Description	Display	Comments
Press "F2" to return to MAIN MENU.	Displays top level menu options.	<div> STATUS  BASIC PARAMS  ADVANCED PROG  EVENT LOG  <b>DIAGNOSTICS</b>  DIAG ▼ BACK </div>	Press "F1" or "F2" to return to DIAGNOSTICS.
Press ▼ to DISPLAY OPTIONS. Press ENTER.		<div> BASIC PARAMS  ADVANCED PROG  EVENT LOG  DIAGNOSTICS  <b>DISPLAY OPTIONS</b>  DIAG BACK </div>	
	Displays the KEYPAD CONTRAST adjustment screen.	<div> PROG      KEYPAD SETUP    KEYPAD CONTRAST  50%  STATUS    F1313T1    BACK </div>	Press "Enter" to change parameter value. Press ► or ◀ to display next screen. Press "F1" to return to STATUS screen. Press "F2" to return to previous menu.
Press ► to display next parameter.	Displays the BACKLIGHT On/Off select screen.	<div> PROG      KEYPAD SETUP    BACKLIGHT  On  DIAG      F1314T1    BACK </div>	Press "Enter" to change parameter value. Press ► or ◀ to display next screen. Press "F1" to return to STATUS screen. Press "F2" to return to previous menu.

## 6.11 Operating the Control from the Keypad

To activate the LOCAL Mode, first press the “STOP” key (if enabled).

**Note:** Pressing the keypad STOP key (if enabled) will automatically issue a motor stop command and change to LOCAL mode. Selection of LOCAL Mode overrides any remote or serial control inputs except the External Trip input, Local Enable Input or STOP input.

The control can operate the motor from the keypad in two ways.

1. JOG Command.
2. Speed adjustment with Keypad entered values and/or Keypad Up/Down arrow keys.

**Note:** If the level 1, input block operating mode parameter is set to Keypad, then no other means of operation is permitted other than from the keypad.

### 6.11.1 Accessing the Keypad JOG Command

Action	Description	Display	Comments
Status Display		<div> STATUS      STOP      LOCAL    0.0V              0RPM  0.0A              0.0HZ    DIAG              0.00r      MAIN </div>	
Press JOG key Next, press and hold the FWD or REV key	The JOG LED will light indicating the JOG mode is active. Holding the FWD or REV key starts JOG operation. Releasing FWD or REV key will terminate motor rotation.	<div> STATUS      FWD      LOCAL    10.1V              210RPM  1.3A              7.0HZ    DIAG              210r      MAIN </div>	To change Jog Speed, Edit Level 1 parameter P1201 (Jog Speed).  Press STOP key twice to terminate JOG mode.

### 6.11.2 Speed Adjustment using Local Speed Reference

Action	Description	Display	Comments
At the Status Display, press ENTER key to access Local Speed Reference.		<div> EDIT              LOCAL REFs    LOC SPEED REF  000000 RPM    MAX              F0201      RESET </div>	
		<div> EDIT              LOCAL REFs    LOC SPEED REF  000000 RPM    DIAG              F0201      BACK </div>	Press ► or ◀ to move cursor. Press ▲ or ▼ to increase or decrease value at cursor. Press ENTER when finished and save the new value.
		<div> EDIT              LOCAL REFs    LOC SPEED REF  000300 RPM    DIAG              C0201      BACK </div>	Press ► or ◀ to move cursor. Press ▲ or ▼ to increase or decrease value at cursor. Press ENTER when finished and save the new value.
Press FWD or REV key.	The control will turn the motor shaft at the local speed ref speed.	<div> STATUS      FWD      LOCAL    12.7V              300RPM  1.3A              10.0HZ    DIAG              300r      BACK </div>	Press STOP key to terminate local speed mode.  Press ▲ or ▼ to increase or decrease motor speed during rotation.



# Chapter 7

## Parameter Descriptions

### 7.1 Level 1 Parameters (Advanced Prog, Level 1 Blocks)

Table 7-1 Level 1 Parameter Block Definitions

Block Title	Parameter (Number) Selection (Value)	Parameter Name and Description
PRESET SPEEDS	<b>PRESET SPEED 1</b> (1001)	Preset Value: 30
	<b>PRESET SPEED 2</b> (1002)	Preset Value: 60
	<b>PRESET SPEED 3</b> (1003)	Preset Value: 90
	<b>PRESET SPEED 4</b> (1004)	Preset Value: 120
	<b>PRESET SPEED 5</b> (1005)	Preset Value: 150
	<b>PRESET SPEED 6</b> (1006)	Preset Value: 180
	<b>PRESET SPEED 7</b> (1007)	Preset Value: 210
	<b>PRESET SPEED 8</b> (1008)	Preset Value: 240
	<b>PRESET SPEED 9</b> (1009)	Preset Value: 270
	<b>PRESET SPEED 10</b> (1010)	Preset Value: 300
	<b>PRESET SPEED 11</b> (1011)	Preset Value: 330
	<b>PRESET SPEED 12</b> (1012)	Preset Value: 360
	<b>PRESET SPEED 13</b> (1013)	Preset Value: 390
	<b>PRESET SPEED 14</b> (1014)	Preset Value: 420
	<b>PRESET SPEED 15</b> (1015)	Preset Value: 450
		Range: 0 - Max Speed RPM
		Allows selection of 15 predefined motor operating speeds. Each speed may be selected using external switches connected to terminals at J2. For motor operation, a motor direction command must be given along with a preset speed command.
RAMP RATES	<b>ACCEL TIME 1</b> (1101)	Preset Value: 3.0
	<b>ACCEL TIME 2</b> (1107)	Range: 0.0 to 3600.0 Seconds
		Accel time is the number of seconds required for the motor to increase at a linear rate from 0 to "Max Output Speed" parameter (P2003) in the Level 2 Output Limits block.
	<b>DECEL TIME 1</b> (1104)	Preset Value: 3.0
	<b>DECEL TIME 2</b> (1110)	Range: 0.0 to 3600.0 Seconds
		Decel time is the number of seconds required for the motor to decrease at a linear rate from the speed specified in the "Max Output Speed" parameter (P2003) to 0.
	<b>START S-ACC 1</b> (1102)	Preset Value: 0.0
	<b>START S-ACC 2</b> (1108)	Range: 0.0 to 100.0%
		Start S-Curve Acceleration as a percentage of accel time (% 1 and 2).
	<b>END S-ACC 1</b> (1103)	Preset Value: 0.0
	<b>END S-ACC 2</b> (1109)	Range: 0.0 to 100.0%
		End S-Curve Acceleration as a percentage of accel time (% 1 and 2).
	<b>START S-DEC 1</b> (1105)	Preset Value: 0.0
	<b>START S-DEC 2</b> (1111)	Range: 0.0 to 100.0%
		Start S-Curve Deceleration as a percentage of decel time (% 1 and 2).
	<b>END S-DEC 1</b> (1106)	Preset Value: 0.0
	<b>END S-DEC 2</b> (1112)	Range: 0.0 to 100.0%
		End S-Curve Deceleration as a percentage of decel time (% 1 and 2).

**Table 7-1 Level 1 Parameter Block Definitions Continued**

Block Title	Parameter (Number) Selection (Value)	Parameter Name and Description
RAMP RATES (Continued)	<b>PL DEC TIME</b> (1113)	<p>Preset Value: 1.0 Range: 0.0 to 3600.0 Seconds</p> <p>Time to stop the motor from maximum drive speed during a power loss.</p>
JOG SETTINGS	<b>JOG SPEED</b> (1201)	<p>Preset Value: 210 Range: 0 - MAX Speed RPM</p> <p>Jog Speed is the programmed speed used during jog. Jog can be initiated from the keypad or terminal strip. At the Keypad, press and release the JOG key then press and hold the direction (FWD or REV). For Standard Run 3Wire mode, close the JOG input (J2-12) at the terminal strip then close and maintain the direction input (J2-9 or J2-10). Process Control mode operation is different. If the terminal strip Process Control Enable input (J2-13) is closed, pressing the Keypad JOG key (or closing J2-14) will cause the drive to move in the direction of the error (without pressing FWD or REV).</p>
	<b>JOG ACCEL TIME</b> (1202)	<p>Preset Value: 10.0 Range: 0.0 to 3600.0 Seconds</p> <p>The accel rate or time to reach max Speed. Time to reach Jog Speed=(Jog Speed/Max Speed) x (Jog Accel Time).</p>
	<b>JOG START S-ACC</b> (1203)	<p>Preset Value: 0.0 Range: 0.0 to 100.0%</p> <p>Start S-Curve Acceleration as a percentage of jog accel time.</p>
	<b>JOG END S-ACC</b> (1204)	<p>Preset Value: 0.0 Range: 0.0 to 100.0%</p> <p>End S-Curve Acceleration as a percentage of jog accel time.</p>
	<b>JOG DECEL TIME</b> (1205)	<p>Preset Value: 10.0 Range: 0.0 to 3600.0 Seconds</p> <p>The decel rate or time to decel from max Speed. Time to reach zero speed=(Jog Speed/Max Speed) x (Jog Decel Time).</p>
	<b>JOG START S-DEC</b> (1206)	<p>Preset Value: 0.0 Range: 0.0 to 100.0%</p> <p>Start S-Curve Deceleration as a percentage of jog decel time.</p>
	<b>JOG END S-DEC</b> (1207)	<p>Preset Value: 0.0 Range: 0.0 to 100.0%</p> <p>End S-Curve Deceleration as a percentage of jog decel time.</p>
	<b>JOG FORWARD</b> (1209)	<p>Preset Value: 1 Range: 0 - 1</p> <p>Off (0) Mode Disabled. On (1) Enables Jog in the drive forward direction at Jog speed for keypad mode.</p>
	<b>JOG REVERSE</b> (1210)	<p>Preset Value: 1 Range: 0 - 1</p> <p>Off (0) Mode Disabled. On (1) Enables Jog in the drive reverse direction at Jog speed for keypad mode.</p>

**Table 7-1 Level 1 Parameter Block Definitions Continued**

<b>Block Title</b>	<b>Parameter (Number) Selection (Value)</b>	<b>Parameter Name and Description</b>
KEYPAD SETUP	<b>STOP KEY</b> (1301)	Preset Value: 1 Range: 0 - 1
	Off (0)	Keypad STOP key is not active.
	On (1)	Allows keypad STOP key to initiate motor stop during remote or serial operation. If active, pressing STOP selects Local mode and initiates the stop command. Note: Pressing STOP key twice in rapid succession will immediately terminate PWM to motor and disable the drive.
	<b>STOP MODE</b> (1302)	Preset Value: 0 Range: 0 - 1
	Regen (0)	The voltage and frequency to the motor is reduced at a rate set by Decel Time.
	Coast (1)	Motor is turned off and allowed to coast to a stop.
		Selects if the Stop command causes the motor to COAST to a stop or REGEN to a stop.
	<b>RUN FORWARD</b> (1303)	Preset Value: 1 Range: 0 - 1
	Off (0)	Disables FWD key in Local mode.
	On (1)	Makes the keypad FWD key active in Local mode.
	<b>RUN REVERSE</b> (1304)	Preset Value: 1 Range: 0 - 1
	Off (0)	Disables REV key in Local mode.
	On (1)	Makes the keypad REV key active in Local mode.
	<b>SWITCH ON FLY</b> (1305) (LOCAL/REMOTE KEY)	Preset Value: 0 Range: 0 - 1
	Off (0)	Disables Switch on Fly.
	On (1)	Allows switching between Local and Remote while Control is on.
	<b>LOCAL HOT START</b> (1306)	Preset Value: 0 Range: 0 - 1
	Off (0)	Disables the Stop input at J2-11 in the keypad operating mode.
	On (1)	Enables the Stop input at J2-11 in the keypad operating mode.
	<b>SPEED INCREMENT</b> (1307)	Preset Value: 30 Range: 1 to 2500 RPM or 0.01 to 60 Hz  Sets the increment of speed change for each key press. (1-3600 RPM or 0-60 Hz)
	<b>INIT LOCAL SPEED</b> (1308)	Preset Value: 0 Range: 0 - 2
	Zero Speed (0)	Initializes local speed to 0 RPM on Power Up.
	Last Speed (1)	Initializes local speed to last speed on Power Up.
	Set Speed (2)	Initializes local speed to "Set Speed" (P1309) on Power Up.
	<b>SET SPEED</b> (1309)	Preset Value: 30 Range: 0 - MAX Speed RPM  At power up, initializes the local speed to this preset value if "Init Local Speed" = Set Speed.
	<b>PARAMS TO KEYPAD</b> (1310)	Preset Value: 0 Range: 0 - 1
	No (0)	No action.
	Yes (1)	Transfers the parameter settings stored in the control memory (flash) to keypad memory.

**Table 7-1 Level 1 Parameter Block Definitions Continued**

<b>Block Title</b>	<b>Parameter (Number) Selection (Value)</b>	<b>Parameter Name and Description</b>
KEYPAD SETUP (Continued)	<b>DOWNLOAD SELECT</b> (1311)	Preset Value: 0 Range: 0 - 2
	All (0)	All parameters.
	Motor (1)	Motor parameters only.
	Other (2)	All parameters except Motor parameters.
		Selects parameters to download (All, Motor or Other) with "Keypad to Params" (P1312). See Appendix B for notation of which parameters are motor related.
	<b>KEYPAD TO PARAMS</b> (1312)	Preset Value: 0 Range: 0 - 1
	No (0)	No action.
	Yes (1)	Transfers the parameter settings stored in keypad memory to the control memory (flash).
	<b>KEYPAD CONTRAST</b> (1313)	Preset Value: 50 Range: 20 - 80%
		Sets LCD contrast: 0=dimmet, 100=brightest.
	<b>BACKLIGHT</b> (1314)	Preset Value: 1 Range: 0 - 1
	Off (0)	Sets the Keypad Display backlight OFF.
	On (1)	Sets the Keypad Display backlight ON.
	<b>LOC TORQUE MODE</b> (1315)	Preset Value: 0 Range: 0 - 1
	Off (0)	Disables local torque mode.
	On (1)	Enables local torque mode operation.
	<b>LOC TORQUE REF</b> (1316)	Preset Value: 0.00 Range: -100.00 to 100.00%
		Local torque mode reference value.
INPUT SETUP	<b>OPERATING MODE</b> (1401)	Preset Value: 0 Range: 0 - 16
	Keypad (0)	Drive operates from keypad only.
	Standard Run 2Wire (1)	Drive operates from digital inputs and command source. Preset Speed 1 may also be selected.
	Standard Run 3Wire (2)	Drive operates from digital inputs and command source. Preset Speed 1 may also be selected.
	15 Preset Speeds (3)	Operation in 15 Preset Speeds 2 Wire Mode is controlled by digital inputs at J2. Speeds set in parameters P1001 to P1015.
	Fan & Pump 2Wire (4)	Operation in Fan & Pump 2 Wire controlled by digital inputs at J2.
	Fan & Pump 3Wire (5)	Operation in Fan & Pump 3 Wire controlled by digital inputs at J2.
	Process Control (6)	The Process Control provides an auxiliary closed loop general purpose PID set point control.
	3Spd Ana 2Wire (7)	Provides 2 Wire control and allows selection of 3 Preset Speeds.
	3Spd Ana 3Wire (8)	Provides 3 Wire control and allows selection of 3 Preset Speeds.
	E-Pot 2Wire (9)	Electronic Potentiometer provides digital inputs for Speed Increase and Speed Decrease. Also provides 2 digital inputs for selection of E-Pot or "Command Source" (1402), Preset Speed 1, and Preset Speed 2.
	E-Pot 3Wire (10)	Electronic Potentiometer provides digital inputs for Speed Increase and Speed Decrease. Also provides a digital input for selection of E-Pot or "Command Source" (1402).
	Network (11)	Provides Bipolar speed or torque control.

**Table 7-1 Level 1 Parameter Block Definitions Continued**

<b>Block Title</b>	<b>Parameter (Number) Selection (Value)</b>	<b>Parameter Name and Description</b>
INPUT SETUP (Continued)	<b>OPERATING MODE (1401)</b> (Continued)	Preset Value: 0 Range: 0 - 16
	Profile Run (12)	Provides a seven segment speed profile for cyclic operation or test cycle. See Level 3, Profile Run Block.
	15 Preset Positions (13)	(Closed loop vector only). Provides for 15 preset Point-to-Point moves.
	Bipolar (14)	Provides bipolar speed or torque control. Torque control only available in vector modes.
	Pulse Follower (15)	Provides electronic gearing of two or more controls from upstream reference. (Requires Expansion Board EXBHH007).
	PLC (16)	Provides for control from custom designed internal logic.
	CTD 2Wire (17)	Cooling Tower Drive, (CTD) 2 Wire provides for 2 wire control with Trickle Current Enable digital input.
	CTD 3Wire (18)	Cooling Tower Drive (CTD) 2 Wire provides for 2 wire control with reversing and Trickle Current Enable digital input.
	CTD 2Wire Rev (19)	Cooling Tower Drive (CTD) 2 Wire provides for 2 wire control with reversing and Trickle Current Enable digital input.
	CTD 3Wire Rev (20)	Cooling Tower Drive (CTD) 2 Wire provides for 3 wire control with reversing and Trickle Current Enable digital input.
		External connections to the control are made at the control terminal strip (wiring diagrams are shown in Chapter 5 "Operating Modes").
	<b>COMMAND SOURCE (1402)</b>	Preset Value: 1 Range: 0 - 10
	None (0)	Command Source is not used.
	Analog In1 (1)	Connect a 10Kohm pot at J1 or connect a 0-10VDC signal to J1-2 and J1-1.
	Analog In2 (2)	Connect a 0-5V, 0-10V, $\pm 5V$ , $\pm 10V$ , 0-20mA or 4-20mA source to J1-4 and 5. 4-20mA should be considered when a long distance (greater than 50 ft) between the external device and J1-4 and 5 of the control is necessary.
	Keypad (3)	Command is from Keypad.
	Network (4)	Signal source is from a device on the network.
	Composite Ref (5)	The result of the Level 3 Composite Reference set by the user.
	Opt1 Ana In1 (6)	Scaled value of option board 1 analog input 1 signal value.
	Opt1 Ana In2 (7)	Scaled value of option board 1 analog input 2 signal value.
	Opt2 Ana In1 (8)	Scaled value of option board 2 analog input 1 signal value.
	Opt2 Ana In2 (9)	Scaled value of option board 2 analog input 2 signal value.
	EXB Pulse Fol (10)	Signal source is from the EXB Pulse Follower expansion board.
	<b>ANA IN1 TYPE (1403)</b>	Preset Value: 1 Range: 0 - 1
	None (0)	Input not used.
	Potentiometer (1)	0 - 10V signal used.

**Table 7-1 Level 1 Parameter Block Definitions Continued**

Block Title	Parameter (Number) Selection (Value)	Parameter Name and Description
INPUT SETUP (Continued)	<b>ANA IN2 TYPE</b> (1408)	Preset Value: 1 Range: 0 - 6
	None (0)	Input not used.
	-10V to +10V (1)	Bipolar 10V signal used.
	-5V to +5V (2)	Bipolar 5V signal used.
	4 to 20mA (3)	4-20mA current signal used.
	0 to 20mA (4)	0-20mA current signal used.
	0 to 10V (5)	Unipolar 10V signal used.
	0 - 5V (6)	Unipolar 5V signal used.
		Defines signal being used.
	<b>ANA IN1 INVERT</b> (1404) <b>ANA IN2 INVERT</b> (1409)	Preset Value: 0 Range: 0 - 1
	Off (0)	Will cause a low input voltage (e.g. 0VDC) to be a low motor speed command and a maximum input voltage (e.g. 10VDC) to be a maximum motor speed command.
	On (1)	Will cause a low input voltage (e.g. 0VDC) to be a maximum motor speed command and a maximum input voltage (e.g. 10VDC) to be a low motor speed command.
	<b>ANA IN1 GAIN</b> (1405) <b>ANA IN2 GAIN</b> (1410)	Preset Value: 100.0% Range: 0.0% to 300.0%
		Allows 0 to 300% gain to be applied ((as in $Y = \text{Gain} * (X - \text{Offset})$ )).
	<b>ANA IN1 OFFSET</b> (1406) <b>ANA IN2 OFFSET</b> (1411)	Preset Value: 0.0 Range: -100.0% to 100.0%
		Provides an offset to the Analog Input to minimize signal error. For example, if the minimum speed signal is 1VDC (instead of 0VDC) the Ana In1 Offset can be set to -10% so the minimum voltage input is seen by the control as 0VDC. This parameter is automatically adjusted during the auto tune Analog Offset Trim test.
	<b>ANA IN1 FILTER</b> (1407) <b>ANA IN2 FILTER</b> (1413)	Preset Value: 0 Range: 0 - 6
	No Filter (0)	No Filtering.
	Max Filter (6)	Max Filtering.
		Amount of low pass signal filtering to use.
	<b>ANA IN2 D.BAND</b> (1412)	Preset Value: 0.0 Range: 0.0% to 75.0%
		Allows a defined range of voltage to be a deadband. A command signal within this range will not affect the control output. The deadband value is the voltage above and below the zero command signal level.
	<b>EXT. CUR LIMIT</b> (1414)	Preset Value: 0 Range: 0 - 1
	Off (0)	Ramp output to speed loop is held at its present value as long as regen current limit is active.
	On (1)	Ramp output to speed loop is always ramped to the value of its input.

**Table 7-1 Level 1 Parameter Block Definitions Continued**

Block Title	Parameter (Number) Selection (Value)	Parameter Name and Description
INPUT SETUP (Continued)	<b>CURR LMT SOURCE</b> (1415)	Preset Value: 0 Range: 0 - 9
	None (0)	Turns off external current limit.
	Analog In1 (1)	Connect a 10Kohm pot at J1 or connect a 0-10VDC signal to J1-2 and J1-1.
	Analog In2 (2)	Connect a 0-5V, 0-10V, $\pm 5V$ , $\pm 10V$ , 0-20mA or 4-20mA source to J1-4 and 5. 4-20mA should be considered when a long distance (up to 50 ft) between the external device and J1-4 and 5 of the control is necessary.
	Keypad (3)	Turns off Current Limit Source from Keypad.
	Composite Ref (4)	See Chapter 11 for more information.
	Opt1 Ana In1 (5)	Selects analog input from high resolution analog input/output Expansion Board (EXBHH005) mounted in expansion slot 1.
	Opt1 Ana In2 (6)	Selects analog input from high resolution analog input/output Expansion Board (EXBHH005) mounted in expansion slot 1.
	Opt2 Ana In1 (7)	Selects analog input/output Expansion Board (EXBHH005) mounted in expansion slot 2.
	Opt2 Ana In2 (8)	Selects analog input/output Expansion Board (EXBHH005) mounted in expansion slot 2.
	Network (9)	Selects the network current limit word as the current limit source.
		Selects the external current limit reference to be used, converts it internally to a percentage and then sets the torque limit of the drive as a percentage of the drive's Peak Current Level (P2006).
	<b>SLEEP MODE</b> (1416)	Preset Value: 0 Range: 0 - 1
	Off (0)	No action.
	On (1)	Disables control when Command Source is less than CMD Sleep Band (P1417). Active in all speed modes.
	<b>CMD SLEEP BAND</b> (1417)	Preset Value: 0.00 Range: 0.00 to 100.00%
		Disables the control when Command Source is less than CMD Sleep Band (P1417). Active in all speed modes and is also applied to the torque reference when in torque mode.

**Table 7-1 Level 1 Parameter Block Definitions Continued**

<b>Block Title</b>	<b>Parameter (Number) Selection (Value)</b>	<b>Parameter Name and Description</b>
INPUT SETUP (Continued)	<b>TORQUE FF SRC (1418)</b>	Preset Value: 0 Range: 0 - 8
	None (0)	Turns off external torque feedforward reference.
	Analog In1 (1)	Connect a 10Kohm pot at J1 or connect a 0-10VDC signal to J1-2 and J1-1.
	Analog In2 (2)	Connect a 0-5V, 0-10V, $\pm 5V$ , $\pm 10V$ , 0-20mA or 4-20mA source to J1-4 and 5. 4-20mA should be considered when a long distance (greater than 50 ft) between the external device and J1-4 and 5 of the control is necessary.
	Keypad (3)	Turns off external torque feedforward reference. (Keypad uses Local Keypad Torque Reference as feedforward.)
	Composite Ref (4)	See Chapter 11 for more information.
	Opt1 Ana In1 (5)	Selects analog input from high resolution analog input/output expansion Board(EXBHH005) mounted in expansion slot 1.
	Opt1 Ana In2 (6)	Selects analog input from high resolution analog input/output expansion Board(EXBHH005) mounted in expansion slot 1.
	Opt2 Ana In1 (7)	Selects analog input/output Expansion Board (EXBHH005) mounted in expansion slot 2.
	Opt2 Ana In2 (8)	Selects analog input/output Expansion Board (EXBHH005) mounted in expansion slot 2.
		Selects the external torque feedforward reference to be used which is added to the torque demand from the speed loop. The result then becomes the torque reference for the current loop.
	<b>1451-1474</b>	Parameters 1451-1474 are used to configure the High Resolution Analog I/O Expansion Board. See manual MN754 for Configuration details.



**Table 7-1 Level 1 Parameter Block Definitions Continued**

Block Title	Parameter (Number) Selection (Value)	Parameter Name and Description
OUTPUT SETUP	<b>DIGITAL OUTPUT 1</b> (1501)	Preset Value: 1
	<b>DIGITAL OUTPUT 2</b> (1502)	Preset Value: 8
	<b>RELAY OUTPUT 1</b> (1503)	Preset Value: 9
	<b>RELAY OUTPUT 2</b> (1504)	Preset Value: 17 Range: 0 - 31
	Drive Run (0)	Active when drive is "On" and a FWD/REV direction command is present.
	Drive Ready (1)	Active after soft start, when drive is enabled and no faults are present.
	Drive On (2)	(V/F) Active when drive is "Ready" and producing PWM to motor. (Vector) Active when drive is "Ready" and motor flux is present.
	Drive Stopped (3)	Active when stop command is present and motor is stopped (or coasting to stop).
	Jog (4)	Active during Jog mode.
	Accelerate (5)	Active when control is accelerating.
	Constant Speed (6)	Active when control speed is constant.
	Decelerate (7)	Active when control is decelerating.
	At Zero Speed (8)	Active when motor speed is less than the Level 1 Output Setup "Zero SPD Set Pt (P1505)".
	At Speed (9)	Active when motor speed is within band set by the Level 1 Output Setup "At Speed Band (P1506)".
	At Set Speed (10)	Active when output speed is at or greater than the Level 1 Output Setup "Set Speed Point (P1507)".
	Curr Overload (11)	Active when motor current is greater than "Overload Set Point (P1508)".
	Curr Underload (12)	Active when motor current is less than "Underload Set Point (P1509)".
	I <sup>2</sup> T Overload (13)	Active when overload left is less than 100%.
	Keypad Control (14)	Active when control is in Local keypad control.
	Dynamic Brake (15)	Active when Dynamic Brake transistor is turned ON.
	Foldback (16)	Active when current foldback is active (V/Hz Mode only).
	Fault (17)	Active when a fault condition is present (will cause trip).
	Alarm (18)	Active when an Alarm condition is present (but doesn't cause trip).
	Command Forward (19)	Active during forward run command.
	Command Reverse (20)	Active during reverse run command.
	Motor Forward (21)	Active when motor is moving in Drive forward direction.
	Motor Reverse (22)	Active when motor is moving in Drive reverse direction.
	Process Error (23)	Active when absolute process error is greater than P2606 (Process Error Tolerance).
	Network (24)	Active when commanded by network. Network device controls this output.
	At Position (25)	Active when load is at position ( $ Position\ error  \leq P1517$ ) AND ( $ Motor\ Speed  \leq P1505$ ).
	In Motion (26)	Active when load is moving ( $ Position\ error  > P1517$ ) OR ( $ Motor\ Speed  > P1505$ ).
	PLC (27)	Output is controlled by PLC mode.
	RTC (28)	Output is controlled by RTC module.
	Powered Up (29)	Active when Bus is "UP" and no faults are present.
	Heater (30)	Output turns on when trickel current heating is active
	Contactor Ctl (31)	Provides control of a contactor between the Control and the motor so that the contactor is sequenced with the required time delays.  See also 1505, 1506, 1507, 1508, 1509, 1517, Chapter 10, Chapter 11, Chapter 12.

**Table 7-1 Level 1 Parameter Block Definitions Continued**

<b>Block Title</b>	<b>Parameter (Number) Selection (Value)</b>	<b>Parameter Name and Description</b>
OUTPUT SETUP (Continued)	<b>ZERO SPD SET PT</b> (1505)	Preset Value: 180 Range: 0 - MAX Speed RPM  A digital output programmed to “At Zero Speed” becomes active when motor speed becomes less than this setting. This is useful when a motor brake is to interlock operation with a motor.
	<b>AT SPD BAND</b> (1506)	Preset Value: 60 Range: 0 - 100 RPM  At Speed opto output is active when the magnitude of (Speed Ref)-(Speed Demand) is less than the set value of P1506.
	<b>SET SPEED POINT</b> (1507)	Preset Value: 1800 Range: 0 - MAX Speed RPM  A digital output programmed to “At Set Speed” becomes active when the motor speed is greater than the value programmed in this parameter. This is useful when another machine must not start or stop until the motor exceeds a predetermined speed.
	<b>OVERLOAD SET PT</b> (1508)	Preset Value: 150.0 Range: 0.0 - 200.0%  Sets the motor current value as a percent of drive rated current at which the Overload digital output is active.
	<b>UNDERLOAD SET PT</b> (1509)	Preset Value: 50.0 Range: 0.0 - 200.0%  Sets the motor current value as a percent of drive rated current at which the Underload digital output is active.
	<b>ANA OUT1 TYPE</b> (1510)	Preset Value: 0 Range: 0 - 3  0 to +10V (0) Sets the Analog Output Signal to 0 - 10V. 0 to 5V (1) Sets the Analog Output Signal to 0 - 5V. 4mA to 20mA (2) Sets the Analog Output Signal to 4 - 20mA. 0mA to 20mA (3) Sets the Analog Output Signal to 0 - 20mA.
	<b>ANA OUT2 TYPE</b> (1513)	Preset Value: 1 Range: 0 -1  +5/-5V (0) Sets the Output Signal ±5V. +10/-10V (1) Sets the Output Signal ±10V.
	<b>ANA OUT1 SIGNAL</b> (1511) <b>ANA OUT2 SIGNAL</b> (1514)	Preset Value: 29 Preset Value: 3 Range: 0 - 34
	Speed Ref (0)	Scaled value of speed reference (input to velocity profiler) (ACC/DEC ramp).
	Speed Demand (1)	Scaled value of speed reference (output of velocity profiler) (ACC/DEC ramp).
	ACC/DEC (2)	Scaled value of ACC/DEC rate. Range is from 0 to max ACC/DEC rate.
	Motor Current (3)	Scaled value of Motor Current. Range is based on 2 times drive FLA. (Includes both MAG and Load currents).
	Mag Current (4)	Scaled value of magnetizing current, range is based on 2 times drive FLA.
	Mag Curr Cmd (5)	The commanded D-axis PI vector magnetizing current to the current controller, range is based on 2 times drive FLA.
	Load Current (6)	Scaled value of the load amps, range is based on 2 times drive FLA.
	Load Curr Cmd (7)	The commanded Q-axis PI vector load current to the current controller, range is based on 2 times drive FLA.

**Table 7-1 Level 1 Parameter Block Definitions Continued**

Block Title	Parameter (Number) Selection (Value)	Parameter Name and Description
OUTPUT SETUP (Continued)	<b>ANA OUT1 SIGNAL</b> (1511)	Preset Value: 29
	<b>ANA OUT2 SIGNAL</b> (1514)	Preset Value: 3
	(Continued)	Range: 0 - 34
	Power Factor (8)	Scaled value of power factor, range is from 0 to 1.0.
	Ph1 Current (9)	Scaled value of the phase 1 motor current, range is based on 2 times drive FLA.
	Ph2 Current (10)	Scaled value of the phase 2 motor current, range is based on 2 times drive FLA.
	Ph3 Current (11)	Scaled value of the phase 3 motor current, range is based on 2 times drive FLA.
	Motor Voltage (12)	Scaled value of the motor voltage, range is based on drive rated output voltage.
	VD Demand (13)	Flux controller output. Used to diagnose control problems.
	VQ Demand (14)	Load controller output. Used to diagnose control problems.
	Bus Voltage (15)	Scaled value of the Bus voltage. (Range is based on 123% of drive rated output voltage).
	Abs Torque (16)	Scaled value of the absolute torque, range is based on peak torque (2 x rated torque).
	Torque (17)	Scaled value of the motor torque (signed), range is based on rated torque (2 x rated torque).
	Control Temp (18)	Scaled value of the control heatsink temperature, range is -50°C to 150°C.
	Analog In1 (19)	Scaled value of the analog input 1 signal value.
	Analog In2 (20)	Scaled value of the analog input 2 signal value, range depends on input type P1408.
	Opt1 Ana In1 (21)	Scaled value of option board 1 analog input 1 signal value, range depends on input type selected.
	Opt1 Ana In2 (22)	Scaled value of option board 1 analog input 2 signal value, range depends on input type selected.
	Opt2 Ana In1 (23)	Scaled value of option board 2 analog input 1 signal value, range depends on input type selected.
	Opt2 Ana In2 (24)	Scaled value of option board 2 analog input 2 signal value, range depends on input type selected.
	Proc Feedforward (25)	Scaled value of the process feedforward signal, range is -100% to 100% of Process Feedforward signal.
	Proc Feedback (26)	Scaled value of the process feedback signal, range is -100% to 100% of Process Feedback signal.
	Proc Setpoint (27)	Scaled value of the process setpoint source, range is -100% to 100% of Process Setpoint signal.
	Electric Angle (28)	Scaled value of the electrical angle of shaft, range is from 0-359 degrees.
	Abs Speed (29)	Scaled value (absolute) of actual motor speed, range is 0-Max Motor Speed P2003.
	Velocity (30)	Scaled value (signed) of actual motor speed, range is - Max Motor Speed to +Max Motor Speed P2003.
	Network (31)	Represents the network speed reference, see MN744. Analog 1 holding register is 40014:40013, Analog 2 holding register is 40016:40015.
	Composite Ref (32)	Scaled value of the Composite Reference output, range is -100% to 100% of composite reference calculation.
	Power (kW) (33)	Scaling power calculated using nominal output amps and RMS output volts.
	Calibrate (34)	Produces maximum value of selected analog output type.

**Table 7-1 Level 1 Parameter Block Definitions Continued**

Block Title	Parameter (Number) Selection (Value)	Parameter Name and Description
OUTPUT SETUP (Continued)	<b>ANA OUT1 GAIN</b> (1512) <b>ANA OUT2 GAIN</b> (1515)	Preset Value: 100.0 Preset Value: 100.0 Range: 0.0 - 500.0%  Scale factor for analog output (as in $Y = \text{Gain} \times X$ )
	<b>CAL ANA OUT</b> (1516)	Preset Value: 0.0 Range: -100.0% to 100.0%  Scalable output signal used to calibrate output device (-100% to 100% of Analog Out 1 Type).
	<b>AT POS BAND</b> (1517) for Feedback Only	Preset Value: 10 Range: 1 to 4095 Counts  Load is at target position ( $ \text{Position-Feedback}  < \text{Band}$ ).
	<b>1551-1562</b>	Parameters 1551-1562 are used to configure the High Resolution Analog I/O Expansion Board. See manual MN754 for Configuration details.
MOTOR CONTROL	<b>CNTL BASE SPEED</b> (1602)	Preset Value: 2500 Range: 30 - 15000 RPM  Speed at which field weakening begins
	<b>CUR LOOP FF GAIN</b> (1603)	Preset value: 100.0 Range: 0.0% - 200.0%  Motor model voltage FEEDFORWARD GAIN.
	<b>FEEDBACK ALIGN</b> (1631)  Forward (0) Reverse (1)	Preset Value: 0 Range: 0 - 1  Sets the feedback's electrical direction in forward rotation.  Sets the feedback's electrical direction in reverse rotation.  Sets the feedback's electrical direction of rotation to match that of the motor.
	<b>FEEDBACK FILTER</b> (1632)	Preset Value: 4 Range: 0 - 7  A larger value provides a more filtered signal but at the cost of reduced bandwidth.
	<b>CURR PROP GAIN</b> (1633)	Preset Value: CALC Range: 0.00 - 150.00  Sets the current loop proportional gain.
	<b>CURR INT GAIN</b> (1634)	Preset Value: 150.00 Range: 0.00 - 3000.00Hz  Sets the current loop integral gain.
	<b>SPEED PROP GAIN</b> (1635)	Preset Value: CALC Range: 0.000 - 1000.000  Sets the speed (velocity) loop proportional gain. Excessive speed prop gain will cause ringing around the set point. Decreasing the speed prop gain will result in slower response and decrease the ringing, but will increase the overshoot.
	<b>SPEED INT GAIN</b> (1636)	Preset Value: 10.000 Range: 0.000 - 1000.000Hz  Sets the speed (velocity) loop integral gain.
	<b>SPEED DIFF GAIN</b> (1637)	Preset Value: 0.00 Range: 0.00000 - 1.00000  Sets the speed (velocity) loop differential gain.
	<b>POSITION GAIN</b> (1638)	Preset Value: 8.0 Range: 0.0 - 1000.0  Sets the position loop proportional gain. Used with Master Pulse Ref/ Follower expansion board (EXBHH007). Not used in 15 preset position mode.

**Table 7-1 Level 1 Parameter Block Definitions Continued**

<b>Block Title</b>	<b>Parameter (Number) Selection (Value)</b>	<b>Parameter Name and Description</b>
MOTOR CONTROL (Continued)	<b>A.S. PROP GAIN</b> (1639)	Preset Value: 10.0 Range: 0.0 - 255.0  Sets the anti-saturation proportional gain.
	<b>A.S. INT GAIN</b> (1640)	Preset Value: 50.00 Range: 0.00 - 150.00Hz  Sets the anti-saturation integral gain.
	<b>FEEDBACK OFFSET</b> (1671) For Resolver Feedback Only	Preset Value: 46.60° Range: 0.00 to 360.00°  Feedback offset angle for brushless DC motors.
	<b>STATOR L</b> (1672)	Preset Value: CALC Range: 0.0 to 1000.0 mH  Stator inductance. Value is measured and set during auto tune and used to tune the current loop gain.
	<b>STATOR R</b> (1673)	Preset Value: CALC Range: CALC  Stator resistance. Value is measured and set during auto tune and used to tune the current loop gain.
	<b>VOLTAGE CONSTANT</b> (1674)	Preset Value: CALC Range: 0.0 to 6000.0 V/kRPM  Voltage constant of motor. Voltage constant as RMS line to line emf at 1000 RPM.
	<b>TRICKLE HEAT AMPS</b> (1678)	Preset Value: 0.0 Range: 0.0 - 50.0% of Motor Rated Amps  Used to provide heating amps in the motor windings while the motor is stopped to help eliminate condensation within the motor. A value of 0.0 amps in this parameter disables the function. A non-zero value will cause the amount of amps programmed in this parameter to flow through the motor windings after the motor is stopped and a 300 second delay. Both the REV and FWD LEDs on the keypad will flash while the timer is counting and then both LEDs are on solid when trickle current is flowing.
	<b>BAUD RATE</b> (1701)	Preset Value: 1 Range: 0 - 4  9600 (0) Baud Rate = 9600 19200 (1) Baud Rate = 19200 38400 (2) Baud Rate = 38400 56000 (3) Baud Rate = 56000 115200 (4) Baud Rate = 115200  Sets the Modbus-RTU communication baud rate.
	<b>PARITY</b> (1702)	Preset Value: 0 Range: 0 - 2  None (0) No parity used. Odd (1) Odd parity used. Even (2) Even parity used.  Sets Modbus-RTU communication parity.
	<b>STOP BITS</b> (1703)	Preset Value: 0 Range: 0 - 1  One (0) One stop bit used. Two (1) Two stop bits used.  Sets the number of stop bits to use for Modbus-RTU.
COMMUNI- CATION		

**Table 7-1 Level 1 Parameter Block Definitions Continued**

<b>Block Title</b>	<b>Parameter (Number) Selection (Value)</b>	<b>Parameter Name and Description</b>
COMMUNI- CATION (Continued)	<b>DRIVE ADDRESS</b> (1704)	Preset Value: 1 Range: 1 - 247
		Sets the drive address for communication via USB or Modbus-RTU.
	<b>OPT CARD RESET</b> (1705)  Off (0) Slot 1 (1) Slot 2 (2) Slots 1 & 2 (3)	Preset Value: 0 Range: 0 - 3
		No Action.
		Reset Expansion Board in slot 1.
		Reset Expansion Board in slot 2.
		Resets both Expansion boards 1 & 2.
		Sends a power up reset command to all expansion boards, slot 1 only, or slot 2 only.
	<b>SECURITY DEFAULT</b> (1706)  No (0) Yes (1)	Preset Value: 0 Range: 0 - 1
		No Action.
		Reset settings.
		Restores factory settings to Browser User ID and Password.
	<b>BROWSER USER ID</b> (1707)(1708)	Preset Value: baldor
		ASCII user ID for the Ethernet Web Browser Option Board if installed.
	<b>BROWSER PASSWORD</b> (1709) (1710)	Preset Value: baldor
		Password for the Ethernet Web Browser Option Board if installed.
	<b>1740-1791</b>	See documentation provided with communications expansion board.
CUSTOM MOTOR	<b>ALIGNMENT CURRENT</b> (1821)	Preset Value: 50.0% Range: 2.0 to 100.0%
		Sets the amount of d-axis current, as a percent of Motor Rated Amps, during alignment of PM motors.
	<b>ALIGNMENT TIME</b> (1822)	Preset Value: 5.0 Range: 1.0 to 60.0 seconds
		Sets the amount of time used for alignment at motor startup.

## 7.2 Level 2 Parameters (Advanced Prog, Level 2 Blocks)

Table 7-2 Level 2 Parameter Block Definitions

Block Title	Parameter (Number) Selection (Value)	Parameter Name and Description
DRIVE LIMITS	<b>OPERATING ZONE</b> (2001)	Preset Value: 2 Range: 0 - 3
	Std Const Trq (0)	Sets the PWM operating zone to Standard 2.5kHz output carrier frequency Constant Torque. Constant Torque allows 175% for 3 seconds and 150% for 60 seconds of peak overload capacity.
	Std Var Trq (1)	Sets the PWM operating zone to Standard 2.5kHz output carrier frequency Variable Torque. Variable Torque allows 125% for 1 second and 115% for 60 seconds of peak overload capacity.
	Quiet Const Trq (2)	Sets the PWM operating zone to Quiet 8.0kHz output carrier frequency Constant Torque. Constant Torque allows 175% for 3 seconds and 150% for 60 seconds of peak overload capacity.
	Quiet Var Trq (3)	Sets the PWM operating zone to Quiet 8.0kHz output carrier frequency Variable Torque. Variable Torque allows 125% for 1 second and 115% for 60 seconds of peak overload capacity.
	<b>MIN OUTPUT SPEED</b> (2002)	Preset Value: 0 Range: 0 - MAX Speed RPM
		Sets the minimum motor speed in RPM. During operation, the motor speed will not decrease below this value except for motor starts or during dynamic braking to a stop.
	<b>MAX OUTPUT SPEED</b> (2003)	Preset Value: 2500 Range: 30.0 - 15,000 RPM
		Sets the maximum motor speed in RPM.
	<b>PWM FREQUENCY</b> (2004)	Preset Value: 8000 Range: 5000 - 16000Hz
DRIVE CONFIG		The frequency that the output transistors are switched. PWM (pulse width modulation) frequency is also referred to as "Carrier" frequency. PWM should be as low as possible to minimize stress on the output transistors and motor windings. It is recommended that the PWM frequency be set to approximately 15 times the maximum output frequency of the control. Ratios less than 15 will result in non-Sinusoidal current waveforms.
	<b>CURR RATE LIMIT</b> (2005)	Preset Value: 0.004 Range: 0.000 - 10.000 seconds
		Limits the rate of torque change in response to a torque command. This parameter sets the time in seconds to change the output torque by 1 times motor rated torque.
	<b>PEAK CURR LEVEL</b> (2006)	Preset Value: CALC Range: 0 - Peak Rated Current
		Sets maximum motor current level for operation.
	<b>REGEN TORQ LIMIT</b> (2007)	Preset Value: CALC Range: 0.0 - CALC (motor amps)
		Sets the maximum motor current (not including MAG current allowed during regen).
	<b>SPEED UNITS</b> (2101)	Preset Value: 1 Range: 0 - 1
	Hz (0)	Sets units to Frequency, Hz.
	RPM (1)	Sets units to RPM.

**Table 7-2 Level 2 Parameter Block Definitions Continued**

<b>Block Title</b>	<b>Parameter (Number) Selection (Value)</b>	<b>Parameter Name and Description</b>
DRIVE CONFIG (Continued)	<b>LANGUAGE SELECT</b> (2102)	Preset Value: 0 Range: 0 - 1
	English (0)	Sets English as displayed text.
	Other (1)	Sets "OTHER", (Spanish, German, Italian, French, or Portuguese) English and one language can be stored (Spanish, German, Italian, French and Portuguese). Standard firmware allows English and Spanish. For other languages, language tables must be loaded into the drive's language flash area.
	<b>FACTORY SETTINGS</b> (2103)	Preset Value: 0 Range: 0 - 1
	No (0)	No Action.
	Yes (1)	Restores factory settings for all parameters. (Overwrites all stored values for all four parameter tables).
	<b>SECURITY</b> (2105)	Preset Value: 0 Range: 0 - 3
	Off (0)	Security not enabled.
	Local (1)	Security enabled for keypad only.
	Network (2)	Security enabled for Network only.
	Total (3)	Security enabled for both Keypad and Network.
		Enables Security.
	<b>ACCESS TIMEOUT</b> (2106)	Preset Value: 5.0 Range: 1.0 - 600.0 seconds
		If security is enabled and program mode is entered, the access code must be correctly entered. After parameters are changed and program mode exited this timer begins to timeout. If program mode is accessed after timeout, the security code must be entered a second time.
	<b>ACCESS CODE</b> (2107)	Preset Value: 9999 Range: 0 - 9999
		Sets security code for login required to access locked parameters.
	<b>ACTIVE PARAM TBL</b> (0052)	Preset Value: 0 Range: 0 - 3
	T1 (0)	Table 1 is used as active parameter set.
	T2 (1)	Table 2 is used as active parameter set.
	T3 (2)	Table 3 is used as active parameter set.
	T4 (3)	Table 4 is used as active parameter set.
		Note: This parameter is not actually in the Level 2 Blocks. It is Parameter 0052 in the MONITOR block if using Workbench.
	<b>CLEAR FAULT LOG</b> (2108)	Preset Value: 0 Range: 0 - 1
	No (0)	No Action.
	Yes (1)	Deletes all fault log entries and trace values.



**Table 7-2 Level 2 Parameter Block Definitions Continued**

Block Title	Parameter (Number) Selection (Value)	Parameter Name and Description
DRIVE CONFIG (Continued)	<b>POWER INPUT</b> (2110)	Preset Value: 0 Range: 0 - 3
	Single Phase (0)	The output values are derated for single phase operation. Note: For three phase power input, if a phase is lost this parameter will automatically be changed to single phase and the control will automatically be derated for single phase operation.
	Common Bus Slave (1)	Selected when only DC input power (master) is available. <b>Do not choose if AC power is connected.</b> Common bus setting disables precharge and soft start features of the control.
	Three Phase (2)	Standard operation.
	Common Bus Master (3)	Selected for special installations, three phase with common bus slave support.
		The Power base senses the control power base (single or three phase). If connecting a three phase control to a single phase power source, change value from 2 to 0 to avoid "Loss of Phase" trips.
	<b>EXECUTE MACRO</b> (2112)	Preset Value: 0 Range: 0 - 5
	No (0)	Do not execute macro.
	M1 (1)	Execute Macro M1.
	M2 (2)	Execute Macro M2.
	M3 (3)	Execute Macro M3.
	M4 (4)	Execute Macro M4.
	M5 (5)	Execute Macro M5.
		Executes the selected macro one time. A macro is a list of parameter numbers and values that when executed set the respective parameters in the list to the predefined values.
	<b>UNDO MACRO</b> (2113)	Preset Value: 0 Range: 0 - 1
	No (0)	Don't undo macro.
	Yes (1)	Value in the parameter Macro Status (P116) is read and that macro is undone (factory settings are restored for values modified by that macro).
	<b>TORQ ENABLE SEQ</b> (2114)	Preset Value: 0 Range: 0 - 1
	Torque On Enable (0)	Regulates motor torque any time the drive is enabled.
	Torque On Command (1)	Regulates motor torque only after the drive has received a Run Forward or Run Reverse command.
		This parameter determines whether the drive starts regulating motor torque immediately upon closure of the drive enable input (J2-8) or only after the drive receives a forward/reverse command input.

**Table 7-2 Level 2 Parameter Block Definitions Continued**

Block Title	Parameter (Number) Selection (Value)	Parameter Name and Description
DRIVE PROTECT	<b>EXTERNAL TRIP</b> (2201)	Preset Value: 0 Range: 0 - 1
	Off (0)	External Trip is Disabled.
	On (1)	External Trip is enabled. If a normally closed contact at J2-16 is opened, an External Trip fault will occur and cause the drive to shut down.
	<b>FOLLOWING ERROR</b> (2202)	Preset Value: 0 Range: 0 - 1
	Off (0)	Control ignores "At Speed Error" from the process.
	On (1)	Control monitors the following error from the process. If the process speed is outside the range set in the Level 1 Output block, At Speed Band parameter, the drive will fault and will disable.
	<b>TORQUE PROVING</b> (2203)	Preset Value: 0 Range: 0 - 1
	Off (0)	Torque Proving disabled.
	On (1)	Provides Torque Proving at start up to establish motor connections.
	<b>FEEDBACK LOSS</b> (2204)	Preset Value: 0 Range: 0 - 1
	Off (0)	Loss of feedback signal is ignored.
	On (1)	Loss of feedback signal produces a trip condition to disable the drive.
	<b>OVERLOAD</b> (2206)	Preset Value: 0 Range: 0 - 2
	Fault (0)	Drive will fault and disable PWM to motor if overload capability is exceeded.
	Foldback (1)	Drive attempts to reduce current to 80% of Drive rated current so that time remaining can count back up.
	Hold (2)	Drive attempts to reduce current to 100% of drive rated current so that time remaining can hold at present value.
		Sets how the control handles I <sup>2</sup> T power overloads. When an overload occurs it will either Fault, Foldback, or Hold based on the control output AMPS.
	<b>OVER TEMPERATURE</b> (2210)	Preset Value: 1 Range: 0 - 1
	Derate (0)	When control temperature reaches 80°C (standard or 90°C quiet mode), output is derated by 30% (current limiting) and operation is allowed at the reduced value. Operation at full current is allowed when control temperature decreases to 70°C. If control temperature reaches 85°C, control trips on fault.
	Fault (1)	When control temperature reaches 85°C, control trips on fault.
	<b>PWR DOWN OPTIONS</b> (2211)	Preset Value: 0 Range: 0 - 1
	Fault (0)	If Control is enabled, it will trip on a fault; (disable) while powering down.
	Ride Through (1)	Control will decelerate attempting to maintain DC Bus voltage and continue operation.
	<b>CNTL STP BUS LVL</b> (2212)	Preset Value: CALC Range: 200 to 800V
		Active during a power loss ride-through. Sets the DC bus level at which a controlled stop may be triggered.
	<b>CNTL STOP DELAY</b> (2213)	Preset Value: 1.0 Range: 0.0 to 3600.0 seconds
		Delay time required after a controlled stop before drive enabled.
	<b>Kp RIDE THROUGH</b> (2214)	Preset Value: 10.0000 Range: 0 to 1000.0000
		Proportional gain of PI controller for pwer loss ride through.

**Table 7-2 Level 2 Parameter Block Definitions Continued**

<b>Block Title</b>	<b>Parameter (Number) Selection (Value)</b>	<b>Parameter Name and Description</b>
DRIVE PROTECT (Continued)	<b>Ki RIDE THROUGH</b> (2215)	Preset Value: 0 Range: 0 to 1000.0000
		Integral gain of PI controller for power loss ride through.
MISCELLA- NEOUS	<b>AUTO RESTART</b> (2301)	Preset Value: 1 Range: 0 - 3
		If set to Manual and a run command (enable signal & FWD or REV command) is present at power up, the motor will not run. The run command must be removed then reapplied to start operation. The run command refers to the enable plus direction (FWD or REV) signals. Restart after Fault - If a fault occurs during operation, the control must be reset and the run command must be removed then reapplied to start operation. Note: If Restarts/Hr (P2302) is zero, the control must be manually reset. If Restarts/Hr (P2302) is non-zero, the control will automatically attempt to reset the fault but will not restart until the run command is removed then reapplied to start operation.
		At Powerup (1) If a run command (enable signal & FWD or REV command) is present at power up, the control will automatically start. Auto restarts enabled at power up but disabled after a fault.
		After Fault (2) If a fault occurs during operation, the control will automatically reset (after the restart delay time) to resume operation if the Restarts/Hr (P2302) is set to a non zero value. Auto restarts disabled at power up but enabled after a fault.
		Both (3) Auto restarts active at power up and after faults. 3 Wire modes, AUTO start after a fault or loss of power will not occur because the momentary contacts are open and the run command must again be applied. The run command refers to the enable plus direction (FWD or REV) lines.
	<b>RESTARTS/HOUR</b> (2302)	Preset Value: 3 Range: 0 - 10
		The maximum number of automatic restart attempts before requiring a manual restart. After one hour without reaching the maximum number of faults or if power is turned off and on again, the fault count is reset to zero.
	<b>RESTART DELAY</b> (2303)	Preset Value: 3 Range: 0 - 3600 seconds
		Sets the time delay after a fault occurs before a fault reset and automatic restart are attempted. If the fault reset is successful, the restart will occur. If not successful, a new delay occurs. Useful to allow sufficient time to clear a fault condition before restart is attempted.
	<b>PWM TECHNIQUE</b> (2304)	Preset Value: 1 Range: 0 - 1
		Space Vector (0) Utilizes Vector Orientation to determine pulse firing.
		Sine Triangle (1) Utilizes Sine/Triangle Waveform Intersect technique to determine pulse widths.
	<b>COST OF ENERGY</b> (2305)	Sets the method used to generate the motor voltage PWM signal.
		Preset Value: 0.10 Range: 0.00 - 99999.00\$/KWH
	<b>RESET ENERGY</b> (2306)	Sets the billing cost per KWH charged by the local power utility.
		Preset Value: 0 Range: 0 - 1
		No (0) No Action.
	Yes (1)	Resets the energy counter (in power base of the control).

**Table 7-2 Level 2 Parameter Block Definitions Continued**

<b>Block Title</b>	<b>Parameter (Number) Selection (Value)</b>	<b>Parameter Name and Description</b>
MISCELLA- NEOUS (Continued)	<b>HOMING SPEED</b> (2307)	Preset Value: 90 Range: 0 - MAX Speed RPM  This parameter sets the speed that the motor shaft will rotate in the forward direction to "Home" position when the home input switch is closed. Available only in modes that have a homing (orient) input. For Bipolar and Network Modes, the speed and ramp rates during this final positioning are set by Preset Speed 1 and ACC/DEC Group 2 respectively.
	<b>HOMING OFFSET</b> (2308)	Preset Value: 1024 Range: -9999 to 20000 counts (Range shown is limited by keypad display. Value in MINT is -20000 to 20000).  This parameter sets the number of feedback counts past home at which the motor will stop. Feedback pulses are 4 times the number of feedback lines per revolution. The recommended minimum number is 100 feedback counts to allow for deceleration distance to allow the motor to stop smoothly. Example: The motor must stop one complete revolution past the home marker position. Note: Homing direction always begins in the drive forward direction. The shaft will continue to rotate in either direction to the user defined $\pm$ offset value (P2308).
	<b>FILTER TYPE</b> (2309)	Preset Value: 0 Range: 0 - 3
	None (0)	Sets the auxiliary filter to None.
	Low Pass (1)	Sets the auxiliary filter to Low Pass.
	High Pass (2)	Sets the auxiliary filter to High Pass.
	Notch (3)	Sets the auxiliary filter to Notch.
	<b>FILTER SOURCE</b> (2310)	Preset Value: 0 Range: 0 - 9
	None (0)	Sets the auxiliary filter to None.
	Raw Speed (1)	Sets the auxiliary filter to Raw Speed.
	Torque (2)	Sets the auxiliary filter to Torque Loop.
	Analog In1 (3)	Sets the auxiliary filter to Analog In1.
	Analog In2 (4)	Sets the auxiliary filter to Analog In2.
	Composite Ref (5)	Sets the auxiliary filter to Composite Reference.
	Opt1 Ana In1 (6)	Sets the auxiliary filter to Opt1 Ana In1.
	Opt1 Ana In2 (7)	Sets the auxiliary filter to Opt1 Ana In2.
	Opt2 Ana In1 (8)	Sets the auxiliary filter to Opt2 Ana In1.
	Opt2 Ana In2 (9)	Sets the auxiliary filter to Opt2 Ana In2.
	<b>FILTER DEST</b> (2311)	Preset Value: 0 Range: 0 - 6
	None (0)	Sets the Filter Destination, (Output), to None.
	Speed Loop (1)	Sets the Filter Destination, (Output), to Speed Loop.
	Torque Loop (2)	Sets the Filter Destination, (Output), to Torque Loop.
	Speed FFWD (3)	Sets the Filter Destination, (Output), to Speed Forward.
	Process FBK (4)	Sets the Filter Destination, (Output), to Process Feedback.
	Process FFWD (5)	Sets the Filter Destination, (Output), to Process Feedforward.
	Process SP (6)	Sets the Filter Destination, (Output), to Process Setpoint.
	<b>FILTER CUTOFF</b> (2312)	Preset Value: 0.00 Range: 0.00 - 1000.00Hz  Sets the cutoff frequency of the auxiliary filter (a low value = slower response).

**Table 7-2 Level 2 Parameter Block Definitions Continued**

Block Title	Parameter (Number) Selection (Value)	Parameter Name and Description	
MISCELLA- NEOUS (Continued)	NOTCH CNTR FREQ (2313)	Preset Value: 0.00 Range: 0.00 - 500.00Hz	
		Sets the center frequency for the notch filter (if Filter Type=Notch).	
	NOTCH BAND (2314)	Preset Value: 0.00 Range: 0.00 - 200.00Hz	
		Sets the frequency band of the notch filter (if Filter Type=Notch).	
MOTOR DATA	MOTOR RATED VOLT (2401)	Preset Value: CALC Range: Determined by drive voltage rating and DC BUS value	
		Nameplate value for Motor Rated Voltage.	
	MOTOR RATED AMPS (2402)	Preset Value: CALC Range: 0 - MAX AMPS	
		The rated current of the motor (listed on the motor nameplate).	
	MOTOR RATED SPD (2403)	Preset Value: 1800 Range: 10 - 30000 RPM	
		The rated speed of the motor (listed on the motor nameplate).	
	ENCODER COUNTS (2408) Only available in Closed Vector mode with encoder feedback. Ignore for Open Vector and V/F modes. USE DEFAULT SETTINGS ONLY.	Preset Value: LEAVE AT DEFAULT SETTING Range: 50 - 20000 PPR	
		The number of encoder feedback counts in lines per revolution.	
	FEEDBACK SOURCE (2409)	Preset Value: LEAVE AT DEFAULT SETTING Range: 0 - 3	
		None (0)	No encoder option board.
		Option Slot1 (1)	Feedback option board location is Option Slot1.
		Option Slot2 (2)	Feedback option board location is Option Slot2.
		Daughter FDBK (3)	Feedback option board location is Daughter FDBK.
	ENCODER TYPE (2410) USE DEFAULT SETTINGS ONLY	Preset Value: LEAVE AT DEFAULT SETTING Range: 0 - 1	
		Single (0)	Sets the encoder type to single ended encoder selection
Differential (1)		Sets the encoder type to differeential encoder selection	
RESOLVER SPEED (2411)	Preset Value: 1 Range: 0 - 10		
	The speed of the resolver, if a resolver is used for feedback. (Parameter is displayed when resolver expansion board is installed).		
MOTOR POLE PAIRS (2413)	Preset Value: 2 Range: 1 - 100		
	The number of motor poles/2. Factory setting is 2 pole pairs. The values shown here are for standard Baldor BSM motors.		
	MOTOR	NUMBER OF POLE PAIRS	
	BSM63, BSM80 BSM90, BSM100 BSM4F, BSM6F, BSM8F	2 4 4	
CALC MOTOR MODEL (2414)	Preset Value: 0 Range: 0 - 1		
	No (0)	No presets are calculated.	
	Yes (1)	Loads preset values into memory that are required to perform auto tune.	

**Table 7-2 Level 2 Parameter Block Definitions Continued**

<b>Block Title</b>	<b>Parameter (Number) Selection (Value)</b>	<b>Parameter Name and Description</b>
MOTOR DATA (continued)	<b>REVERSE ROTATION</b> (2415)	Preset Value: 0 Range: 0 - 1
	Off (0)	Standard rotation not changed.
	On (1)	Control output phase change to reverse rotation direction without motor wiring change.
		Reverse direction of motor rotation without rewiring the motor or feedback wires. If the drive is being operated with "Control Type" (P1601), set to "Closed Vector", then the feedback align procedure must be executed after changing this parameter. Note: In position mode, if the feedback alignment parameter is changed, the motor will continue to rotate in the same direction for a given position reference. However, if the feedback wires are swapped, motor rotation will reverse.
BRAKE ADJUST	<b>RESISTOR OHMS</b> (2501)	Preset Value: CALC Range: 30.0 - 255.0Ω
		The dynamic braking resistor value in ohms. Refer to dynamic braking manual for additional information.
	<b>RESISTOR WATTS</b> (2502)	Preset Value: CALC Range: 0 - 999999W
		The dynamic braking resistor watts rating.
	<b>RESISTOR TTC</b> (2503)	Preset Value: CALC Range: 20 – 3600 seconds
		Sets the time for heat dissipation for the dynamic braking resistor. If 2X watts is dissipated continuously "Regen R Fault" will occur in the time set by this parameter. If 3x watts is dissipated continuously, "Regen R Fault" will occur in half the time set by this parameter.
PROCESS CONTROL	<b>PROCESS TYPE</b> (2601)	Preset Value: 0 Range: 0 - 2
		None (0) PID is disabled, however feedforward is always available.
		Forward Acting (1) The process error computed as: $PE = (\text{Set Point}) - (\text{Feedback})$ . Useful when feedback increases as motor speed increases.
		Reverse Acting (2) The process error computed as: $PE = (\text{Feedback}) - (\text{Set Point})$ . Useful when feedback decreases as motor speed increases.
		Sets the type of PID control. "End Of Param Block" is displayed if P1401 is not set to Process Control mode.
	<b>SETPOINT ADJ LIM</b> (2602)	Preset Value: 100.0 Range: 0.0 - 100.0%  Set as a percent of motor speed. It limits speed corrections due to process error.

**Table 7-2 Level 2 Parameter Block Definitions Continued**

<b>Block Title</b>	<b>Parameter (Number) Selection (Value)</b>	<b>Parameter Name and Description</b>
PROCESS CONTROL (Continued)	<b>PROC FEEDBACK (2603)</b>	Preset Value: 0 Range: 0 - 10
	None (0)	No feedback assigned.
	Setpoint Cmd (1)	Setpoint command value used for feedback.
	Loc Speed Ref (2)	Local speed reference used for feedback.
	Analog In1 (3)	Analog Input 1 signal used for feedback.
	Analog In2 (4)	Analog Input 2 signal used for feedback.
	Network (5)	Network value used for feedback.
	Composite Ref (6)	Output of Composite Ref signal used for feedback.
	Opt1 Ana In1 (7)	Option 1, Analog Input 1 used for feedback.
	Opt1 Ana In2 (8)	Option 1, Analog Input 2 used for feedback.
	Opt2 Ana In1 (9)	Option 2, Analog Input 1 used for feedback.
	Opt2 Ana In2 (10)	Option 2, Analog Input 2 used for feedback.
		Sets the type of signal used for the process feedback signal.
	<b>SETPOINT SOURCE (2604)</b>	Preset Value: 0 Range: 0 - 10
	None (0)	Source of Process Loop Setpoint is not defined.
	Setpoint Cmd (1)	Setpoint command value used for Setpoint.
	Loc Speed Ref (2)	Local speed reference used for Setpoint.
	Analog In1 (3)	Analog Input 1 signal used for Setpoint.
	Analog In2 (4)	Analog Input 2 signal used for Setpoint.
	Network (5)	Network value used for Setpoint.
	Composite Ref (6)	Output of Composite Ref signal used for Setpoint.
	Opt1 Ana In1 (7)	Option 1, Analog Input 1 used for Setpoint.
	Opt1 Ana In2 (8)	Option 1, Analog Input 2 used for Setpoint.
	Opt2 Ana In1 (9)	Option 2, Analog Input 1 used for Setpoint.
	Opt2 Ana In2 (10)	Option 2, Analog Input 2 used for Setpoint.
		Sets the source input signal type to which the process feedback will be compared. If "Setpoint CMD" is selected, the fixed value of the set point is entered in the Setpoint Command parameter value.
	<b>SETPOINT COMMAND (2605)</b>	Preset Value: 0.0 Range: -100.0% to +100.0%
		Sets the value as a percentage of the process feedback signal; the control will try to maintain by adjusting motor speed. This is only used when the Setpoint Source is a fixed value "Setpoint CMD" under Setpoint Source.
	<b>PROC ERR TOL (2606)</b>	Preset Value: 10.0 Range: 0.0 - 100.0%
		The band within which the Opto or Relay Output is active (turned ON) indicating the process is within the desired range.
	<b>PROC PROP GAIN (2607)</b>	Preset Value: 1.0000 Range: 0.0000 - 1000.0000
		Sets the PID loop proportional gain. Determines how much adjustment to motor speed is due to process error.
	<b>PROC INTG GAIN (2608)</b>	Preset Value: 0.0000 Range: 0.0000 - 1000.0000
		Sets the PID loop Integral gain. Determines how quickly the motor speed is adjusted to correct long term error.

**Table 7-2 Level 2 Parameter Block Definitions Continued**

<b>Block Title</b>	<b>Parameter (Number) Selection (Value)</b>	<b>Parameter Name and Description</b>
PROCESS CONTROL (Continued)	<b>PROC INTG CLAMP</b> (2609)	Preset Value: 100.0 Range: 0.0 - 100.0%
		Sets the level of the Integrator clamp as a percentage of maximum motor speed.
	<b>PROC DIFF GAIN</b> (2610)	Preset Value: 0.0000 Range: 0.0000 - 1000.0000
		Sets the PID loop differential gain. This determines how much adjustment to motor speed is made for transient error.
	<b>PROFILE ADJUST</b> (2611)  Off (0)  On (1)	Preset Value: 0 Range: 0 - 1
		No adjustment is made.
		ACC/DEC group is selected based upon comparing process error to Profile Adjust Band (P2612).
	<b>PROFILE ADJ BAND</b> (2612)	Preset Value: 50.0 Range: 0 - 200.0%
		Active when Profile Adjust (P2611) is ON. If process error is within this band, ACC/DEC Group 1 is used. If process error is outside this band, ACC/DEC 2 is used. Useful when the PID's response needs to differ when process error is small as compared to when it is large.
	<b>PROC SLEEP BAND</b> (2613)	Preset Value: 0.0 Range: 0 - 100.0%
		Non-zero - Enables process PID sleep mode. When Process error remains within this band for 5 seconds, sleep mode is active (control is disabled, motor coasts). If at any time the process error moves out of this band, sleep mode is terminated and normal PID operation is resumed. Zero - Disables sleep mode.
SKIP FREQU- ENCY	<b>PROC OUT FILTER</b> (2614)	Preset Value: 0.00 Range: 0.0 - 100.0 seconds
		Sets the amount of filtering for the PID process output.
	<b>PROC OUT OFFSET</b> (2615)	Preset Value: 0.0 Range: -100.0 - 100.0%
		Sets the amount of offset for the PID process output.
	<b>PROC OUT GAIN</b> (2616)	Preset Value: 100.0 Range: 0.0 - 200.0%
		Sets the amount of gain for the PID process output.
	<b>SKIP FREQ 1</b> (2701) <b>SKIP FREQ 2</b> (2703) <b>SKIP FREQ 3</b> (2705)	Preset Value: 0 RPM Range: 0 - 2500
		Sets the center frequency on the band to skip or treat as a deadband. Three bands can be defined independently or the three values can be selected to skip one wide band.
	<b>SKIP BAND 1</b> (2702) <b>SKIP BAND 2</b> (2704) <b>SKIP BAND 3</b> (2706)	Preset Value: 0 RPM Range: 0 - 2500
		Sets the span of the band centered on the Skip Frequency. Example: If "Skip Freq 1" (P2701) is set to 20 RPM and the "Skip Band 1" (P2702) is set to 5 RPM, continuous operation is not in the deadband of 15 to 20 RPM.
AUTO TUNE	<b>ANA OFFSET TRIM</b> (2901)  No (0)  Yes (1)	Preset Value: 0 Range: 0 - 1
		No action.
		Measures analog offset for all analog inputs. Set analog inputs to zero before executing.



**Table 7-2 Level 2 Parameter Block Definitions Continued**

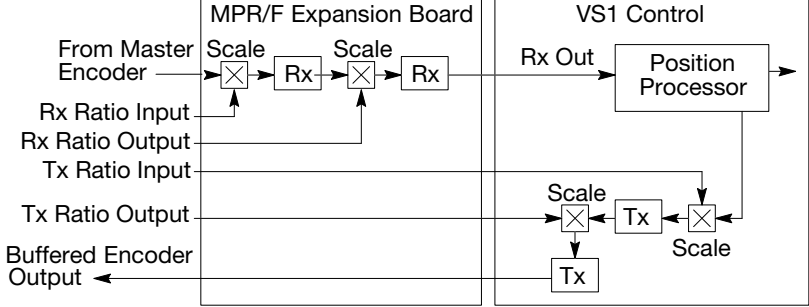
<b>Block Title</b>	<b>Parameter (Number) Selection (Value)</b>	<b>Parameter Name and Description</b>
AUTO TUNE (Continued)	<b>ONE-STEP TUNING</b> (2902)	Preset Value: 0 Range: 0 - 1
	No (0)	No action.
	Yes (1)	Performs one step auto tune. (Prompts for "Press Enter" before a rotational test is performed).
	<b>STATOR R1 TUNE</b> (2903)	Preset Value: 0 Range: 0-1
	No (0)	No action
	Yes (1)	Measures Stator Resistance. Stationery test will not cause motor shaft rotation.
	<b>CUR. LOOP TUNE</b> (2906)	Preset Value: 0 Range: 0 - 1
	No (0)	No action.
	Yes (1)	Tunes the current controller loop.
	<b>FLUX CUR. TUNE</b> (2907)	Preset Value: 0 Range: 0 - 1
	No (0)	No action.
	Yes (1)	Tunes the flux controller loop. This is a rotational test.
	<b>FEEDBACK TEST</b> (2908)	Preset Value: 0 Range: 0 - 1
	No (0)	No action.
	Yes (1)	Checks and adjusts for feedback alignment. This is a rotational test.
	<b>SPEED LOOP TUNE</b> (2910)	Preset Value: 0 Range: 0 - 1
	No (0)	No action.
	Yes (1)	Tunes the speed controller loop. This is a rotational test.

### 7.3 Level 3 Parameters (Advanced Prog, Level 3 Blocks)

Table 7-3 Level 3 Parameter Block Definitions

Block Title	Parameter (Number) Selection (Value)	Parameter Name and Description
PROFILE RUN	<b>NUMBER OF CYCLES</b> (3001)	Preset Value: 0 Range: 0 - 255  Sets the number of cycles that the profile will automatically run before stopping. "End Of Param Block" is displayed if P1401 is not set to Profile Run mode.
	<b>PR RESTART MODE</b> (3002)	Preset Value: 0 Range: 0 - 1
	Restart (0)	If interrupted, profile will start from the first step.
	Continue (1)	If interrupted, profile will start from current step.
		Sets the restart mode if Profile Run is interrupted.
	<b>SPEED CURVE 1</b> (3003) <b>SPEED CURVE 2</b> (3005) <b>SPEED CURVE 3</b> (3007) <b>SPEED CURVE 4</b> (3009) <b>SPEED CURVE 5</b> (3011) <b>SPEED CURVE 6</b> (3013) <b>SPEED CURVE 7</b> (3015)	Preset Value: 0 Range: 0 - 3
	FWD-Group1 (0)	FWD-ACC/DEC Group1
	REV-Group1 (1)	REV-ACC/DEC Group1
	FWD-Group2 (2)	FWD-ACC/DEC Group2
	REV-Group2 (3)	REV-ACC/DEC Group2
		Speed for curve is set by the value of the correlating Preset Speed.
	<b>PROFILE TIME 1</b> (3004) <b>PROFILE TIME 2</b> (3006) <b>PROFILE TIME 3</b> (3008) <b>PROFILE TIME 4</b> (3010) <b>PROFILE TIME 5</b> (3012) <b>PROFILE TIME 6</b> (3014) <b>PROFILE TIME 7</b> (3016)	Preset Value: 0.00 Range: 0 -99999.00 seconds
		Sets the amount of time Profile Run stays at a preset speed. Time starts when speed is within the At Speed Band P1506. ACC/DEC times are not included. A setting of zero causes an immediate transition to the next speed segment after the current segment is within the speed band. (See also 1506.)
PULSE FOLLOWER	<b>MASTER PPR</b> (3101)	Preset Value: 1024 Range: 50 - 20000 counts  The number of encoder pulses per revolution of the master encoder. (See also MN755.) "End Of Param Block" is displayed if #1401 is not set to Pulse Follower mode or if EXBHH007 is not installed.
	<b>INPUT VOLTS</b> (3102)	Preset Value: 0 Range: 0 - 1
	5V (0)	Encoder operating voltage is 5V.
	12V (1)	Encoder operating voltage is 12V.
	<b>INPUT TYPE</b> (3103)	Preset Value: 1 Range: 0 - 2
	None (0)	No encoder input signal to the EXBHH007 expansion board.
	Quadrature (1)	Quadrature encoder input signal to the EXBHH007 expansion board.
	Speed (2)	Speed encoder input signal to the EXBHH007 expansion board.

**Table 7-3 Level 3 Parameter Block Definitions Continued**

Block Title	Parameter (Number) Selection (Value)	Parameter Name and Description
PULSE FOLLOWER (Continued)	<b>TRACK MODE</b> (3104)	<p>Preset Value: 0 Range: 0 - 2</p> <p>Increment/Decrement changes the Rx Ratio Output by the value of the increment step parameter on the fly, and follows the velocity of the master (no position loop). The present position gain parameter disabled (internally set to 0).</p> <p>Increment/Decrement changes the Rx Ratio Output on the fly, and follows the position of the master (position loop enabled internally). The position gain parameter active at present value.</p> <p>Increment/Decrement adds or takes away counts and position loop is enabled internally. In other words this adds/subtracts counts to the position register when it is closed and then returns to normal following when it is opened. This is used to take the slack out of the web should it slip. It doesn't change the ratio so when the slip of the material is corrected, the normal following ratio is resumed. The position gain parameter active at present value.</p>
	Velocity Following (0)	
	Position Following (1)	
	Position Sync (2)	
	<b>INCREMENT STEP</b> (3105)	<p>Preset Value: 1 Range: 1 - 1024</p> <p>Output portion of the selected I:O ratio or absolute position is changed by this.</p>
	<b>RX RATIO INPUT</b> (3106)	<p>Preset Value: 1024 Range: 1 - 1048576</p> <p>Receive Input Ratio or the received counts input divisor.</p>
	<b>RX RATIO OUT 1</b> (3107) <b>RX RATIO OUT 2</b> (3108) <b>RX RATIO OUT 3</b> (3109) <b>RX RATIO OUT 4</b> (3110)	<p>Preset Value: 1024 Range: 1 - 1048576</p> <p>Received counts output multiplier.</p>
	<b>OUTPUT TYPE</b> (3111)	<p>Preset Value: 0 Range: 0 - 1</p> <p>Quadrature (0) Quadrature encoder output signal from the EXBHH007 expansion board.</p> <p>Speed (1) Speed encoder output signal from the EXBHH007 expansion board.</p>
	<b>TX RATIO INPUT</b> (3112)	<p>Preset Value: 1024 Range: 1 - 1048576</p> <p>Retransmitted input count ratio or retransmitted input counts divisor.</p>
	<b>TX RATIO OUTPUT</b> (3113)	<p>Preset Value: 1024 Range: 1 - 1048576</p> <p>Retransmitted output count ratio or retransmitted output counts output multiplier.</p>  <p><b>Example:</b> Master Encoder=1024, Buffered Encoder Output = 1024 (Desired) Rx Ratio In = 1024, Rx Ratio Out = 2048 Rx Out to H2 Control = 2048 Tx Ratio In = 2048, Tx Ratio Out = 1024 Buffered Encoder Output = 1024</p>

**Table 7-3 Level 3 Parameter Block Definitions Continued**

Block Title	Parameter (Number) Selection (Value)	Parameter Name and Description
PULSE FOLLOWER (Continued)	<b>SAVE RX OUT RATI</b> (3114)	Preset Value: 0 Range: 0 - 1
	No (0)	Does not save values to non-volatile memory.
	Yes (1)	Saves values to non-volatile memory.
		Determines whether or not receive output ratios are saved to non-volatile memory so that they are retained upon loss of drive power.
CUSTOM UNITS	<b>MAX DEC PLACES</b> (3201)	Preset Value: 1 Range: 0 - 5
	0	Zero decimal places for the Custom Units display.
	1	One decimal place for the Custom Units display.
	2	Two decimal places for the Custom Units display.
	3	Three decimal places for the Custom Units display.
	4	Four decimal places for the Custom Units display.
	5	Five decimal places for the Custom Units display.
		The number of decimal places for the Custom Units display.
	<b>VALUE AT SPEED</b> (3202)	Preset Value: 0.0: 0RPM Range: 0.0 - 9999999.0 (X.X: YRPM)
		Sets the desired output rate per RPM of motor speed for the Custom Units display. This parameter provides scaling. Normal status display used until "Y" is set to a non-zero value. The value "X.X" is displayed at "Y" RPM. Note that "Y" RPM is programmed in parameter P3204, AT SPEED VALUE, when using Mint WorkBench.
	<b>UNITS OF MEASURE</b> (3203)	Preset Value: Cust Range: ASCII & Graphic Characters
		Allows user specified units of measure to be displayed for the Custom Units display. Characters are selected from display using ▲ and ▼ keys. More characters are available (press MORE "F1" on keypad) for additional characters.
PRESET POSITIONS	<b>PRESET REVs 2</b> (3301) <b>PRESET REVs 3</b> (3302) <b>PRESET REVs 4</b> (3303) <b>PRESET REVs 5</b> (3304) <b>PRESET REVs 6</b> (3305) <b>PRESET REVs 7</b> (3306)	Preset Value: 1:0000 Preset Value: 2:0000 Preset Value: 3:0000 Preset Value: 4:0000 Preset Value: 5:0000 Preset Value: 6:0000 Range: (-49999 to 49999) : (-4095 to 4095)
		Sets integral number of revolutions for preset number position ((2 (3301) through 7 (3306)). Preset position number ((2 (3301) through 7 (3306)) is an absolute move relative to the home position. Only available or active if the Master Pulse Reference/Isolated Pulse Follower EXB (EXBHH007) is installed. Only displayed when Level 1, Input Setup, Operating Mode parameter P1401 is set to "Preset Position".

**Table 7-3 Level 3 Parameter Block Definitions Continued**

<b>Block Title</b>	<b>Parameter (Number) Selection (Value)</b>	<b>Parameter Name and Description</b>
PRESET POSITIONS (Continued)	<b>PRESET REVs 8</b> (3307) <b>PRESET REVs 9</b> (3308) <b>PRESET REVs 10</b> (3309) <b>PRESET REVs 11</b> (3310) <b>PRESET REVs 12</b> (3311) <b>PRESET REVs 13</b> (3312) <b>PRESET REVs 14</b> (3313) <b>PRESET REVs 15</b> (3314)	<p>Preset Value: 7:0000  Preset Value: 8:0000  Preset Value: 9:0000  Preset Value: 10:0000  Preset Value: 11:0000  Preset Value: 12:0000  Preset Value: 13:0000  Preset Value: 14:0000  Range: (-49999 to 49999) : (-4095 to 4095)</p> <p>Sets integral number of revolutions for preset position number ((8 (3307) through 15 (3314)). Preset position number ((8 (3307) through 15 (3314)) is an incremental move relative to the present position. Only available or active if the Master Pulse Reference/Isolated Pulse Follower EXB (EXBHH007) is installed.  Only displayed when Level 1, Input Setup, Operating Mode parameter P1401 is set to "Preset Position".</p>
	<b>POS PROP GAIN</b> (3329)	<p>Preset Value: 000.1000  Range 000.0000 to 100.0000</p> <p>Proportional gain of the PID control loop used during preset position moves. Only available or active if the Master Pulse Reference/Isolated Pulse Follower EXB (EXBHH007) is installed.  Only displayed when Level 1, Input Setup, Operating Mode parameter P1401 is set to "Preset Position".</p>
	<b>POS INTG GAIN</b> (3330)	<p>Preset Value: 000.0000  Range 000.0000 to 100.0000</p> <p>Integral gain of the PID control loop used during preset position moves. Only available or active if the Master Pulse Reference/Isolated Pulse Follower EXB (EXBHH007) is installed.  Only displayed when Level 1, Input Setup, Operating Mode parameter P1401 is set to "Preset Position".</p>
	<b>POS INTG CLAMP</b> (3331)	<p>Preset Value: 10%  Range 000.0 to 100.0%</p> <p>Clamp used to prohibit windup by limiting the integral value of the PID position control loop. Only available or active if the Master Pulse Reference/Isolated Pulse Follower EXB (EXBHH007) is installed.  Only displayed when Level 1, Input Setup, Operating Mode parameter P1401 is set to "Preset Position".</p>
	<b>POS DIFF GAIN</b> (3332)	<p>Preset Value: 0.0000  Range 000.0000 to 100.0000</p> <p>Differential gain of the PID control loop used during preset position moves. Only available or active if the Master Pulse Reference/Isolated Pulse Follower EXB (EXBHH007) is installed.  Only displayed when Level 1, Input Setup, Operating Mode parameter P1401 is set to "Preset Position".</p>
	<b>POS MAX ADJUST</b> (3333)	<p>Preset Value: 10%  Range 000.0 to 100.0%</p> <p>Maximum percentage that the position loop can adjust the speed due to following error. Only available or active if the Master Pulse Reference/Isolated Pulse Follower EXB (EXBHH007) is installed.  Only displayed when Level 1, Input Setup, Operating Mode parameter P1401 is set to "Preset Position".</p>
	<b>POS FILTER</b> (3334)	<p>Preset Value: 10.0 Hz  Range 0.1 to 500.0 Hz</p> <p>Low pass filter on the output of the position loop. Only available or active if the Master Pulse Reference/Isolated Pulse Follower EXB (EXBHH007) is installed.  Only displayed when Level 1, Input Setup, Operating Mode parameter P1401 is set to "Preset Position".</p>

### Table 7-3 Level 3 Parameter Block Definitions Continued

Block Title	Parameter (Number) Selection (Value)	Parameter Name and Description				
PLC MODE	PLC CONFIG 1 through PLC CONFIG 30 (3401 - 3430)	Preset Value: 000.128.000.000 Range: 0 to 255.255.255.255				
		30 PLC statements that define the 32 bit word format and structure as:				
		Parameter Number Format = DDD.CCC.BBB.AAA    Example: P3401 = 051.000.000.020				
		Where: DDD = bits 31-24 Byte 3                      051 = Digital Input 1 (see Chapter 10) CCC = bits 23-16 Byte 2                      000 = OR (see Chapter 10) BBB = bits 15-8 Byte 1                        000 = False (see Chapter 10) AAA = bits 7-0 Byte 0                         020 = Forward (see Chapter 10)				
		Parameter No.	Hex Byte 3	Hex Byte 2	Hex Byte 1	Hex Byte 0
		PS3401 - 3430	Condition ID MSD (see Chapter 10)	Logical Operator ID (see Chapter 10)	Condition ID (see Chapter 10)	Action ID LSD (see Chapter 10)
	See also Chapter 10.					
COMPARE A PARAM (3431) COMPARE B PARAM (3433)	Preset Value: 0 Range: 00000 to 10000					
	Comparator parameters provide a way to monitor real-time signals within the drive and apply them to the PLC Mode's logic. The setting of these parameters is the number of the parameter to be monitored by the comparator. They may be used on the condition definition side of the PLC Mode's logic. (See Chapter 10).					
	COMPARE A CNST1 (3432) COMPARE B CNST1 (3434)	Preset Value: 0.00% Range: 0.00 to 200.00%				
		See Chapter 10.				
	COMPARE A CNST2 (3435) COMPARE B CNST2 (3436)	Preset Value: 0.00% Range: -100.00 to 100.00%				
		See Chapter 10.				
TIMER A DURATION (3440) TIMER B DURATION (3441) TIMER C DURATION (3442) TIMER D DURATION (3443)	Preset Value: 0.00 Range: 0.00 to 999999.00 seconds					
	See Chapter 10.					
COMP REF	PARAM A NUMBER (3501) PARAM B NUMBER (3503)	Preset Value: 0 Range: 00000 to 10000				
		Holds number to the second parameter used in the reference. See Chapter 11.				
	PARAM A FUNCTION (3502) PARAM B FUNCTION (3504)  Zero (0) Identity (1) Absolute Value (2) Invert (3) Square (4) Square Root (5) Sine (6) Cosine (7) Ramp Generator (8) Freq Generator (9)	Preset Value: 0 Range: 0 - 9				
	Mathematical function applied to the first (A) and second (B) parameter. See Chapter 11.					

**Table 7-3 Level 3 Parameter Block Definitions Continued**

Block Title	Parameter (Number) Selection (Value)	Parameter Name and Description
COMP REF (Continued)	<b>OPERATOR</b> (3505)	Preset Value: 0 Range: 0 - 5
	Sum (0)	
	Difference (1)	
	Multiply (2)	
	Divide (3)	
	Maximum (4)	
	Minimum (5)	
		The mathematical operator applied to the first and second parameters. See Chapter 11.
	<b>FUNCTION</b> (3506)	Preset Value: 1 Range: 0 - 9
	Zero (0)	
	Identity (1)	
	Absolute Value (2)	
	Invert (3)	
	Square (4)	
	Square Root (5)	
	Sine (6)	
	Cosine (7)	
	Ramp Generator (8)	
	Freq Generator (9)	
		Mathematical function applied after the operator. See Chapter 11.
	<b>PARAM A GAIN</b> (3507) <b>PARAM B GAIN</b> (3508)	Preset Value: 1.000 Preset Value: 1.000 Range: -1000.000 to 1000.000
		Provides numerical scaling for parameter A and B. See Chapter 11.

**Table 7-3 Level 3 Parameter Block Definitions Continued**

Block Title	Parameter (Number) Selection (Value)	Parameter Name and Description
RTC FEATURES	<b>RTC ACTION 1</b> (3601)	Preset Value: 0
	<b>RTC ACTION 2</b> (3602)	Range: 0 - 23
	None (0)	
	D.Out1 On (1)	
	D.Out1 Off (2)	
	D.Out2 On (3)	
	D.Out2 Off (4)	
	R.Out1 On (5)	
	R.Out1 Off (6)	
	R.Out2 On (7)	
	R.Out2Off (8)	
	Increment (9)	
	Decrement (10)	
	Reset (11)	
	D.Out1 On/IncP107 (12)	
	D.Out1 Off/IncP107 (13)	
	D.Out1 On/DecP107 (14)	
	D.Out1 Off/DecP107 (15)	
	D.Out1 On/Reset (16)	
	D.Out1 Off/Reset (17)	
	R.Out1 On/IncP107 (18)	
	R.Out1 Off/IncP107 (19)	
	R.Out1 On/DecP107 (20)	
	R.Out1 Off/DecP107 (21)	
	R.Out1 On/Reset (22)	
	R.Out1 Off/Reset (23)	
		First action taken as a result of an edge from the RTC. See Chapter 12.
		Second action taken as a result of an edge from the RTC. See Chapter 12.
	<b>RTC MESSAGE 1</b> (3603)	Preset Value: 0
	<b>RTC MESSAGE 2</b> (3604)	Range: 0 - 8
	None (0)	
	Clean Filter (1)	
	Change Filter (2)	
	Apply Oil/Lube (3)	
	Lube Mtr. Brngs (4)	
	Service Drive (5)	
	Service Coolant (6)	
	Service Heating (7)	
	RTC Alarm (8)	
		First message sent as a result of an edge from the RTC. See Chapter 12.
		Second message sent as a result of an edge from the RTC. See Chapter 12.



**Table 7-3 Level 3 Parameter Block Definitions Continued**

Block Title	Parameter (Number) Selection (Value)	Parameter Name and Description
RTC FEATURES (Continued)	<b>ACT1 QUALIFIER</b> (3605) <b>ACT2 QUALIFIER</b> (3606)	Preset Value: 0 Range: 0 - 6
	Once (0)	
	Second (1)	
	Minute (2)	
	Hourly (3)	
	Daily (4)	
	Monthly (5)	
	Yearly (6)	
		Schedule qualifier for the RTC action 1. See Chapter 12.
		Schedule qualifier for the RTC action 2. See Chapter 12.
	<b>MSG1 QUALIFIER</b> (3607) <b>MSG2 QUALIFIER</b> (3608)	Preset Value: 0 Range: 0 - 6
	Once (0)	
	Second (1)	
	Minute (2)	
	Hourly (3)	
	Daily (4)	
	Monthly (5)	
	Yearly (6)	
		Schedule qualifier for the RTC message 1. See Chapter 12.
		Schedule qualifier for the RTC message 2. See Chapter 12.
	<b>ACT1 DATE/TIME</b> (3609) <b>ACT2 DATE/TIME</b> (3610)	Preset Value: 01 January 2000, 00:00:00 Range: 01 January 2000, 00:00:00 - 31 December 2063, 23:59:59
		Schedule qualifier for the RTC message 1. See Chapter 12.
		Schedule qualifier for the RTC message 2. See Chapter 12.
	<b>MSG1 DATE/TIME</b> (3611) <b>MSG2 DATE/TIME</b> (3612)	Preset Value: 01 January 2000, 00:00:00 Range: 01 January 2000, 00:00:00 - 31 December 2063, 23:59:59
		Date and Time for RTC message 1. See Chapter 12.
		Date and Time for RTC message 2. See Chapter 12.
	<b>RTC COUNTER MAX</b> (3630)	Preset Value: 60 Range: 00000 - 99999
		See Chapter 12.
	<b>DST SELECT</b> (3631)	Preset Value: 0 Range: 0 - 2
	Off (0)	Daylight Saving Time select. DST not used.
	U.S.A. (1)	Daylight Saving Time select. DST for U.S.A.
	E.U. (2)	Daylight Saving Time select. DST for E.U.
		See Chapter 12.



# Chapter 8

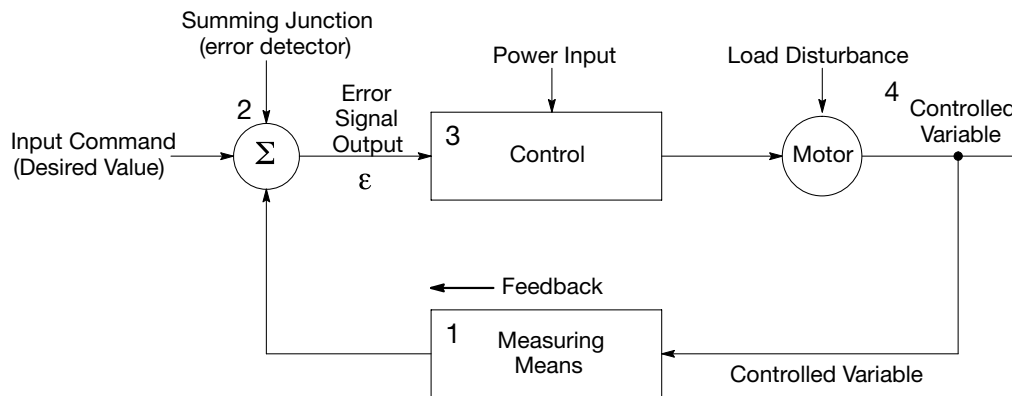
## Customizing Your Application

### 8.1 Manually Tuning the Control

#### Explanation of Closed Loop Block Diagrams

Control systems are usually represented by a series of interconnected blocks. The blocks represent the individual functions of the system. The blocks are interconnected by a series of lines, which represent the variable or quantity involved with directional arrows showing the direction of information flow. See Figure 8-1.

**Figure 8-1 Block Diagram of a Closed Loop System**



Any closed loop system can be divided into four basic operations:

1. Measurement of the controlled variable. The controlled variable can be velocity, torque, etc. This measuring means is accomplished using a sensor that converts the variable to an electrical signal that is compatible with the control inputs, usually voltage or current. This signal now represents the controlled variable (Feedback).
2. Determination of the error. The summing junction compares the measured value of the controlled variable (Feedback Input) with the Input Command (desired value) and generates an error signal. The operation is a simple mathematical subtraction operation as follows:

$$\text{Error Signal ( } \epsilon \text{ )} = \text{Input Command} - \text{Feedback}$$

3. The error signal is then used by the control to change the motor speed or torque.
4. The motor speed or torque is then used to reduce the error signal by driving the control, and the final controlled variable, so that the actual value of the controlled variable approaches the Input Command value or desired value. It should be noted that closed loop control systems are error actuated. In other words, an error must be present before the system will try to correct for it.

#### Definition of Input Command (Desired Value)

The Input Command is the input signal set by the operator. This can represent speed or torque level.

#### Definition of Feedback

Feedback is the signal which represents the actual measured value from the controlled variable. This can represent a pressure, flow, speed, torque, level or temperature sensor. This input is usually a sensor voltage or current representing the measured value.

#### Definition of Error

Error is the result of subtracting the Input Command and Feedback signals.  
Error is mathematically defined as:

$$\text{Error Signal ( } \epsilon \text{ )} = \text{Input Command} - \text{Feedback}$$

**Definition of “P” (Proportional Gain)**

Proportional Gain is the amplification that is applied to the process error signal, which will result in a particular control output.

Proportional Gain is mathematically defined as;

$$A_{out} = K_p \varepsilon$$

Where:

$A_{out}$  = Control output

$K_p$  = Proportional gain

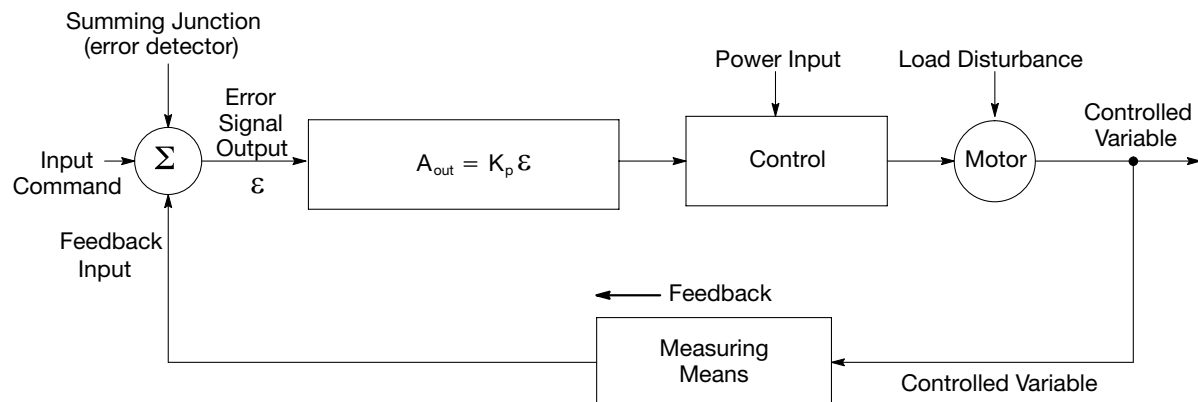
$\varepsilon$  = Error signal = (Input Command - feedback)

In Figure 8-2 we see that the amplitude of the output of the control is dependent on the error, multiplied by the proportional gain.

For a given amount of error, the greater the proportional gain, the greater the output.

It is also true that, for a given amount of proportional gain, the greater the error, the greater the output.

**Figure 8-2 Block Diagram of the P Element**



**Definition of “I” (Integral Gain)**

Integral Gain (like Proportional Gain) is amplification of the process error signal, but is time dependent. If a steady state error exists for long periods of time, it is known as an offset. Integral gain compensates for this long term error or offset. Generally speaking, if you were to use only proportional control in a process, the control output would never get the controlled variable exactly equal to the input command. You would always have some small amount of error. This is often called offset. The Integral term senses this long term offset, and corrects the control output to reduce the effect of offset.

Integral Gain is mathematically defined as:

$$A_{out} = K_i \int \epsilon \Delta t$$

Where:

$A_{out}$  = Controller output

$K_i$  = Integral gain

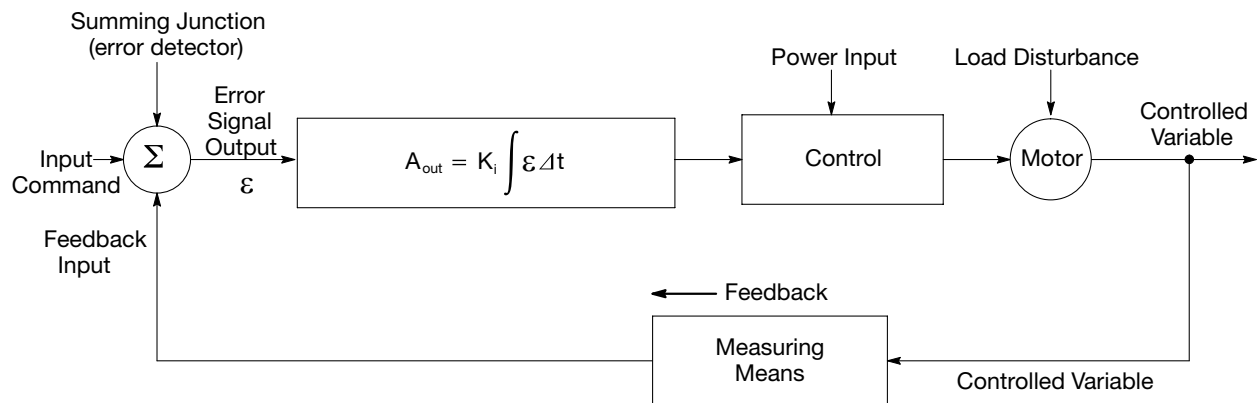
$\int$  = Integrator symbol

$\epsilon$  = Process error signal = (setpoint - feedback)

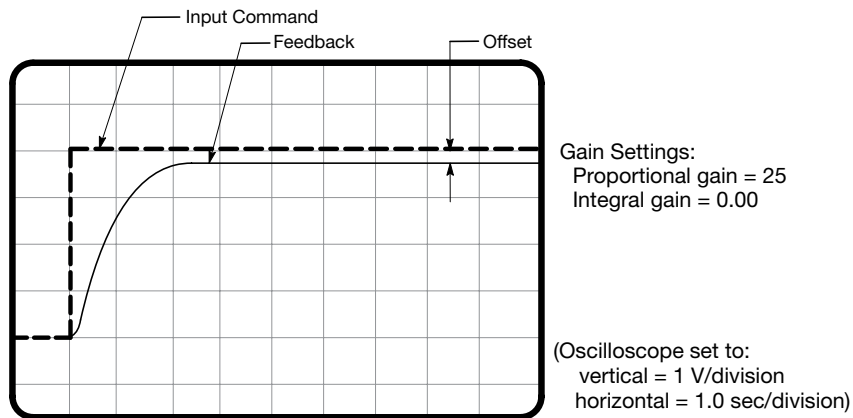
$\Delta t$  = Change in time

This formula states that a given control output ( $A_{out}$ ) is equal to integral gain ( $K_i$ ), multiplied by the integral ( $\int$ ) of the error ( $\epsilon$ ), multiplied by the change ( $\Delta$ ) in time ( $t$ ). Simply, an Integrator loop is used and error is accumulated over time (or integrated), and integral gain is used to reduce long term error. Figure 8-3 shows this process.

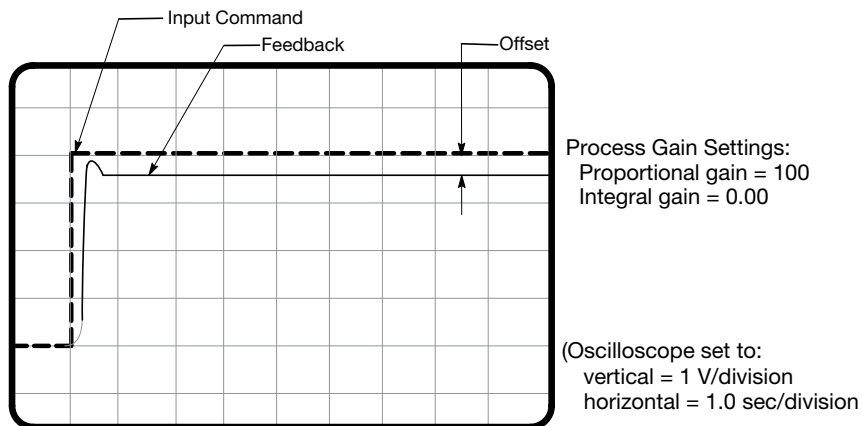
**Figure 8-3 Block Diagram of the I Element**



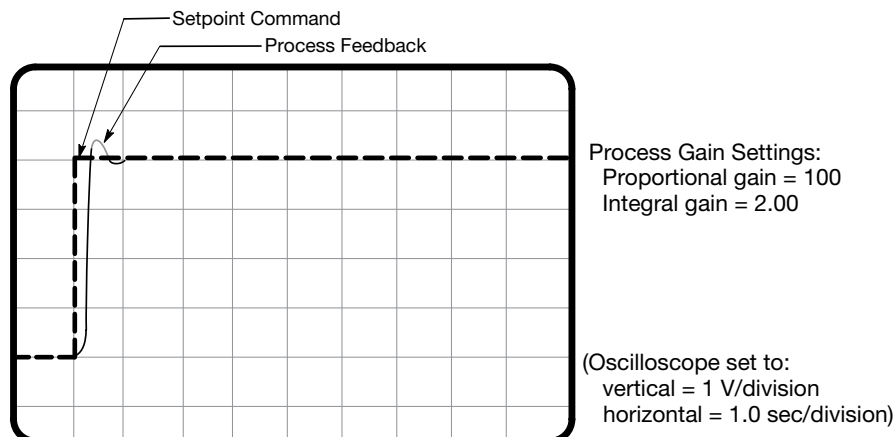
To illustrate the concept of offset, refer to the following waveform. When the feedback has stabilized, it is not equal to input command. In this case, the difference between the input command and the feedback is the offset. Note that the integral gain is set to zero.



The next waveform illustrates what happens when the proportional gain is increased from 25 to 100. An increase in the proportional gain causes the controlled variable to respond more quickly as indicated by the feedback signal.



The next waveform illustrates what happens to the system offset when we apply integral gain. With the addition of integral gain (2.00 Hz), the system offset is reduced to zero.



### Manually Tuning the Control

In some applications the drive cannot be accurately auto-tuned. In these cases it is necessary to calculate the values needed to tune the drive and manually enter these calculated parameter values.

### Current Prop Gain Parameter

This parameter (P1633) is located in the Level 1, Motor Control Block. The Current Prop Gain parameter is normally autotuned when motor inductance is not known. Where autotuning can't be used, the proper manual setting for the proportional gain can be calculated by:

$$\text{Current PROP Gain} = \frac{[740 \times L \times (A/V)]}{VAC}$$

Where:

L = Line to neutral inductance of the motor in mH

VAC = Nominal line Volts

A/V = The Amps/Volt scaling of the current feedback

Motor line to neutral inductance can be obtained either from the motor manufacturer or by measuring the line-to-line inductance and dividing by two.

The A/V scaling for the control can be found in the diagnostic information located in the DISPLAY MODE.

For most applications setting the Current Prop Gain parameter to a value of 60 will yield adequate performance.

### Current Int Gain Parameter

The Current Int Gain parameter (P1634) located in the Level 1 Motor Control Block is factory preset at 250 Hz. This setting is suitable for essentially all systems. DO NOT CHANGE WITHOUT FACTORY APPROVAL.

### Speed Prop Gain Parameter

The Level 1 Motor Control Block Speed Prop Gain parameter (P1635) factory setting is 1.00. This gain may be increased or decreased to suit the application. Increasing the Speed Prop Gain parameter will result in faster response, excessive proportional gain will cause overshoot and ringing. Decreasing the Speed Prop Gain parameter will cause slower response and decrease overshoot and ringing caused by excessive proportional gain.

### Speed Int Gain Parameter

The Level 1 Motor Control Block Speed Int Gain parameter (P1636) is set to 1.00 Hz and may be set at any value from zero to 50.00 Hz. Setting the Speed Int Gain parameter to 0 Hz removes integral compensation. This results in a proportional loop only. This selection is ideal for systems where overshoot must be avoided and substantial stiffness (ability of the control to maintain commanded speed despite varying torque loads) is not required.

Increasing values of the Speed Int Gain parameter increases the low frequency gain and stiffness of the control. An excessive integral gain setting will cause overshoot for transient speed commands and may lead to oscillation. If the Speed Prop Gain parameter and the Speed Int Gain parameter are set too high, an overshoot condition can also occur.

To manually tune the control, the following procedure is used:

1. Set the speed Int Gain parameter = 0 (remove integral gain).
2. Increase the Speed Prop Gain parameter setting until adequate response to step speed commands is attained.
3. Increase the Speed Int Gain parameter setting to increase the stiffness of the drive, or ability to maintain speed with dynamic load changes.

**Note:** It is convenient to monitor speed step response with a strip chart recorder or storage oscilloscope connected to J1-6 or J1-7 with Level 1, Output Block Analog Out1 Signal (P1511) or Analog Out2 Signal (P1514) set to ABS SPEED, 0 VDC = zero speed. See Chapter 5 for analog outputs.





# Chapter 9

## Troubleshooting

The VS1SD continuously monitors its status and operation. When a fault occurs, the event and drive status is captured to help you troubleshoot problems. The following are designed to help in troubleshooting:

- LEDs on the keypad indicate status (Stop, FWD, REV, Jog)
- Fault Codes displayed on the keypad display as they occur
- A log of these faults and the time each occurred is kept in the Event Log
- A trace log for each event stored in the Event log

### 9.1 Event Log

From the Menu display screen, select Event Log and press enter. If an error is displayed during operation, press the “Help” key to learn more about the error. If more than one error was logged, access the Event Log and examine each error Entry at the time of the event to learn more about the error.

Action	Description	Display	Comments
Status Display	After power up the display shows the Status screen.	<div> STATUS      FWD      LOCAL    159.5V      600RPM  6.2A      20.00HZ    DIAG      600r      MAIN </div>	
Press Menu	Displays top level menu options.	<div> STATUS  BASIC PARAMS  ADVANCED PROG  EVENT LOG  DIAGNOSTICS    DIAG      BACK </div>	Press ▲ or ▼ to move cursor over the “EVENT LOG” selection. Press Enter to view the event log.
Event Log Display	Displays error name, Entry # and time the error occurred.  LOW INITIAL BUS 0      Date      Time  Entry #    DD/MM/YY    HH:MM:SS 0-9	<div> EV. LOG      STOP      LOCAL    LOW INITIAL BUS  0    4-Jul-06      09:35:00    STATUS      TRACE </div>	Press ▲ or ▼ to view next entry Press F2 to display Trace menu. Press F1 to return to Status menu.

#### Trace

Input states, Output states, various voltage and current values etc. can be viewed to help understand the cause of the fault condition. Each event in the Event log has its own Fault Trace displays that were captured when that event occurred. Scroll through the event log to the event you wish to investigate.

#### Trace Displays

Action	Description	Display	Comments
Event Log Display	Press ▲ or ▼ to scroll to the event you want to investigate.	<div> EV. LOG      STOP      LOCAL    LOW INITIAL BUS  3    4-Jul-06      09:42:00    STATUS      TRACE </div>	Press F2 (or press Enter) to show the fault Trace for the event.
Fault Trace Display	The Fault Latch word is displayed.  0x=Hexadecimal 0b=Binary	<div> EV. LOG      FAULT TRACE    FAULT LATCH  0x0000    STATUS      T0003      BACK </div>	Press ▲ or ▼ to view next entry.  This is a hex value.  The T0003 indicates the Fault Trace for event 3 of the event log is displayed.

### FAULT LATCH Word Interpretation

Hexadecimal	Binary	Description
0000	0000 0000 0000 0000	No Fault
0001	0000 0000 0000 0001	Motor Phase U upper Transistor
0002	0000 0000 0000 0010	Motor Phase U lower Transistor
0004	0000 0000 0000 0100	Motor Phase V lower Transistor
0008	0000 0000 0000 1000	Motor Phase V upper Transistor
0010	0000 0000 0001 0000	Motor Phase W lower Transistor
0020	0000 0000 0010 0000	Motor Phase W upper Transistor
0040	0000 0000 0100 0000	Brake Desaturation Fault
0080	0000 0000 1000 0000	Brake IGBT Fault
0100	0000 0001 0000 0000	Not Used
0200	0000 0010 0000 0000	Not Used
0400	0000 0100 0000 0000	Ground Fault
0800	0000 1000 0000 0000	Over Current Fault (Active Low)
1000	0001 0000 0000 0000	Pulse by Pulse fault on Motor Phase 1
2000	0010 0000 0000 0000	Pulse by Pulse fault on Motor Phase 2
4000	0100 0000 0000 0000	Pulse by Pulse fault on Motor Phase 3
8000	1000 0000 0000 0000	Inverter Desaturation Fault

### Trace Displays Continued

Action	Description	Display	Comments
Fault Trace Display	The Alarm Latch word is also displayed. The T0003 indicates the Fault Trace for event 3 of the event log is displayed.	<div> EV. LOG      FAULT TRACE   ALARM LATCH  0x0000   STATUS      T0003      BACK </div>	Press ▲ or ▼ to view next entry.  This is a hex value.

### ALARM LATCH Word Interpretation

Hexadecimal	Binary	Description
0000	0000 0000 0000 0000	No Alarm
0001	0000 0000 0000 0001	Fan Alarm
0002	0000 0000 0000 0010	Motor Over Temperature
0004	0000 0000 0000 0100	Phase Loss
0008	0000 0000 0000 1000	Line Loss
0010	0000 0000 0001 0000	Line Sag
0020	0000 0000 0010 0000	Power Supply Alarm
0040	0000 0000 0100 0000	Not Used
0080	0000 0000 1000 0000	Powerbase in pulse-by-pulse limiting
0100	0000 0001 0000 0000	Not Used
0200	0000 0010 0000 0000	Not Used
0400	0000 0100 0000 0000	Not Used
0800	0000 1000 0000 0000	Not Used
1000	0001 0000 0000 0000	Not Used
2000	0010 0000 0000 0000	Not Used
4000	0100 0000 0000 0000	Not Used
8000	1000 0000 0000 0000	Not Used

## Trace Displays Continued

Action	Description	Display	Comments
Fault Trace Display	Third word in the event trace is the Voltage reference for the Analog to Digital Converter.	<div> EV. LOG      FAULT TRACE    ADC CURRENT REF  0.000 V    STATUS      T0003      BACK </div>	Press ▲ or ▼ to view next entry.
Fault Trace Display	Next is the Voltage measurement of the Internal 24V power supply for the Opto Inputs and Outputs.	<div> EV. LOG      FAULT TRACE    24 V REF  0.0 V    STATUS      T0003      BACK </div>	Press ▲ or ▼ to view next entry.
Fault Trace Display	Next is the status of the nine Digital Input signals. J2-8 (Enable) left most digit=1. J2-16 (DIN#8) right most digit=0.	<div> EV. LOG      FAULT TRACE    USER INPUTS  10000000    STATUS      T0003      BACK </div>	Press ▲ or ▼ to view next entry.  This is a bit display not a hex value.
Fault Trace Display	Next is the status of the Digital Output signals. The below table indicates the function of each of the 8 bits.	<div> EV. LOG      FAULT TRACE    DIGITAL OUTPUTS  00000000    STATUS      T0003      BACK </div>	Press ▲ or ▼ to view next entry  This is a bit display not a hex value.

Digital Output Display		Description
Hexadecimal	Binary	
00	0000 0000	No Fault
01	0000 0001	Actual Speed is less than Zero Speed Band
02	0000 0010	Main SCR enable (active low)
04	0000 0100	Dynamic Brake active
08	0000 1000	Soft start (pre-charge) relay active
10	0001 0000	Relay Output 2 (J3-28, 29, 30) active
20	0010 0000	Relay Output 1 (J3-25, 26, 27) active
40	0100 0000	Digital Output 2 (J2-19, 20) active
80	1000 0000	Digital Output 1 (J2-17, 18) active

## Trace Displays Continued

Action	Description	Display	Comments
Fault Trace Display	Next is the voltage present at Analog Input 1.	<div> EV. LOG FAULT TRACE </div> <div> ANA INPUT 1 0.0 V </div> <div> STATUS T0003 BACK </div>	Press ▲ or ▼ to view next entry.
Fault Trace Display	Next is the voltage present at Analog Input 2.	<div> EV. LOG FAULT TRACE </div> <div> ANA INPUT 2 0.0 V </div> <div> STATUS T0003 BACK </div>	Press ▲ or ▼ to view next entry.
Fault Trace Display	Next is the Speed Reference Setting.	<div> EV. LOG FAULT TRACE </div> <div> SPEED REF 0 RPM </div> <div> STATUS T0003 BACK </div>	Press ▲ or ▼ to view next entry.
Fault Trace Display	Next is the AC output current on phase 1.	<div> EV. LOG FAULT TRACE </div> <div> PH1 CURRENT 0.0 A </div> <div> STATUS T0003 BACK </div>	Press ▲ or ▼ to view next entry.
Fault Trace Display	Next is the AC output current on phase 2.	<div> EV. LOG FAULT TRACE </div> <div> PH2 CURRENT 0.0 A </div> <div> STATUS T0003 BACK </div>	Press ▲ or ▼ to view next entry.
Fault Trace Display	Next is the AC output current on phase 3.	<div> EV. LOG FAULT TRACE </div> <div> PH3 CURRENT 0.0 A </div> <div> STATUS T0003 BACK </div>	Press ▲ or ▼ to view next entry.
Fault Trace Display	Next is the Motor Current.	<div> EV. LOG FAULT TRACE </div> <div> MOTOR CURRENT 0.0A </div> <div> STATUS T0003 BACK </div>	Press ▲ or ▼ to view next entry.
Fault Trace Display	Next is the Motor Torque.	<div> EV. LOG FAULT TRACE </div> <div> MOTOR TORQUE 0.0 NM </div> <div> STATUS T0003 BACK </div>	Press ▲ or ▼ to view next entry.

## Trace Displays Continued

Action	Description	Display	Comments
Fault Trace Display	Next is the Motor Voltage.	<div> EV. LOG FAULT TRACE   MOTOR VOLTS 0.0V   STATUS T0003 BACK </div>	Press ▲ or ▼ to view next entry.
Fault Trace Display	Next is the Motor Speed.	<div> EV. LOG FAULT TRACE   MOTOR SPEED 0 RPM   STATUS T0003 BACK </div>	Press ▲ or ▼ to view next entry.
Fault Trace Display	Next is Bus Voltage.	<div> EV. LOG FAULT TRACE   BUS VOLTAGE 0.0 V </div>	Press ▲ or ▼ to view next entry.
Fault Trace Display	The control heatsink temperature.	<div> EV. LOG FAULT TRACE   DRIVE TEMP 0.0 °C   STATUS T0003 BACK </div>	Press ▲ or ▼ to view next entry.
Fault Trace Display	The fault code for the event.	<div> EV. LOG FAULT TRACE   FAULT LATCH 0x0000   STATUS T0003 BACK </div>	Press ▲ or ▼ to view next entry.
Fault Trace Display	The alarm code for the event.	<div> EV. LOG FAULT TRACE   ALARM LATCH 0x0000   STATUS T0003 BACK </div>	Press ▲ or ▼ to view next entry.
Fault Trace Display		<div> EV. LOG   END OF FAULT TRACE   STATUS BACK </div>	Press Enter or F2 to return to the event log.

## 9.2 Diagnostic Information

After power up, select the Diagnostic Menu to see information from the diagnostic displays.

Action	Description	Display	Comments
Press Menu	Displays top level menu options.	<div> STATUS  BASIC PARAMS  ADVANCED PROG  EVENT LOG  <b>DIAGNOSTICS</b>  STATUS BACK </div>	Press ▲ or ▼ to move cursor over the "DIAGNOSTICS" selection.  Press Enter to view diagnostic information.
Press ► to display next group.	Displays active operating mode settings.	<div> DIAG STOP LOCAL  OPERATING MODE  Keypad  Speed  AC Servo  STATUS Or MAIN </div>	Press F2 to return to main menu. Press F1 to return to STATUS screen.
Press ► to display next group.	Bit display of digital inputs, outputs and the voltage present at the internal 24V supply terminals. Note: Example display shows that the drive enable terminal (J2-8) is on and that Relay Out 2 is on.	<div> DIAG STOP LOCAL  DIGITAL I/O  INPUTS 100000000  OUTPUTS 0001  USER 24V 24.9V  STATUS Or MAIN </div>	Press ► or ◀ to go to the next or previous Diagnostic screen.  Press F2 to return to main menu. Press F1 to return to STATUS screen.
Press ► to display next group.	Output Frequency, % Feedforward % Setpoint, % Feedback	<div> DIAG STOP LOCAL  PROC CONTROL PID  0.00HZ 0.0FF  0.0SP 0.0FB  STATUS Or MAIN </div>	Press ► or ◀ to go to the next or previous Diagnostic screen. Press F2 to return to main menu. Note: This screen does not appear unless P1401 is set to Process Control. Press F1 to return to STATUS screen.
Diagnostic Display	Displays software version, hp, volts and Amp/Volt ratings.	<div> DIAG STOP LOCAL  SHH-1.21  RATED HP 3HP  RATED VOLTS 240.0V  RATED A/V 4.0A/V  STATUS Or MAIN </div>	Press ► or ◀ to go to the next or previous Diagnostic screen.  Press F2 to return to main menu. Press F1 to return to STATUS screen.
Press ► to display next group.		<div> DIAG STOP LOCAL  SHH-1.21  RATED CURRENT 9.6A  RATED PK CU 16.8A  STATUS Or MAIN </div>	Press ► or ◀ to go to the next or previous Diagnostic screen.  Press F2 to return to main menu. Press F1 to return to STATUS screen.
Press ► to display next group.	Displays:  Power Base ID number EE Firmware version FPGA firmware version	<div> DIAG STOP LOCAL  POWER BASE VERSION  ID 0x000A2003  EE VER 0x00000001  FPGA VER 0x00000A02  STATUS Or MAIN </div>	Press ► or ◀ to go to the next or previous Diagnostic screen.  Press F2 to return to main menu. Press F1 to return to STATUS screen. 0x=Hexadecimal 0b=Binary
Press ► to display next group.	Displays real time clock values (date and time) and total run time since installation.  Press ENTER to set date and time.	<div> DIAG STOP LOCAL  REAL TIME CLOCK  Jan 1, 2009  22:07:35  RUN TIMER 474.1HR  STATUS Or MAIN </div>	Press ► or ◀ to go to the next or previous Diagnostic screen.  Press F2 to return to main menu. Press F1 to return to STATUS screen.

## Diagnostics Information Continued

Action	Description	Display	Comments
Press ► to display next group.	Displays energy cost (based on parameter P2305 value).	<div> <div>DIAG STOP LOCAL</div> <div>ENERGY</div> <div>EST POWER 0.00KW</div> <div>EST ENERGY 0.0KWH</div> <div>EST COST 0.0\$</div> <div>STATUS 0r MAIN</div> </div>	Press ► or ◀ to go to the next or previous Diagnostic screen.  Press F2 to return to main menu.  Press F1 to go to Status screen.
Press ► to display next group.	Diagnostic Analog Input values display.	<div> <div>DIAG STOP LOCAL</div> <div>ANALOG INPUTS</div> <div>ANA IN1 1.3v</div> <div>ANA IN2 0.0v</div> <div>STATUS 0r MAIN</div> </div>	Press ► or ◀ to go to the next or previous Diagnostic screen.  Press F2 to return to main menu.  Press F1 to go to Status screen.
Press ► to display next group.	Diagnostic Analog Output values display.	<div> <div>DIAG STOP LOCAL</div> <div>ANALOG OUTPUTS</div> <div>ANA OUT1 0.0V</div> <div>ANA OUT2 0.0V</div> <div>STATUS 0r MAIN</div> </div>	Press ► or ◀ to go to the next or previous Diagnostic screen.  Press F2 to return to main menu.  Press F1 to go to Status screen.
Press ► to display next group.	Full revolutions and feedback counts are displayed.	<div> <div>DIAG STOP LOCAL</div> <div>POSITION COUNTER</div> <div>REVOLUTION 0</div> <div>COUNTS 0CNT</div> <div>SPEED MEAS 0</div> <div>STATUS 0r MAIN</div> </div>	Press ► or ◀ to go to the next or previous Diagnostic screen.  Press F2 to return to main menu.  Press F1 to go to Status screen.
Press ► to display next group.	Diagnostic installed Option Card identification display.	<div> <div>DIAG STOP LOCAL</div> <div>OPTION BOARDS</div> <div>OPTION 1 ETHERNET</div> <div>OPTION 2 MASTER PF</div> <div>FEEDBACK RESOLVER</div> <div>STATUS 0r MAIN</div> </div>	Press ► or ◀ to go to the next or previous Diagnostic screen.  Press F2 to return to main menu.  Press F1 to go to Status screen.
Press ► to display next group.	Displays keypad software version. (Note that this is not the same as the drive control firmware.)	<div> <div>DIAG STOP LOCAL</div> <div>KEYPAD VERSION</div> <div>KEYPAD SOF 1.1X</div> <div>STATUS 0r MAIN</div> </div>	Press ► or ◀ to go to the next or previous Diagnostic screen.  Press F2 to return to main menu.  Press F1 to go to Status screen.
Press ► to display next group.	Displays Composite Reference values.	<div> <div>DIAG STOP LOCAL</div> <div>COMPOSITE REF</div> <div>COMPONENT A 0.00%</div> <div>COMPONENT B 0.00%</div> <div>REFERENCE 0.00%</div> <div>STATUS 0r MAIN</div> </div>	Press ► or ◀ to go to the next or previous Diagnostic screen.  Press F2 to return to main menu.  Press F1 to go to Status screen.
Press ► to display next group.	DC Bus Voltage Drive Heatsink Temperature % Drive Overload (remaining)	<div> <div>DIAG STOP LOCAL</div> <div>DRIVE</div> <div>BUS VOLTAGE 333.9V</div> <div>DRIVE TEMP 26.1C</div> <div>DRIVE O/L L 100.0%</div> <div>STATUS 0r MAIN</div> </div>	Press ► or ◀ to go to the next or previous Diagnostic screen.  Press F2 to return to main menu.  Press F1 to go to Status screen.
Press ► to display next group.	Motor Voltage Motor Current % Motor Overload (remaining)	<div> <div>DIAG STOP LOCAL</div> <div>MOTOR</div> <div>MOTOR VOLTAGE 333.9V</div> <div>MOTOR CURRENT 4.8A</div> <div>MOTOR O/L L 100.0%</div> <div>STATUS 0r MAIN</div> </div>	Press ► or ◀ to go to the next or previous Diagnostic screen.  Press F2 to return to main menu.  Press F1 to go to Status screen.

## 9.3 Fault Messages

**Table 9-1 Fault Messages (Alphabetical by Keypad Text)**

Keypad Text	Type	Fault Number	Description
AC Input High	Fault	69	Check AC Input Line Voltage.
ADC Calibr Fault	Fault	57	ADC Calibration Voltages Out of Range. Check analog input wiring for noise. If problem persists, contact factory for further assistance.
Alignment Error	Fault	121	Drive fault to protect from starts without the control being Feedback Tested.
Apply Oil/Lub	Alarm	84	Triggered from RTC Module.
Aux Filter Setup	Alarm	51	Incorrect setup. Filter Source should be set to "Raw Speed" when destination is set to SpeedLoop.
Brake Over Temp	Alarm	97	Dynamic brake has overheated, check sizing or increase ohms setting for brake.
Brk Desat	Fault	65	Dynamic brake de-saturation has occurred. Check that dynamic brake resistor is properly connected to R1 and R2.
Bus Transient	Fault	95	Transient causing unbalanced bus capacitor voltage; cycle power to reset fault. A line surge or bus capacitor failure has resulted in an unbalanced voltage condition as determined by a bus voltage monitoring circuit.
Change Filter(s)	Alarm	83	Triggered from RTC Module.
Clean Filter(s)	Alarm	82	Triggered from RTC Module.
Configuration	Fault	2	Some drive feature or option has failed initial startup tests; parameter(s) out of range after download of improper parameter file settings.
Control EE	Fault	27	Problem reading EEPROM on the control board, contact Baldor for service.
Control EE	Fault	29	Problem writing fault log to control board EEPROM, contact Baldor for service.
Control EE	Fault	31	Problem writing the header record to the control board EEPROM, contact Baldor for service.
Control EE	Fault	32	Problem writing a parameter to the control board EEPROM, contact Baldor for service.
Conv Over Temp	Alarm	98	Converter has overheated, decrease loading; check for proper air flow; check for elevated ambient temperature.
Current Ref	Fault	15	Reference volt for current readings out of tolerance. Contact Baldor for service.
Current Sense	Fault	12	Motor current sensor(s) out of tolerance; cycle power to drive; if problem persists contact factory.
DC Bus High	Fault	19	DC Bus V over 405/810/1000V for 230V/460V/575V units. Check for high input line voltage; increase decel rates; check for correct brake resistor on R1/R2.
DC Bus Low	Alarm	20	DC Bus V below 220/440/550V for 230V/460V/575V units. Check for low input line voltage; increase accel rate; verify B+ to B- voltage; verify proper brake resistor.
DC Pk Overvolt	Fault	63	Bus peak voltage rating exceeded. Check AC input lines; sizing of dynamic brake; insure that input does not have power factor correction capacitors or other source of transients.
Desaturation	Fault	7	Output current exceeds desaturation limit. Check motor and connections for short circuit; verify proper motor load; increase acc/dec; check for conductive debris inside drive.
Download	Fault	54	Parameter download from keypad or network has failed. Verify parameter set compatibility.
Drive Disabled	Alarm	66	Motion command given with drive disabled. Check drive enable input.
Drive Enabled	Alarm	67	Drive enabled during parameter download. Drive must remain disabled until completion of parameter download.
Drive Low Temp	Fault	76	Heat sink Temperature is lower than allowed. Space heater may be required in cabinet.
Drive Over Tmp	Alarm	21	Heatsink temp exceeded 85/95° C. Verify ambient does not exceed 45°C. Clean fans and heatsink. Add cabinet cooling if ambient is too high.



**Table 9-1 Fault Messages Continued**

Keypad Text	Type	Fault Number	Description
Dyn Brake Desat	Fault	36	Dynamic braking current limit exceeded. Check for shorted braking resistor circuit or for brake resistor with an ohmic value below the allowed limit for the drive. Check for a short between R1 or R2 and B-.
Encoder Loss	Fault	58	Feedback device detected but has poor or no signal. Check feedback wiring; verify shielding, grounding and bonding practices.
Excess Faults/Hr	Alarm	79	The allowed number of faults/hour has been exceeded.
External Trip	Fault	22	J1-16 is open. Check remote connection on J1-16. Occurs only when external fault parameter is turned ON.
Fan Loss	Alarm	62	Fan circuit is seeing low current or over current. Verify that fan is not blocked and is connected properly.
Flt Log Mem Fail	Fault	28	Problem reading fault log from control board EEPROM, contact Baldor for service.
Following Error	Fault	18	Speed error beyond Set Speed Band parameter. Verify motor is not overloaded; increase Set Speed Band.
Ground Fault	Fault	8	Ground currents in output of control. Due to shorts to ground or excessive leakage current to ground. Disconnect motor, meg motor for insulation leakage to ground; check motor leads for shorts to ground; replace motor leads with lower capacitance cable or shorten leads if possible; consider the usage of load reactor.
High Line	Alarm	102	Power grid voltage too high, check power base rating, check input lines.
IGBT Thermal	Fault	94	IGBT thermal overload. Check motor loading. Allow time to cool.
Initial Pos	Alarm	70	The initial position reading could not be read or is out of expected range. Check motor feedback wiring. Verify proper wiring, grounding and bonding.
Internal Config	Fault	35	An internal firmware configuration occurred, contact Baldor for service.
Invalid FB Sel	Alarm	56	Feedback board not installed in selected slot. Select an Encoder/Resolver board as feedback source. Verify selection of correct slot for motor feedback.
Invalid Res Sel	Alarm	71	The feedback source selected is not a resolver board. If resolver feedback utilized, ensure installed feedback board is for resolver feedback. Verify selection of correct slot for motor feedback.
Line Loss	Alarm	37	All 3 input phases lost. Check input circuit breaker, fuses or input contacts
Line Regen	Fault	34	This fault code is not used. If it occurs, contact Baldor for service
Line Sag	Alarm	64	All 3 phase input lines have sagged below 70% of nominal. Check input line quality; check line impedance; check for excessive loading on power system.
Logic Supply	Fault	9	Internal logic power supply has dropped below 24V threshold. Replace Power Supply.
Low Initial Bus	Fault	11	Bus volt below 200/400/500V on 230/460/575V units at power up. Check input line voltage; check for proper resistor on R1/R2; check for open circuit on TH1-TH2 Terminals.
Low Line	Alarm	101	Power grid voltage too low. Check power base rating; check input connections; ensure input voltage is within drive specification.
Lower U Gate	Fault	40	Transistor #1 failed to fire or misfired. Verify IGBT is not shorted. Verify no debris has fallen into drive. Check wiring between drive and motor. Verify motor windings are not shorted.
Lower V Gate	Fault	42	Transistor #2 failed to fire or misfired. Verify IGBT is not shorted. Verify no debris has fallen into drive. Check wiring between drive and motor. Verify motor windings are not shorted.
Lower W Gate	Fault	44	Transistor #3 failed to fire or misfired. Verify IGBT is not shorted. Verify no debris has fallen into drive. Check wiring between drive and motor. Verify motor windings are not shorted.
Macro Cmd Failed	Fault	93	Macro command execution failure. Verify that macro file is correct.
Macro Cmd Inval	Fault	92	Macro command found is invalid. Verify that macro file is correct.
Macro Read	Fault	90	Macro record read failed. Recompile file and download to drive again.

**Table 9-1 Fault Messages Continued**

Keypad Text	Type	Fault Number	Description
Macro Rec Length	Fault	91	Macro record length is invalid. Recompile file and download to drive again.
Memory	Fault	49	Option card problem, memory failure, contact Baldor for service.
Motor Overload	Fault	23	Motor thermal connection at TH1-TH2 open circuit. Motor overheated due to excess load; Ohm connections at TH1-TH2.
Motor Overload	Fault	80	Motor overloaded. Check motor load. Verify motor rated amps parameter.
Motor Ovrtrmp	Alarm	61	Motor has overheated. Check motor cooling system or blocked air flow; check thermal switch on TH1-TH2 circuit; reduce load on motor.
Network Timeout	Fault	48	Forced network fault. Loss of network communications; watchdog timer expired; user program timing problems.
New Base ID	Fault	5	Control board detected new or a different power base. Press RESET to clear. Factory settings will be restored. Verify all settings and setup custom parameters.
No Fault	Fault	0	No Fault Exists.
NV memory Fail	Fault	30	Problem writing a parameter to the control board EEPROM, contact Baldor for service.
Opt1 Protocol	Alarm	77	Invalid protocol selected for optional communication card 1. Select a protocol supported by the expansion board that is installed or replace board with a board that supports the desired protocol.
Opt2 Protocol	Alarm	78	Invalid protocol selected for optional communication card 2. Select a protocol supported by the expansion board that is installed or replace board with a board that supports the desired protocol.
Option Board	Fault	50	Option board not recognized or is not supported. Verify proper firmware version is being used. Download latest firmware from <a href="http://www.baldor.com">www.baldor.com</a> and install in drive.
Option Not Found	Alarm	74	Option Board for the feature requested is not installed. Verify slot location for expansion board to support desired feature; install appropriate option board for requested feature.
Over Current	Fault	6	Motor current exceeded peak limit. Check motor connections and motor load; increase acc/dec times; verify correct motor data settings; verify proper tuning.
Over Speed	Fault	59	Rotor speed over 110% maximum speed limit. Verify proper drive tuning; ensure drive is not being overhauled by excessive high-speed regenerative load.
Overload - 1 Min	Fault	16	Motor current exceeded 150% for 1 minute. Check motor load. Extend acc/dec times. Verify proper motor data and drive tuning.
Overload - 3 Sec	Fault	17	Motor current exceeded 175% for 3 seconds. Check motor load and resize motor and drive as needed. Extend acc/dec times. Verify proper motor data and drive tuning. Change setting of "Overload" parameter (P2206) to "Foldback" to allow current to automatically limit to a lower level prior to the 3 second time limit.
Param Checksum	Fault	4	Cycle power. If no change, load Factory Settings.
Parameter	Fault	55	Parameters momentarily locked. Wait 30 seconds, try again.
PB Power Supply	Alarm	68	Power Base Logic Power Supply below acceptable operating levels.
PCB Over Temp	Alarm	96	Powerbase signal interface PCB board is over heating, reduce loading or contact Baldor for service.
PF Setup	Alarm	73	Pulse Follower Option Board Setup. Check Master PPR, Receive, Transmit Ratio and Input Type.
Ph1 (L1) Loss	Alarm	109	Loss of phase 1 (L1), check power grid or wiring connections.
Ph1 Pulse	Fault	45	Phase 1 current limiting via pulse by pulse method; check motor spiking loads, chattering contacts, loose connections.
Ph2 (L2) Loss	Alarm	110	Loss of phase 2 (L2), check power grid or wiring connections.
Ph2 Pulse	Fault	46	Phase 2 current limiting via pulse by pulse method; check motor spiking loads, chattering contacts, loose connections.

**Table 9-1 Fault Messages Continued**

Keypad Text	Type	Fault Number	Description
Ph3 (L3) Loss	Alarm	111	Loss of phase 3 (L3), check power grid or wiring connections.
Ph3 Pulse	Fault	47	Phase 3 current limiting via pulse by pulse method; check motor spiking loads, chattering contacts, loose connections.
Phase Loss	Alarm	38	Single input phase lost. Check input circuit breaker, fuses or input contacts. Excessive line notching occurring.
PLC Mode Trip	Fault	81	PLC Mode Trip. PLC action has generated this trip. Check input defined in PLC mode for fault trip. Check PLC program logic.
Pos Cnt Overflow	Fault	75	Position counter has exceeded max or min range. Verify wiring, grounding and bonding of position feedback; verify range of acceptable values.
Power Base	Fault	10	Should occur in conjunction with other faults to indicate that fault was generated by the power base circuitry. This is useful in trouble-shooting to understand that the fault was detected by the power base electronics.
Powerbase EE	Fault	26	Communication error between control board and power base memory. Cycle power. If problem persists, contact factory for assistance.
Powerbase FPGA	Fault	52	Power base communication loss or incompatible firmware. Cycle power. If problem persists, contact factory.
Pre-charge Fault	Fault	60	Dynamic Brake miswired; AC Input too low; input impedance too high (soft line); Bus Caps shorted or Input Single Phasing. Check motor thermal lead connections to TH1-TH2.
Reac Over Temp	Alarm	99	Reactor has overheated, decrease loading; decrease wire length; verify drive ambient temperature is less than 45°C; verify proper air flow and system cooling capability.
Regen R or PWR	Fault	25	Brake resistor power rating exceeded. Check resistor ratings; extend decel times; increase size of braking kit.
Resolver Loss	Fault	72	Resolver signal poor or missing. Verify wiring, grounding, and bonding of resolver feedback.
RTC Alarm	Alarm	89	Triggered from RTC Module.
SCR1 No Fire	Alarm	103	Phase loss due to SCR1 (L1 upper) not firing. Verify SCR gate leads properly connected.
SCR2 No Fire	Alarm	104	Phase loss due to SCR2 (L1 lower) not firing. Verify SCR gate leads properly connected.
SCR3 No Fire	Alarm	105	Phase loss due to SCR3 (L2 upper) not firing. Verify SCR gate leads properly connected.
SCR4 No Fire	Alarm	106	Phase loss due to SCR4 (L2 lower) not firing. Verify SCR gate leads properly connected.
SCR5 No Fire	Alarm	107	Phase loss due to SCR5 (L3 upper) not firing. Verify SCR gate leads properly connected.
SCR6 No Fire	Alarm	108	Phase loss due to SCR6 (L3 lower) not firing. Verify SCR gate leads properly connected.
Sel FB Source	Alarm	53	Feedback Source Not Selected/Feedback Board is absent. Choose card for resolver; verify selection of appropriate feedback source; verify wiring to feedback device. Operate in V/Hz or Open Vector mode if feedback device or board not present.
Sense 1 TA	Alarm	100	Temperature of converter bridge detected by power interface board is too low or too high. Verify drive ambient temperature is between -10°C and 45°C. Verify proper air flow and system cooling capability. Verify proper termination of temperature sensors within drive.
Ser Coolant Sys	Alarm	87	Triggered from RTC Module.
Ser Heating Sys	Alarm	88	Triggered from RTC Module.
Service Drive	Alarm	86	Triggered from RTC Module.
Service Motor	Alarm	85	Triggered from RTC Module.
Soft Version	Fault	33	This fault code is not used, if it occurs contact Baldor for service.

**Table 9-1 Fault Messages Continued**

Keypad Text	Type	Fault Number	Description
SPI Timeout	Fault	3	Comms Error between control board and power board. Remove power from drive, verify proper grounding and bonding techniques. Re-apply power. If persists, contact Baldor.
Torque Proving	Fault	24	Failed to read current in all 3 motor phases. Check motor connections or open motor contacts.
U Fiber COM	Fault	113	Detects a broken or unplugged fiber (F or F1) between the signal interface board and the master gate drive board for the U-Phase. If the signal is off for more than 5 mS, the fault will occur.
Unknown	Fault	1	This fault should not occur. Contact Baldor for service.
Upper U Gate	Fault	39	Transistor #1 failed to fire or misfired. Verify IGBT is not shorted. Verify no debris has fallen into drive. Check wiring between drive and motor. Verify motor windings are not shorted.
Upper V Gate	Fault	41	Transistor #2 failed to fire or misfired. Verify IGBT is not shorted. Verify no debris has fallen into drive. Check wiring between drive and motor. Verify motor windings are not shorted.
Upper W Gate	Fault	43	Transistor #3 failed to fire or misfired. Verify IGBT is not shorted. Verify no debris has fallen into drive. Check wiring between drive and motor. Verify motor windings are not shorted.
User 24V	Fault	14	User 24V supply out of tolerance. Measure 24V supply using a digital multi-meter at terminals J1-23 and J1-24. If voltage is not correct, remove all external control connections and repeat measurement to determine if problem is with external connections or with the power supply.
User Ref	Fault	13	User analog input reference out of tolerance. Check connections for proper shielding and grounding; check for excessive noise on analog signals. If problem persists, contact Baldor for service.
V Fiber COM	Fault	115	Detects a broken or unplugged fiber (F or F1) between the signal interface board and the master gate drive board for the V-Phase. If the signal is off for more than 5 mS, the fault will occur.
W Fiber COM	Fault	117	Detects a broken or unplugged fiber (F or F1) between the signal interface board and the master gate drive board for the W-Phase. If the signal is off for more than 5 mS, the fault will occur.

## 9.4 Electrical Noise Considerations

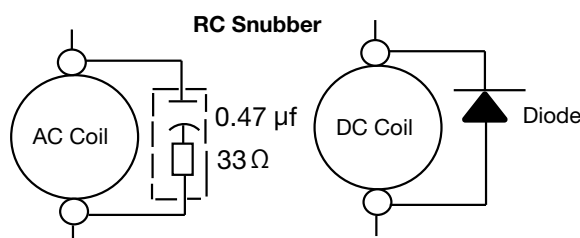
All electronic devices are vulnerable to significant electronic interference signals (commonly called “Electrical Noise”). At the lowest level, noise can cause intermittent operating errors or faults. From a circuit standpoint, 5 or 10 millivolts of noise may cause detrimental operation. For example, analog speed and torque inputs are often scaled at 5 to 10VDC maximum with a typical resolution of one part in 1,000. Thus, noise of only 5 mV represents a substantial error.

At the extreme level, significant noise can cause damage to the drive. Therefore, it is advisable to prevent noise generation and to follow wiring practices that prevent noise generated by other devices from reaching sensitive circuits. In a control, such circuits include inputs for speed, torque, control logic, and speed and position feedback, plus outputs to some indicators and computers.

### Relay and Contactor Coils

Among the most common sources of noise are the coils of contactors and relays. When these highly inductive coil circuits are opened, transient conditions often generate spikes of several hundred volts in the control circuit. These spikes can induce several volts of noise in an adjacent wire that runs parallel to a control-circuit wire. Figure 9-1 illustrates noise suppression for AC and DC relay coils.

Figure 9-1 AC and DC Coil Noise Suppression



### Wires between Controls and Motors

Output leads from a typical 460VAC drive controller contain rapid voltage rises created by power semiconductors switching 650V in less than a microsecond, 1,000 to 16,000 times a second. These noise signals can couple into sensitive drive circuits. If shielded pair cable is used, the coupling is reduced by nearly 90%, compared to unshielded cable. Even input AC power lines contain noise and can induce noise in adjacent wires. In some cases, line reactors may be required. To prevent induced transient noise in signal wires, all motor leads and AC power lines should be contained in rigid metal conduit, or flexible conduit. Do not place line conductors and load conductors in same conduit. Use one conduit for 3 phase input wires and another conduit for the motor leads. The conduits should be grounded to form a shield to contain the electrical noise within the conduit path. Signal wires, even ones in shielded cable, should never be placed in the conduit with motor power wires.

### Special Drive Situations

For severe noise situations, it may be necessary to reduce transient voltages in the wires to the motor by adding load reactors. Load reactors are installed between the control and motor. Line and Load Reactors are typically 3% reactance and are designed for the frequencies encountered in PWM drives. For maximum benefit, the reactors should be mounted in the drive enclosure with short leads between the control and the reactors.

### Control Enclosures

Motor controls mounted in a grounded enclosure should also be connected to earth ground with a separate conductor to ensure best ground connection. Often grounding the control to the grounded metallic enclosure is not sufficient. Usually painted surfaces and seals prevent solid metallic contact between the control and the panel enclosure. Likewise, conduit should never be used as a ground conductor for motor power wires or signal conductors.

### Special Motor Considerations

Motor frames must also be grounded. As with control enclosures, motors must be grounded directly to the control and plant ground with as short a ground wire as possible. Capacitive coupling within the motor windings produces transient voltages between the motor frame and ground. The severity of these voltages increases with the length of the ground wire. Installations with the motor and control mounted on a common frame, and with heavy ground wires less than 10 ft. (3m) long, rarely have a problem caused by these motor-generated transient voltages.

### Analog Signal Wires

Analog signals generally originate from speed and torque controls, plus DC tachometers and process controllers. Reliability is often improved by the following noise reduction techniques:

- Use twisted-pair shielded wires with the shield grounded at the drive end only.
- Route analog signal wires away from power or control wires (all other wiring types).
- Cross power and control wires at right angles (90°) to minimize inductive noise coupling



# Chapter 10

## PLC Mode Description

### 10.1 Overview

PLC functionality is selected by setting Level 1, Input Setup block, Operating Mode parameter P1401 to PLC. PLC mode allows 2-Wire and 3-Wire operating modes to be created using a selection of conditions, logical operators and desired actions. PLC Mode parameters are located in Level 3, PLC block parameters P3401 through P3443.

Simply stated, for each logical statement choose two input conditions from Table 10-1, one logical operation from Table 10-2 and one action from Table 10-3. These 30 logical statements are evaluated every 10 milliseconds, in order from P3401 to 3430. For each statement Condition 1 and Condition 2 are evaluated to True or False, the Logical Operator is applied and the final outcome is either True or False. If True the Action is taken; if False the Alternate Action is taken. Conditions, operators and actions are pre-defined and so cannot be changed.

### 10.2 Configuration Parameters

The PLC program is contained within 30 statements, PLC CONFIG 1 (P3401) through PLC CONFIG 30 (P3430). Each statement has the same 32 bit word format and structure as the example given in Figure 10-1. If P3401-P3430 are not programmed, the PLC Mode will do nothing. It is also possible to program them so that the motor will not move. This can happen, for instance, if no Forward/Reverse Enables are programmed.

**Figure 10-1 Example PLC Configuration Parameters**

Parameter Number Format = DDD.CCC.BBB.AAA		Example: P3401 = 051.000.000.020		
Where:				
DDD = bits 31-24 Byte 3		051 = Digital Input 2 (from Table 10-1)		
CCC = bits 23-16 Byte 2		000 = OR (from Table 10-2)		
BBB = bits 15-8 Byte 1		000 = False (from Table 10-1)		
AAA = bits 7-0 Byte 0		020 = Forward (from Table 10-3)		
Parameter No.	Hex Byte 3	Hex Byte 2	Hex Byte 1	Hex Byte 0
P3401 - 3430	Condition ID MSD (Table 10-1)	Logical Operator ID (Table 10-2)	Condition ID (Table 10-1)	Action ID LSD (Table 10-3)

A configuration parameter may be disabled (turned off) by setting bit 23 in its configuration word. This is the same as setting the most significant bit of byte 2 (the logical operator ID field). If any field within any of these parameters is invalid, it is ignored at run time. Only one runtime version exists at a time. The runtime version in effect is the one defined by the parameter table active at the time the drive was placed in Remote Mode.

To switch runtime PLC versions perform the following operations:

1. Disable the drive.
2. At the keypad, select "Local" mode.
3. Select the desired parameter table.
4. Enable the drive.
5. At the keypad, select "Remote" mode.

If a parameter table is switched while the drive is enabled the run time PLC version is not affected.

### 10.3 Comparator Function

Comparator parameters provide a way to monitor real-time signals within the drive and apply them to the PLC Mode's logic. They may be used on the condition definition side of the PLC Mode's logic. Parameters P3431 and P3433 hold parameter numbers (i.e. they point to other parameters, see Monitor and RTC chapter in this manual for these values). P3432 and P3434 hold percents that are applied against P3431 and P3433 maximums, together they provide all that is needed for the following comparison equations:

If  $|\text{Value of P3431}| \leq (\text{P3432}/100) * (\text{Max of P3431})$  then True or  
If  $|\text{Value of P3433}| \leq (\text{P3434}/100) * (\text{Max of P3433})$  then True

In a sense P3431 and P3433 may be viewed as holding addresses for other parameters.

For example: If P3431 = 5 (selects parameter 5 which is Motor Volts = 230V) and P3432=20% then Comparator A is true if  $|\text{P5}| = (20/100) * 230 \leq 46\text{V}$ . But if the voltage exceeds 46V, Comparator A is false.

If P3433 = 6 (selects parameter 6 Motor Current = 10 Amps) then Comparator B is true if  $|\text{P6}| \leq 1$  Amp. Any parameter (see Monitor and RTC chapter in this manual for these values) can be used in a comparator.

**Note:** Don't use P3431 and P3433 since this would create a circular reference and the comparator would fail.

**A and B are defined as follows:**

$A = (\text{Value of Parameter P3431}) / (\text{Max of Parameter P3431})$

$B = (\text{Value of Parameter P3433}) / (\text{Max of Parameter P3433})$

Then, A & B are signals with the following properties:  $-1 \leq A \leq 1$  and  $-1 \leq B \leq 1$ .

A and B are normalized signals derived from parameters pointed to by P3431 and P3433.

**Comparator A**

Comparator A is used in Condition 76 and checks the following relationship for true or false:

If  $|A - P3435/100| \leq P3432/100$

Alternatively, another way of writing the same relation is as follows:

If  $(P3435 - P3432)/100 \leq A \leq (P3432 + P3435)/100$

Thus, Comparator A provides a way to determine if a parameter is within a specific range. For example, if P3431=5 (Motor Volts with Max=230V) and P3432=20% and P3435=0% then Comparator A would be true so long as  $|P5| \leq 46V$  or  $|A| \leq 0.20$ . That is, motor voltage is monitored and so long as it remains below 46 Volts, the outcome of Comparator A would be True, but if it were to go above 46 Volts, the output of Comparator A would be False.

**Comparator B**

Comparator B is used in Condition 77 and checks the following relationship for true or false:

If  $|B - P3436/100| \leq P3434/100$

Alternatively, another way of writing the same relation is as follows:

If  $(P3436 - P3434)/100 \leq B \leq (P3436 + P3434)/100$

Thus, Comparator B provides a way to determine if a parameter is within a specific range. For example, if P3433=6 (Motor Current with Max=10Amps) and P3434=10% and P3436=50% then Comparator B would be true so long as:

4 Amps  $\leq P6 \leq$  6 Amps

OR

$0.4 \leq B \leq 0.60$ .

That is, motor current is monitored and so long as it remains within 1 Amp of 5 Amps the outcome of Comparator B would be True, but if it were to go above 6 Amps or below 4 Amps the output of Comparator B would be False.

**Less than**

Less than, Condition 88, uses the following equation: If  $A < B$  then True else False For example, if P3431=103 (Analog Input 1 Reference with Max=100%) and P3433=104 (Analog Input 2 Reference with Max=100%) then Condition 88 would be true so long as  $P103 < P104$  or so long as Analog Input 1 Reference is less than Analog Input 2 Reference.

**Equal**

Equal, Condition 89, uses the following equation: If  $A = B$  then True else False For example, if P3431=103 (Analog Input 1 Reference with Max=100%) and P3433=104 (Analog Input 2 Reference with Max=100%) then Condition 89 would be true so long as  $P103 = P104$  or so long as Analog Input 1 Reference is equal to Analog Input 2 Reference.

**Greater than**

Greater than, Condition 90, uses the following equation: If  $A > B$  then True else False For example, if P3431=103 (Analog Input 1 Reference with Max=100%) and P3433=104 (Analog Input 2 Reference with Max=100%) then Condition 90 would be true so long as  $P103 > P104$  or so long as Analog Input 1 Reference is greater than Analog Input 2 Reference.

## 10.4 Timers

The PLC Mode uses four general purpose timers: Timer A (P3440), B (P3441), C (P3442) and D (P3443) with units of seconds and resolution of 10ms or 100 counts/sec. They may be used in PLC control and logic statements as defined in the Conditions and Actions Tables. In general there are actions to start and stop the timers as well as conditions to test their contents.

P113, P114, P117 and P118 are read/write monitor parameters that reflect the current state of timers A through D. Since they may be written, they can be used to start a timer by writing zero to it or to stop a timer by writing max counts.

For example, set P3440 to 1.5 sec then upon Timer A timeout,

$P113 = 150 \text{ counts} = (1.5 \text{ sec}) \times (100 \text{ counts/sec})$

Starting timer A also starts P113 ramping from 0 to 150 in 1.5 seconds.

Set P3441 to 10 seconds and start Timer B, P114 then ramps from 0 to 1000 in 10 sec.

These monitor parameters may also be inputs to the Composite Reference block to generate timed ramps or other complex reference signals.



**Table 10-1 PLC Conditions**

<b>ID</b>	<b>Description</b>
0	False - This condition is always False
1	True - This condition is always True
2	Reserved (Workbench - Digital Input)
3	Reserved (Workbench - Hard Forward Limit)
4	Reserved (Workbench - Hard Reverse Limit)
5	Reserved (Workbench - Soft Forward Limit)
6	Reserved (Workbench - Soft Reverse Limit)
7	Reserved (Workbench - Move Statue)
8	Reserved (Workbench - Idle)
9	Reserved (Workbench - Position achieved)
10	Reserved (Workbench - At target position)
11	Reserved (Workbench - In Idle Position Window)
12	Reserved (Workbench - Following Error Fatal)
13	Reserved (Workbench - Following Error Warning)
14	At Speed - If the measured speed of the rotor is within the At Speed Band (P1506) of the reference then this condition is True.
15	Reserved - (Workbench - Velocity Error)
16	Velocity Setpoint Minimum - If the measured absolute speed is below the Minimum Output Speed (P2002) then this condition is True.
17	Velocity Setpoint Maximum- If the measured absolute speed is above the Maximum Output Speed (P2003) then this is True.
18	Reserved
19	Motor Overload - If the motor's I2T algorithm has exceeded its integral limit this condition is True.
20	Drive Overload - If the drive's I2T algorithm has exceeded its integral limit this condition is True.
21	Motor Direction - If rotor speed is positive this condition is True
22	Command Direction - If speed demand is positive this condition is True
23	Ready - If soft start is complete, drive hardware enable is on and there are no errors this condition is True.
24	Drive On - If the drive is ready and producing PWM to the motor this condition is True.
25	Fault - If the drive is faulted for any reason this condition is True.
26	Motor Over Temp Trip - If the motor's over temperature trip input has occurred then this condition is True.
27	Drive Over Temp Trip - If the drive's over temperature trip input has occurred then this condition is True.
28	Drive Over Temp Warning - If the drive's temperature has exceeded that defined for the drive then this condition is True.
29	Reserved (Workbench - home status)
50	Digital Input 1 (J2-9) - If digital input 1 is high this condition is true. (Level sensitive)
51	Digital Input 2 (J2-10) - If digital input 2 is high this condition is true. (Level sensitive)
52	Digital Input 3 (J2-11) - If digital input 3 is high this condition is true. (Level sensitive)
53	Digital Input 4 (J2-12) - If digital input 4 is high this condition is true. (Level sensitive)
54	Digital Input 5 (J2-13) - If digital input 5 is high this condition is true. (Level sensitive)
55	Digital Input 6 (J2-14) - If digital input 6 is high this condition is true. (Level sensitive)
56	Digital Input 7 (J2-15) - If digital input 7 is high this condition is true. (Level sensitive)
57	Digital Input 8 (J2-16) - If digital input 8 is high this condition is true. (Level sensitive). When J2-16 is used in PLC Program, Set P2201=OFF to avoid an external trip condition.
58	Drive Run - If the drive is on and has a forward or reverse command this condition is True.
59	Stop - If motion status is stopped this condition is True.
60	Jog - If jog mode is active this condition is True.

**Table 10-1 PLC Conditions Continued**

<b>ID</b>	<b>Description</b>
61	Accelerating - If absolute speed demand is accelerating this condition is True.
62	Constant Speed - If absolute speed demand is constant this condition is True.
63	Decelerating - If absolute speed demand is decelerating this condition is True.
64	At Zero Speed - If absolute speed demand is below the Zero Speed Set Point (P1505) this condition is True.
65	At Set Speed - If absolute speed demand is above Set Speed Point (P1507) this condition is True.
66	Motor Over Current - If motor RMS current is above the Overload Set Point (P1508) this condition is True.
67	Motor Under Current - If motor RMS current is below the Underload Set Point (P1509) this condition is True.
68	Keypad Control - If the drive is under keypad control this condition is True.
69	Dynamic Brake - If the drive's dynamic brake is on this condition is True.
70	Frequency Foldback - If the drive is in frequency foldback this condition is True.
71	Alarm - If an alarm is active this condition is True.
72	Forward - If the drive has a forward command this condition is True.
73	Reverse - If the drive has a reverse command this condition is True.
74	Process PID Error - If the absolute value of Process PID Error is less than the Process PID Error Tolerance (P2606) this condition is True.
75	Sleep Mode - If the drive's sleep algorithm has put the drive to sleep this condition is True.
76	Comparator A - Monitors a parameter and returns True if the parameter is less than a predefined setpoint. NOTE: See chapter on PLC Comparator Parameters.
77	Comparator B - Monitors a parameter and returns True if the parameter is below a predefined setpoint. NOTE: See chapter on PLC Comparator Parameters .
78	Parameter Table 1 - If parameter table 1 is active then this condition is True.
79	Parameter Table 2 - If parameter table 2 is active then this condition is True.
80	Parameter Table 3 - If parameter table 3 is active then this condition is True.
81	Parameter Table 4 - If parameter table 4 is active then this condition is True.
82	Digital Output 1- If digital output 1 is On this condition is True.
83	Digital Output 2- If digital output 2 is On this condition is True.
84	Relay Output 1 - If relay output 1 is On this condition is True.
85	Relay Output 2 - If relay output 2 is On this condition is True.
86	Timer A - True if Timer A has expired.
87	Timer B - True if Timer B has expired.
88	Less Than (<) - Monitors two parameters (A & B) and returns True if A<B else False is returned.
89	Equal (=) - Monitors two parameters (A & B) and returns True if A=B else False is returned.
90	Greater Than (>) - Monitors two parameters (A & B) and returns True if A>B else False is returned.
91	Timer C - True if Timer C has expired else it is False.
92	Timer D - True if Timer D has expired else it is False.
100	Logical Variable A - Logical variable A is tested for True/False
101	Logical Variable B - Logical variable B is tested for True/False
102	Logical Variable C - Logical variable C is tested for True/False
103	Logical Variable D - Logical variable D is tested for True/False
104	Logical Variable E - Logical variable E is tested for True/False
105	Logical Variable F - Logical variable F is tested for True/False
106	Logical Variable G - Logical variable G is tested for True/False
107	Logical Variable H - Logical variable H is tested for True/False
108	Logical Variable I - Logical variable I is tested for True/False
109	Logical Variable J - Logical variable J is tested for True/False
150	Heater - If the trickle current heater is running then this condition is True else it is False.

**Table 10-2 PLC Logical Operators**

ID	Description
0	OR - Performs logical OR operation on input conditions
1	AND - Performs logical AND operation on input conditions
2	XOR - Performs logical XOR operation on input conditions
3	NOR - Performs logical NOR operation on input conditions
4	NAND - Performs logical NAND operation on input conditions

**Table 10-3 PLC Actions**

ID	Description
0	Digital Output 1 - If the input condition is True then Digital Output 1 (J2-17,18) will be active otherwise it is inactive NOTE: Digital output 1 must have been set to "PLC" using P1501
1	Digital Output 2 - If the input condition is True then Digital Output 2 (J2-19,20) will be active otherwise it is inactive NOTE: Digital output 2 must have been set to "PLC" using P1502
2	Relay Output 1 - If the input condition is True then Relay Output 1 (J3-25,26,27) will be active otherwise it is inactive NOTE: Relay output 1 must have been set to "PLC" using P1503
3	Reserved (Workbench - Fault)
4	Drive Enable/Disable - If the condition is True then the drive is capable of producing power. If the condition is False the drive is disabled. NOTE: If not programmed, J2-8 alone enables the drive NOTE: The drive's hardware enable input (J2-8) must be active for this action.
5	Jog Reverse - If the condition is True then the motor will jog in the reverse direction at the speed set by P1201 if jogging is enabled. NOTE: If both jog forward and reverse are active the motor stops
6	Jog Forward - If the condition is True then the motor will jog in the forward direction at the speed set by P1201 if jogging is enabled. NOTE: If both jog forward and reverse are active the motor stops
7	Reserved (Workbench - Hold)
8	Stop Enable/Disable - If the input condition is True the motor is stopped.
9	Reserved (Workbench - Error Deceleration)
10	Reserved (Workbench - Cancel)
11	Reserved (Workbench - Disable)
12	Reserved (Workbench - Forced Abort)
13	Reserved (Workbench - Fast Gear)
18	Jog Enable - Allows jogging if True else jogging is disabled
19	Fault - If the input condition is True a "PLC Fault" is triggered. If using J2-16 to generate a PLC Fault Condition, P2201 must be set to "OFF" to avoid a conflict with external trip.
20	Forward Enable/Disable - If the input condition is True forward motion is enabled otherwise it is disabled.
21	Reverse Enable/Disable - If the input condition is True reverse motion is enabled otherwise it is disabled.
22	Acc/Dec Group Select - If the input condition is True then Acc/Dec group 2 is selected otherwise group 1 is selected. NOTE: If this action is not programmed Group 1 is active by default.
23	Reset - If the input condition is True a reset request is issued. NOTE: This action is edge triggered on a False to True transition. NOTE: Pre-existing faults/alarms may or may not be cleared.
24	Preset Speed/Analog - If the input condition is True then the Preset Speed Select Table Index sets the speed reference from the Preset Speeds (P1001-P1015) else the Command Source (P1402) selects the speed reference. NOTE: If this action is not programmed P1402 is always active. NOTE: If the Preset Speed Select Table Index is not programmed then P1001 is used.
25	Preset Speed Select Table Index Bit 0 - If the input condition is True then bit 0 of the Preset Speed Select Table Index is set else it is reset. NOTE: If this action is not programmed then bit 0 is reset.
26	Preset Speed Select Table Index Bit 1 - If the input condition is True then bit 1 of the Preset Speed Select Table Index is set else it is reset. NOTE: If this action is not programmed then bit 1 is reset.
27	Preset Speed Select Table Index Bit 2 - If the input condition is True then bit 2 of the Preset Speed Select Table Index is set else it is reset. NOTE: If this action is not programmed then bit 2 is reset.

**Table 10-3 PLC Actions Continued**

<b>ID</b>	<b>Description</b>
28	Preset Speed Select Table Index Bit 3 - If the input condition is True then bit 3 of the Preset Speed Select Table Index is set else it is reset. NOTE: If this action is not programmed then bit 3 is reset.
29	Process PID Enable/Disable - If the input condition is True then the Process PID is active otherwise it is inactive. NOTE: The Process PID is automatically set to inactive during keypad control or while jogging.
30	Keypad - If the input condition is True then forward/reverse and stop commands along with the keypad's local speed reference control the drive. The keypad is disabled by default.
31	Electronic Pot - If the input condition is True the Electronic Pot sets the speed reference otherwise it is not active. The pot is disabled by default.
32	Decrease Electronic Pot Speed Reference- If the input condition is True the Electronic Pot speed reference is increased else has no affect. NOTE: E-Pot is non-volatile. NOTE: E-Pot is unipolar so direction is determined by forward/reverse commands.
33	Increase Electronic Pot Speed Reference- If the input condition is True the Electronic Pot speed reference is decreased else has no affect. NOTE: E-Pot is non-volatile. NOTE: E-Pot is unipolar so direction is determined by forward/reverse commands.
34	Parameter Table Select Enable - If the input condition is True enables parameter table selection through the parameter table select index, else parameter table selection is disabled.
35	Parameter Table Select Index Bit 0 - If the input condition is True then bit 0 of the Parameter Table Select Index is set else it is reset. NOTE: If this action is not programmed then bit 0 is reset. NOTE: This index sets the active parameter table
36	Parameter Table Select Index Bit 1 - If the input condition is True then bit 1 of the Parameter Table Select Index is set else it is reset. NOTE: If this action is not programmed then bit 1 is reset. NOTE: This index sets the active parameter table
37	Relay Output 2 - If the input condition is True then Relay Output 2 (J3-28,29,30) will be active otherwise it is inactive NOTE: Relay Output 2 must have been set to "PLC" using P1504
38	Torque/Speed Mode - If the input condition is True then the drive controls torque else it controls speed. Default is speed control. NOTE: For V/F, torque control is not supported and is ignored.
39	Seed E-Pot - If the condition is true, the current speed reference is seeded into the E-Pot speed reference. Otherwise, it is not seeded. NOTE: E-Pot must not be the active speed reference for seeding to occur.
40	Logical Variable A - If the input condition is True then logical variable A is set else reset
41	Logical Variable B - If the input condition is True then logical variable B is set else reset
42	Logical Variable C - If the input condition is True then logical variable C is set else reset
43	Logical Variable D - If the input condition is True then logical variable D is set else reset
44	Logical Variable E - If the input condition is True then logical variable E is set else reset
45	Logical Variable F - If the input condition is True then logical variable F is set else reset
46	Logical Variable G - If the input condition is True then logical variable G is set else reset
47	Logical Variable H - If the input condition is True then logical variable H is set else reset
48	Logical Variable I - If the input condition is True then logical variable I is set else reset
49	Logical Variable J - If the input condition is True then logical variable J is set else reset.
50	Start Timer A - If the input condition is True zero Timer A else count up to a timeout.
51	Stop Timer A - If the input condition is True, set Timer A= P3440 counts else do nothing.
52	Start Timer B - If the input condition is True, set Timer B= 0 else count up to a timeout.
53	Stop Timer B - If the input condition is True, set Timer B= P3441 counts else do nothing.
54	Start Timer C - If the input condition is True, set Timer C= 0 else count up to a timeout.
55	Stop Timer C - If the input condition is True, set Timer C= P3442 counts else do nothing.
56	Start Timer D - If the input condition is True, set Timer D= 0 else count up to a timeout.
57	Stop Timer C - If the input condition is True, set Timer D= P3443 counts else do nothing.
58	Pulse Start Timer A –If the input condition is True and timer A has expired then restarts timer A
59	Pulse Start Timer B –If the input condition is True and timer B has expired then restarts timer B
60	Pulse Start Timer C –If the input condition is True and timer C has expired then restarts timer C

**Table 10-3 PLC Actions Continued**

ID	Description
61	Pulse Start Timer D –If the input condition is True and timer D has expired then restarts timer D
69	Reset PLC – If the input condition is True then a PLC reset is performed. All timers are expired and all logical variables are set to FALSE. Comparators are not affected.
70- 99	Jump 0-29 – If the input condition is True then a jump from the current rung number to the specified rung number is performed. Skipped rungs are not executed. Only forward jumps are allowed. Jumps from high to lower rungs or jumps to the same rung number result in an error.
150	Heater - If the input condition is true then trickle current heating is enabled else it is disabled.

**Table 10-4 Preset Speed Select Index**

ID of PLC Actions				Description
28	27	26	25	
0	0	0	0	Preset Speed 1 (P1001) Selected
0	0	0	1	Preset Speed 2 (P1002) Selected
0	0	1	0	Preset Speed 3 (P1003) Selected
0	0	1	1	Preset Speed 4 (P1004) Selected
0	1	0	0	Preset Speed 5 (P1005) Selected
0	1	0	1	Preset Speed 6 (P1006) Selected
0	1	1	0	Preset Speed 7 (P1007) Selected
0	1	1	1	Preset Speed 8 (P1008) Selected
1	0	0	0	Preset Speed 9 (P1009) Selected
1	0	0	1	Preset Speed 10 (P1010) Selected
1	0	1	0	Preset Speed 11 (P1011) Selected
1	0	1	1	Preset Speed 12 (P1012) Selected
1	1	0	0	Preset Speed 13 (P1013) Selected
1	1	0	1	Preset Speed 14 (P1014) Selected
1	1	1	0	Preset Speed 15 (P1015) Selected
1	1	1	1	Zero Speed (Not Defined) Selected

**Table 10-5 Parameter Table Select Index**

ID of PLC Actions		Description
36	35	
0	0	Parameter Table 1 (P52 set to T1) Selected
0	1	Parameter Table 2 (P52 set to T2) Selected
1	0	Parameter Table 3 (P52 set to T3) Selected
1	1	Parameter Table 4 (P52 set to T4) Selected

## 10.5 PLC Mode as Standard Run 2-Wire Mode

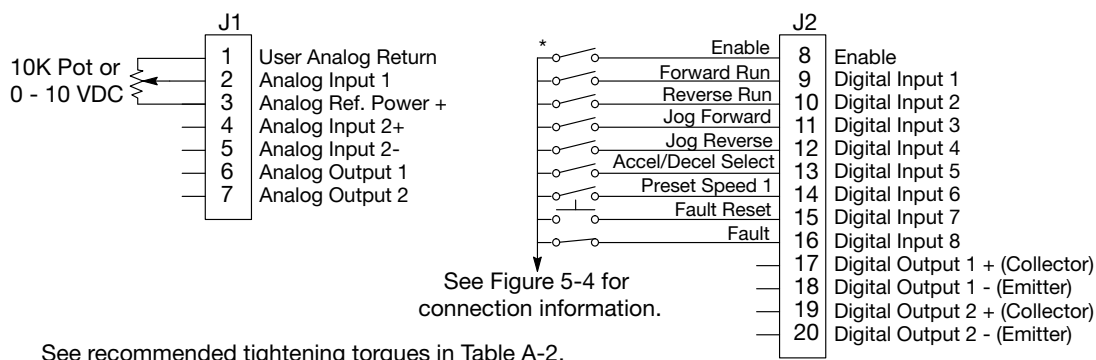
This example shows how the PLC Mode may operate as the Standard Run 2-Wire Mode. These parameter values are entered from the keypad.

### Initialization:

Parameter	Value	Comment
P1401	PLC	PLC operating mode selected

### PLC Mode configuration parameters:

Parameter Number	Parameter Dec Value	Byte 3 Condition	Byte 2 Logic	Byte 1 Condition	Byte 0 Action
P3401	050.000.000.020	Input 1 (50)	OR (0)	False (0)	Forward (20)
P3402	051.000.000.021	Input 2 (51)	OR (0)	False (0)	Reverse (21)
P3403	052.000.053.018	Input 3 (52)	OR (0)	Input 4 (53)	Jog Enable (18)
P3404	052.000.000.006	Input 3 (52)	OR (0)	False (0)	Jog Forward (6)
P3405	053.000.000.005	Input 4 (53)	OR (0)	False (0)	Jog Reverse (5)
P3406	054.000.000.022	Input 5 (54)	OR (0)	False (0)	Acc/Dec Group (22)
P3407	055.000.000.024	Input 6 (55)	OR (0)	False (0)	Presets/Analog (24)
P3408	056.000.000.023	Input 7 (56)	OR (0)	False (0)	Reset (23)
P3409	057.003.000.019	Input 8 (57)	NOR (3)	False (0)	Fault (19)



The Parameter Dec Value column can be used when entering the PLC configuration parameters at the keypad (parameters are shown as decimal long values - byte3.byte2.byte1.byte0).

For this mode Enable is active.

Note that Preset Speed 1 is active so the Preset Speed Select Table Index need not be programmed since it automatically follows action 24 (Presets/Analog)

Jog is enabled anytime input 3 or 4 is on while these same inputs set the direction for jog.

The Fault action is programmed to trigger whenever digital input 8 goes low.

## 10.6 PLC Mode as 15 Preset Speed Mode

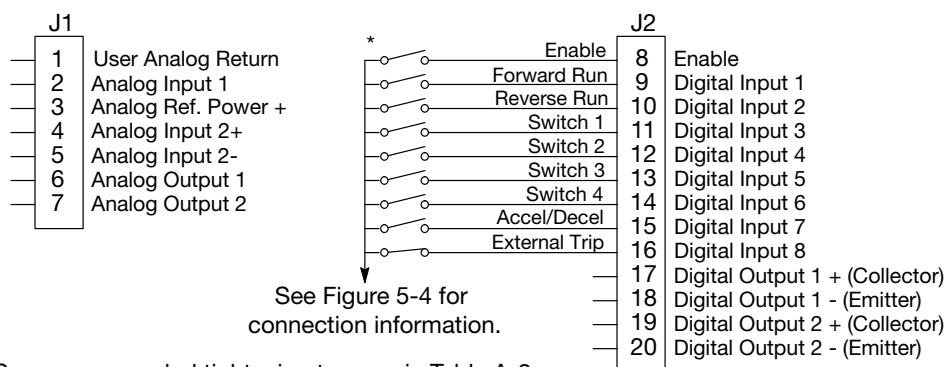
This example shows how the PLC Mode creates the 15 Preset Speed Mode.

### Initialization:

Parameter	Value	Comment
P1401	PLC	PLC operating mode selected

### PLC Mode configuration parameters:

Parameter Number	Parameter Dec Value	Byte 3 Condition	Byte 2 Logic	Byte 1 Condition	Byte 0 Action
P3401	050.000.000.020	Input 1 (50)	OR (0)	False (0)	Forward (20)
P3402	051.000.000.024	Input 2 (51)	OR (0)	False (0)	Reverse (21)
P3403	001.000.000.035	True (1)	OR (0)	False (0)	Presets/Analog (24)
P3404	052.000.000.025	Input 3 (52)	OR (0)	False (0)	Preset Tbl Bit 0 (25)
P3405	053.000.000.026	Input 4 (53)	OR (0)	False (0)	Preset Tbl Bit 1 (26)
P3406	054.000.000.027	Input 5 (54)	OR (0)	False (0)	Preset Tbl Bit 2 (27)
P3407	055.000.000.028	Input 6 (55)	OR (0)	False (0)	Preset Tbl Bit 3(28)
P3408	052.001.053.040	Input 3 (52)	AND (1)	Input 4 (53)	Variable A (40)
P3409	054.001.055.041	Input 5 (54)	AND (1)	Input 6 (55)	Variable B (41)
P3410	100.001.101.023	A (100)	AND (1)	B (101)	Reset (23)
P3411	056.000.000.022	Input 7 (56)	OR (0)	False (0)	Acc/Dec Group (22)
P3412	057.003.000.019	Input 8 (57)	NOR (3)	False (0)	Fault (19)



See recommended tightening torques in Table A-2.

\*Note: Remove factory jumper from J2-8 and J3-24 before connecting switch at J2-8.

The Parameter Dec Value column can be used when entering the PLC configuration parameters at the keypad (parameters are shown as decimal long values - byte3.byte2.byte1.byte0).

For this mode Enable is active.

Note that Preset Speed 1 is active so the Preset Speed Select Table Index need not be programmed since it automatically follows action 24 (Presets/Analog).

Jog is enabled anytime input 3 or 4 is on while these same inputs set the direction for jog.

The Fault action is programmed to trigger whenever digital input 8 goes low.

## 10.7 PLC Mode as Process PID Mode

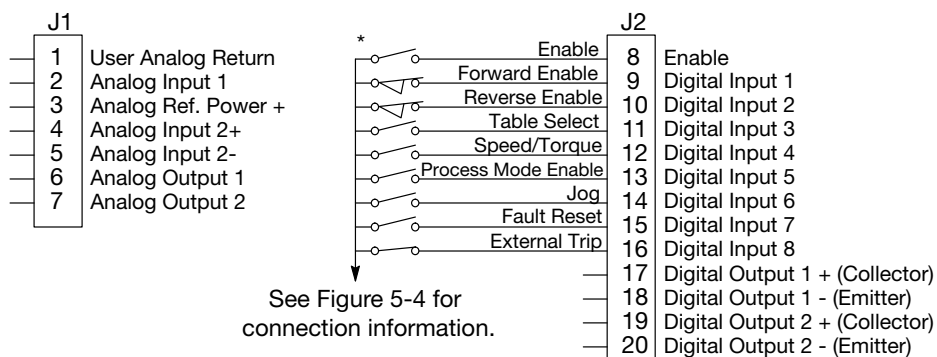
This example shows how the PLC Mode rendered as the Process PID Mode.

### Initialization:

Parameter	Value	Comment
P1401	PLC	PLC operating mode selected

### PLC Mode configuration parameters:

Parameter Number	Parameter Dec Value	Byte 3 Condition	Byte 2 Logic	Byte 1 Condition	Byte 0 Action
P3401	050.000.000.020	Input 1 (50)	OR (0)	False (0)	Forward (20)
P3402	051.000.000.021	Input 2 (51)	OR (0)	False (0)	Reverse (21)
P3403	001.000.000.034	True (1)	OR (0)	False (0)	Param Table Select (34)
P3404	052.000.000.035	Input 3 (52)	OR (0)	False (0)	Table Select Bit 0 (35)
P3405	053.000.000.038	Input 4 (53)	OR (0)	False (0)	Torque/Speed (38)
P3406	054.000.000.029	Input 5 (54)	OR (0)	False (0)	PID (29)
P3407	055.000.000.018	Input 6 (55)	OR (0)	False (0)	Jog Enable (18)
P3408	055.000.000.006	Input 6 (55)	OR (0)	False (0)	Jog Forward (6)
P3409	056.000.000.023	Input 7 (56)	OR (0)	False (0)	Reset (23)
P3410	057.003.000.019	Input 8 (57)	NOR (3)	False (0)	Fault (19)



See recommended tightening torques in Table A-2.

\*Note: Remove factory jumper from J2-8 and J3-24 before connecting switch at J2-8.

The Parameter Dec Value column can be used when entering the PLC configuration parameters at the keypad (parameters are shown as decimal long values - byte3.byte2.byte1.byte0).

For this mode Enable is active.

The unconditional True statement P3403 enables parameter table select (Table 10-5 ) at all times.

The Fault action is programmed to trigger whenever digital input 8 goes low.



## 10.8 PLC Mode as a Modified Process PID Mode

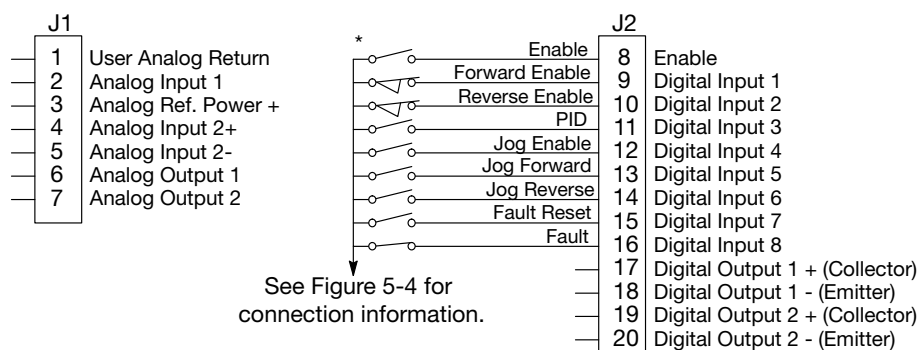
This example shows how the PLC Mode as a modified Process PID Mode.

### Initialization:

Parameter	Value	Comment
P1401	PLC	PLC operating mode selected
P1501	PLC	Digital Output 1 Set by PLC Mode Logic
P3431	10	Comparator A monitors absolute speed demand (P10)
P3432	20%	Comparator A's constant (12 Hz for 60 Hz max)
P3440	3.00 sec	Timer A set for 3 seconds

### PLC Mode configuration parameters:

Parameter Number	Parameter Dec Value	Byte 3 Condition	Byte 2 Logic	Byte 1 Condition	Byte 0 Action
P3401	076.000.000.040	Comp A (76)	OR (0)	False (0)	A (40)
P3402	050.000.000.020	Input 1 (50)	OR (0)	False (0)	Forward (20)
P3403	051.000.000.021	Input 2 (51)	OR (0)	False (0)	Reverse (21)
P3404	100.000.000.038	A (100)	OR (0)	False (0)	Torque/Speed (38)
P3405	053.002.100.029	Input 4 (53)	XOR (2)	A (100)	PID (29)
P3406	054.000.055.018	Input 5 (54)	OR (0)	Input 6 (55)	Jog Enable (18)
P3407	054.000.000.006	Input 5 (54)	OR (0)	False (0)	Jog Forward (6)
P3408	055.000.000.005	Input 6 (55)	OR (0)	False (0)	Jog Reverse (5)
P3409	056.000.000.023	Input 7 (56)	OR (0)	False (0)	Reset (23)
P3410	057.000.000.050	Input 8 (57)	OR (0)	False (0)	Start Timer (50)
P3411	086.000.000.019	Timer A (86)	OR (0)	False (0)	Fault (19)



See recommended tightening torques in Table A-2.

\*Note: Remove factory jumper from J2-8 and J3-24 before connecting switch at J2-8.

The Parameter Dec Value column can be used when entering the PLC configuration parameters at the keypad (parameters are shown as decimal long values - byte3.byte2.byte1.byte0).

For this mode Enable is active.

Use of logical variables A, B, C or D allows for complex PLC logic.

Variable "A" is set based on the outcome of a comparator and then used as an input condition for the torque/speed select and PID actions.

Note that P3401 is programmed to set logical variable "A" before it is used since statements are executed in order from P3401 through P3410.

Either input 5 or 6 enable jog and they also set jog direction as in P3407 and P3408.

Speed mode is active above 12 Hz but torque mode is active when less than 12Hz.

The PID becomes active above 12 Hz if input 4 is ON.

The PID becomes active at less than 12 Hz when input 4 is OFF.

The Fault action is programmed to trigger after a three second delay following digital input 8 going low.

Timer A is used to implement this action.

Normally P3410 continuously resets Timer A when digital input 8 is high.

If digital input 8 goes low then high in less than three seconds no fault action occurs since Timer A is reset before it has a chance to timeout.

If digital input 8 goes low and stays low for at least 3 seconds then Timer A does timeout and a fault occurs.

# Chapter 11

## Composite Reference Description

### 11.1 Overview

This reference is mathematically computed from any two valid drive parameters. Once configured, it can provide a signal to drive the speed loop, torque loop or process PID. In addition, this reference can drive all existing operating modes including the PLC Mode. Composite Ref can be referenced to any valid input:

P1402 - Command Source

P2310 - Auxiliary Filter Source

P1415 - Current Limit Source

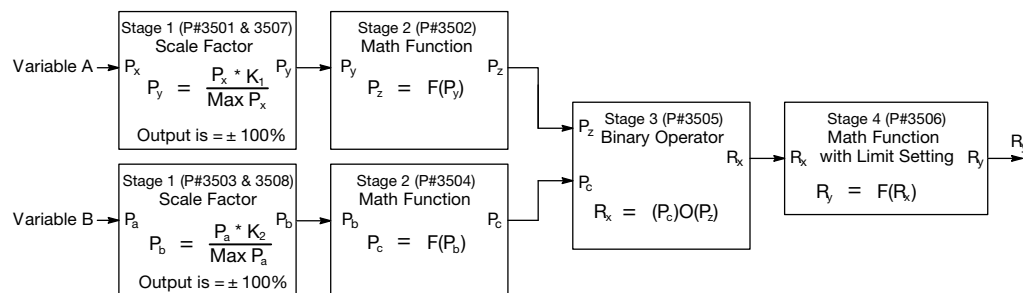
P2603 - Process PID Feedback Source

P1418 -Torque Feedforward Source

P2604 - Process PID Setpoint Source

Mathematical operations are performed at each stage in its development providing the ability to add, subtract, multiply or divide any two parameters to form a complex internal reference source. This reference source can influence the operation of all existing operating modes including PLC Mode. The Composite Reference Parameter Block is programmed in the Level 3, Composite REF parameters.

**Figure 11-1 Composite Reference Generator Block Diagram**



**Table 11-1 Math Functions (P3506)**

ID	Function	Description	Notes
0	0	Zero <sup>1</sup>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Zero Function, <math>F(x) = 0</math></li> <li>2. Identity Function, <math>F(x) = x</math></li> <li>3. Where, <math> x </math> is the absolute value function:  <math> x  = x</math> for <math>x \geq 0</math>  <math> x  = -x</math> for <math>x &lt; 0</math> </li> <li>4. The ramp generator is computed as follows:  <math>0.0 \rightarrow 1.0</math> for <math>x &gt; 0</math>  Constant output for <math>x = 0</math>  <math>0.0 \rightarrow -1.0</math> for <math>x &lt; 0</math>  With time period equal to <math>1.0/( x  \cdot 100)</math> Sec </li> <li>5. The frequency generator is computed as follows: <math>y = \text{Ramp}(x)</math> <math>\text{Freq}(x) = \text{Sin}(2\pi y)</math> With output frequency equal to <math> x  \cdot 100</math> Hz</li> </ol>
1	X	Identity <sup>2</sup>	
2	$ X $	Absolute Value <sup>3</sup>	
3	1/X	Inversion	
4	$X^2$	Square	
5	$\sqrt{( X )}$	Square Root <sup>3</sup>	
6	Sin(x)	Sine	
7	Cos(x)	Cosine	
8	Ramp(x)	Ramp Generator <sup>4</sup>	
9	Freq(x)	Frequency Generator <sup>5</sup>	

**Table 11-2 Binary Operator Selection Parameter (P3505)**

ID	Function	Description	Notes
0	+	Sum	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. <math>Y = \text{Max}(x, y)</math> provides the maximum</li> <li>2. <math>Y = \text{Min}(x, y)</math> provides the minimum</li> </ol>
1	-	Difference	
2	•	Multiply	
3	/	Divide	
4	Max	Maximum <sup>1</sup>	
5	Min	Minimum <sup>2</sup>	

**Table 11-3 Composite Reference Parameters**

Stage	P#	Description
1	3501 & 3503	Scale Factor - Monitor a parameter number (Variable A or B) and scales the value into percentage of maximum value for use by the next stage. As an example, P3501=5 Motor Voltage (assume its maximum is 230V) is monitored and internally 20% is computed for P5= 46 V or 10% for P5=23 V. Likewise, with P3503=11 then Speed Demand (assume its maximum is 60 Hz) is monitored and 50% is output when P11=30 Hz or -50% when P11= -30 Hz. P3501 or P3503 can be set to any valid drive parameter number. If either is set to an invalid parameter number Py=0% or Pb=0%. P3501 or P3503 only point to a valid parameter number in the active parameter table, never a parameter outside the active table. Switching parameter tables with the drive enabled causes the Composite Reference to be redefined by the parameter values in the new active parameter table.
2 & 4	3502, 3504 & 3506	Math Function - These parameters select the mathematical functions to be applied at the second and fourth stage of the Composite Reference's derivation. Refer to Table 11-1.
3	3505	Operator - This parameter provides the mathematical operation to be performed at the third stage of the Composite Reference derivation. Refer to Table 11-2 .
1	3507 & 3508	These parameters provide a way to scale up or down the percentage calculation of the first stage. They range from -1000.00 to 1000.00 with default 1.00. Normally, the defaults work so these parameters need not be changed. A simple example of their use is: A 5A motor is connected to a 15A (peak) drive. When the motor is at rated amps only 5/15 or 33.3% is passed on to stage 2, but by setting P3507=3.00, 100% is passed on allowing full use of the motor's current.

## 11.2 Composite Reference Examples

The following table gives examples of the kinds of Composite References that may be developed.

**Table 11-4 Examples**

Composite Reference Parameters								Description
P3501	P3502	P3503	P3504	P3505	P3506	P3507	P3508	
P103	Identity	P104	Identity	Sum	Identity	0.5	0.5	Average of Analog Inputs 1&2: $R_y = (A_1 + A_2)/2$
P103	Identity	P104	Freq	Multiply	Identity	1.0	1.0	Signal Generator with Magnitude set by A1 and Frequency by A <sub>2</sub> : $R_y = A_1 \times \text{Freq}(A_2)$
P103	Identity	P104	Identity	Divide	Identity	1.0	1.0	Ratio of Analog Inputs 1&2: $R_y = A_1/A_2$
P102	Square	P104	Square	Difference	Square Root	1.0	1.0	Square Root of Difference of Squares of Process Error and Analog2: $R_y = \sqrt{( P_e ^2 - A_2^2)}$

# Chapter 12

## Monitor and RTC Description

### 12.1 Monitor Parameters (P0001 to P0818)

Monitor parameters can be viewed using the WorkBench software. Most are read only (P0001) but some (P0052) can be written as well.

**Table 12-1 Monitor Parameters Descriptions**

P#	Type	Name	Unit	Help
1		SOFTWARE VERSION		Software Version. - Drive firmware version number
2		LOC/REM STATUS		Local/Remote Status. - Source of run/stop commands. Local for keypad or Remote for terminal block
3		DRIVE STATUS		Drive Enable Status. - 0 for disabled, 1 for enabled
4		MOTION STATUS		Motion Status. - Status: stopped, forward, reverse, bipolar, sleep, homing, etc.
5		MOTOR VOLTS	V	Motor Volts. - Estimated line-to-line drive output RMS voltage
6		MOTOR CURRENT	A	Motor Current. - Measured motor RMS current
7		MOTOR ABS SPEED	RPM	Motor Absolute Speed. - Estimated or measured absolute rotor speed
8		POSITION COUNTER	CNT	Position Counter. - Accumulated count in revolutions and counts for feedback device.
9		SPEED REF	Hz	Speed Reference. - Setpoint speed for motor. Command source parameter determines the source
10		ABS SPEED DEMAND	Hz	Absolute Speed Demand. - Absolute speed output from Speed Profiler.
11		SPEED DEMAND	Hz	Speed Demand. - Signed speed output from Speed Profiler
12		ABS MOTOR FREQ	Hz	Absolute Motor Frequency. - Estimated motor electrical frequency
13		MOTOR FREQ	Hz	Motor Frequency. - Signed motor frequency
14		DRIVE TEMP	°C	Drive Temperature. - Measured temperature of drive heat sink
15		BUS VOLTAGE	V	Bus Voltage. - Measured bus voltage. DC bus high fault occurs above 400/820V DC
16		OVERLOAD LEFT	%	Overload Remaining. - Current overload count remaining until overload fault/foldback occurs
17		INPUTS		Digital Inputs. - State of terminal block digital inputs. Off/On indicated by 0/1
18		OUTPUTS		Digital Outputs. - State of the terminal block digital/relay outputs. Off/On indicated by 0/1
19	R/W	RATED HP	HP	Rated Horsepower. - Drive rated horsepower
20	R/W	RATED CURRENT	A	Rated Current. - Nominal/derated drive continuous RMS current rating
21	R/W	RATED PK CURRENT	A	Rated Peak Current. - Nominal/de-rated drive peak, short term, current rating
22	R/W	RATED VOLTS	V	Rated Voltage. - Nominal voltage rating of drive
23		ACTIVE FAULTS		Active Faults. - Number of active / simultaneous drive faults
24		ACTIVE FLT CODE		Active Fault Code. - Currently active drive fault code number
25		PROC FEEDFORWARD	%	FF Process Feedforward. - Process PID feed forward signal
26		PROC SETPOINT	%	SP Process Setpoint. - Process PID set point signal

**Table 12-1 Monitor Parameters Descriptions Continued**

P#	Type	Name	Unit	Help
27		PROC FEEDBACK	%	FB Process Feedback. - Process PID feedback signal
28		ADC USER REF	V	ADC User Reference. - Hardware ADC reference voltage for analog inputs
29		ADC CURR REF	V	ADC Current Reference. - Hardware ADC reference voltage for currents
30		USER 24V	V	User 24V. - Measured, internally supplied 24V for I/O
31		MOTOR TORQUE	NM	Motor Torque. - Estimated motor torque from measured currents and motor model
32		AUTO-TUNE PROG	%	Auto-Tune Progress. - Estimated progress of auto-tune test
33		LINE VOLTAGE	V	Line Voltage. - Estimated drive input line-to-line RMS voltage
34		RATED A/V	A/V	Rated Amps/Volt. - Nominal drive current scaling set at the factory
35		MOTOR POLES		Motor Poles. - Calculated /entered number of motor poles
36		RUN TIMER	HR	Run Timer. - Accumulated drive run (non-idle) time in hours
37		ACTIVE ALARMS		Active Alarms. - Number of currently active /simultaneous alarms
38		ACT ALARM CODE		Active Alarm Code. - Currently active alarm code
39		ANA IN1	V	Analog Input 1. - Measured value of analog input #1 on terminal input J1-2 and J1-1
40		ANA IN2	V	Analog Input 2. - Measured value of analog input #2 on terminal input J1-4 and J1-5
41		ANA OUT1	V	Analog Output 1. - Estimated value of analog output #1 on terminal J1-6
42		ANA OUT2	V	Analog Output 2. - Estimated value of analog output #2 on terminal J1-7
43		OPTION1		Option 1. - Option board detected in option slot #1 (left slot)
44		OPTION2		Option 2. - Option board detected in option slot #2 (right slot)
45		FEEDBACK		Feedback. - Feedback board detected in motor feedback board slot
46	R/W	DATE AND TIME		Current Date and Time. - Real time clock current reading
47		DST STATUS		DST Status. - Daylight Saving Time status: 0=Not Active 1=Active
48		MOTOR OVERLOAD REMAINING	%	Current overload count remaining until a motor overload fault/overload occurs
49		LAST MOTOR OVERLOAD REMAINING	%	Last reading of motor overload left before power down
50		LAST DRIVE OVERLOAD REMAINING	%	Last reading of drive overload left before power down
51		SPEED MEASURED	RPM	Displays measured speed from resolver even if control type is V/F or open vector
52	R/W	ACTIVE PARAM TBL		Active Parameter Table. - Parameter table currently in use on the drive
53		EE VER		Power Base EEPROM Rev. - Power base EEPROM parameter revision number. Set by factory
54		FPGA VER		Power Base FPGA Rev. - Power base FPGA revision control number. Set by factory

**Table 12-1 Monitor Parameters Descriptions Continued**

P#	Type	Name	Unit	Help
55		ACC/DEC DEMAND	Hz/SEC	Accel/Decel Demand. - Current ramp rate used by the velocity profiler
56		ID CURRENT	A	ID Current. - D axis measured current proportional to motor flux
57		ID DEMAND	A	ID Demand. - D axis demand current proportional to motor flux
58		IQ CURRENT	A	IQ Current. - Q axis measured current proportional to motor torque
59		IQ DEMAND	A	IQ Demand. - Q demand current proportional to motor torque
60		POWER FACTOR		Power Factor. - Ratio of (real power)/(apparent power)
61		PHASE 1 CURRENT	A	Phase 1(U) Current. - Phase U current
62		PHASE 2 CURRENT	A	Phase 2(V) Current. - Phase V current
63		PHASE 3 CURRENT	A	Phase 3(W) Current. - Phase W current
64		VD DEMAND	V	VD Demand. - D axis voltage demand for setting up motor flux
65		VQ DEMAND	V	VQ Demand. - Q axis voltage demand for setting up motor torque
66		ELECTRICAL ANGLE	°	Electrical Angle. - Electrical angle used to develop phased voltages to the motor
67		MOTOR SPEED	RPM	Motor Speed. - Current speed of the motor
68		AT TEST DESC		Autotune Test Description. - Description of current autotuning state
69	R/W	APP LAYER ERROR		Application Layer Error. Application layer error code number. The last error that occurred
70		USB TRANSACTIONS		USB Transactions. Total number of USB transactions since start up
71		USB ERRORS		USB Errors. Total number of USB errors since start up
72		TSK STATUS		Task Status. Runtime task overrun status. Bits correspond to tasks that have overrun their time limit
73		TSK ID		Task ID. First task that overran its time slot
74		TSK COUNT		Task Count. Total number of overruns for the first task to overrun its time slot
75		Kp PACKETS		Keypad Packets. Total number of processed keypad packets
76		Kp T-GAPS		Keypad Gaps. Total number of keypad inter-packet time gap errors
77		Kp NAKs		Keypad NAKs. Total number of NAKs sent. High word are received NAKs low word is transmitted NAKs
78		EST POWER	kW	Estimated Power. - Drive power output estimated from measured current and voltages. Units: KW
79		EST ENERGY	kWH	Estimated Energy. - Delivered by drive. Estimated from measured current and voltages. Units: kHW
80		EST COST	\$	Estimated Cost. - Cost of output energy delivered. Estimated from cost of kWH unit parameter
81	R/W	ACCESS KEY		Access Key. - Parameter security access key. Contact Baldor to decode the key code
82	R/W	KEYPAD SOFT VER		Keypad Software Version. - Keypad software version string

**Table 12-1 Monitor Parameters Descriptions Continued**

P#	Type	Name	Unit	Help
83		AUTOTUNE TEST RE		Autotune test result. Use keypad back/forward keys to review results on the keypad
84		AUTOTUNE TEST RE		Autotune test result. Use keypad back/forward keys to review results on the keypad
85		CMD TYPE		Command Type. Operating mode input signal command type
86		FPGA READ ERRORS		FPGA Read Errors. Number of errors when reading FPGA since start up
87		FPGA WRITE ERROR		FPGA Write Errors. Number of errors when writing to FPGA since start up
88		FPGA ALARM REG		FPGA Alarm Register. Alarm Latch Alarm Status of Powerbase FPGA
89	R/W	REFRESH REQUEST		Refresh Request. - Refresh parameter list request from drive to host
90		PHASE 1 VOLTAGE	V	Phase 1(U) Voltage. - Phase U RMS voltage
91		PHASE 2 VOLTAGE	V	Phase 2(V) Voltage. - Phase V RMS voltage
92		PHASE 3 VOLTAGE	V	Phase 3(W) Voltage. - Phase W RMS voltage
93		CUSTOM UNITS	CUSTOM	Custom Units. - Shows production rates according to custom units.
94		POS REFERENCE	CNT	Position Reference. - Position Profiler's Current Target Position.
95		POS DEMAND	CNT	Position Demand. - Position Profiler's Current Position Demand.
96		POS ERROR	CNT	Position Following Error. - Difference Between Position Demand and Rotor Position.
97		POS COUNTER	CNT	Position Counter. - In accordance with feedback device.
98		LV TEST FEEDBACK		LV test feedback. - Gives feedback on state of test
99		LV TEST FE STATE		Front End State. -Gives feedback on state of front end
100		ID		Power Base ID. - Power Base ID Number. Set by factory
102		PROC ERROR	%	ER Process Error. - Process PID error signal
103		ANA1 REF	%	Analog Input 1 Reference. - Reference generated from analog input 1
104		ANA2 REF	%	Analog Input 2 Reference. - Reference generated from analog input 2
105		COMPOSITE REF	%	Composite Reference. - Reference generated composite reference parameter block.
106		POS MOVE STATUS		Position Move Status. - 15 Preset Position Mode status. 0x0=inactive, 0x1-0xF=active, 0x101-0x10F=complete
107	R/W	RTC EDGE COUNTER		RTC Edge Counter. - General purpose date/time edge counter used in Real Time Clock Features.
108	R/W	RTC OUTPUTS		RTC Virtual Outputs. - Outputs set by the RTC and mapped to real outputs if enabled.
109	R/W	RTC MSG STATUS		RTC Message Status. - Individual bits are mapped to RTC message when set
110	R/W	LAST POWERDOWN		Last Drive Power Down Date. - The date and time the drive was last turned off.
111		COMPONENT A	%	Component A of Composite Reference. - First part of the composite reference signal.



**Table 12-1 Monitor Parameters Descriptions Continued**

P#	Type	Name	Unit	Help
112		COMPONENT B	%	Component B of Composite Reference. - First part of the composite reference signal.
113	R/W	PLC TIMER A		PLC Mode Timer A Counter. - General purpose timer/counter in 10ms clock ticks.
114	R/W	PLC TIMER B		PLC Mode Timer B Counter. - General purpose timer/counter in 10ms clock ticks.
115		ENC POS FB SPEED	%	Speed reference set by Pulse Follower EXB.
116	R/W	MACRO STATUS		ID number of last executed macro (none if no macros have been executed).
117	R/W	PLC Timer C		PLC Mode Timer C Counter- General purpose timer/counter in 10ms clock ticks.
118	R/W	PLC Timer D		PLC Mode Timer D Counter - General purpose timer/counter in 10ms clock ticks.
201		LOC SPEED REF	Hz	Local Speed Reference. - Local speed reference from keypad. Reference can be entered in Hz or RPM
202		E-POT SPEED REF	Hz	E-Pot Speed Ref. - Electronic pot speed reference
301		FAULT LOG TIME		Fault Log Time. Time stamp for fault log entries
302		FAULT LOG MSG		Fault Log Message.
501		COUNTS	CNT	Counts. Accumulated position from feedback device.
502		REVOLUTIONS	REV	Revolutions. Accumulated revolutions since power up. Encoder PPR parameter sets the revolution count.
503		OPT1 ANA IN1	V/mA	Option 1 Analog Input 1. Option board 1 analog input 1
504		OPT1 ANA IN2	V/mA	Option 1 Analog Input 2. Option board 1 analog input 2
505		OPT2 ANA IN1	V/mA	Option 2 Analog Input 1. Option board 2 analog input 1
506		OPT2 ANA IN2	V/mA	Option 2 Analog Input 2. Option board 2 analog input 2
507		OPT1 ANA OUT1	V/mA	Option 1 Analog Output 1. Option board 1 analog output 1
508		OPT1 ANA OUT2	V/mA	Option Board 1 Analog Output 2. Option 1 analog output 2
509		OPT2 ANA OUT1	V/mA	Option 2 Analog Output 1. Option board 2 analog output 1
510		OPT2 ANA OUT2	V/mA	Option 2 Analog Output 2. Option board 2 analog output 2
511		TX CNTS	CNT	PF Tx Counts. PF transmitted accumulated position from feedback device.
512		TX REVS	REVS	PF Tx Revolutions. PF transmitted accumulated revolutions since power up.
513		RX CNTS	CNT	PF Rx Counts. PF received accumulated position from feedback device.
514		RX REVS	REVS	PF Rx Revolutions. PF received accumulated revolutions since power up.
515		OPT1 CONFIG1		Option Card 1 Configuration Word 1. Slot 1 option card's general purpose config data from its EE
516		OPT1 CONFIG2		Option Card 1 Configuration Word 2. Slot 1 option card's general purpose config data from its EE

**Table 12-1 Monitor Parameters Descriptions Continued**

P#	Type	Name	Unit	Help
517		OPT1 CONFIG3		Option Card 1 Configuration Word 3. Slot 1 option card's general purpose config data from its EE
518		OPT1 CONFIG4		Option Card 1 Configuration Word 4. Slot 1 option card's general purpose config data from its EE
519		OPT2 CONFIG1		Option Card 2 Configuration Word 1. Slot 2 option card's general purpose config data from its EE
520		OPT2 CONFIG2		Option Card 2 Configuration Word 2. Slot 2 option card's general purpose config data from its EE
521		OPT2 CONFIG3		Option Card 2 Configuration Word 3. Slot 2 option card's general purpose config data from its EE
522		OPT2 CONFIG4		Option Card 2 Configuration Word 4. Slot 2 option card's general purpose config data from its EE
530		OPT1 FIRMWARE		Option Card 1 Firmware Version. Option card 1 firmware version string
531		OPT2 FIRMWARE		Option Card 2 Firmware Version. Option card 2 firmware version string
532	R/W	OPT1 CONFIG		Option Card 1 Configuration Status. Slot 1 option card's configuration status
533	R/W	OPT2 CONFIG		Option Card 2 Configuration Status. Slot 2 option card's configuration status
534		OPT1 RUN STATUS		Option Card 1 Runtime Status. Slot 1 option card's run time status
535		OPT2 RUN STATUS		Option Card 2 Runtime Status. Slot 2 option card's run time status
536		OPT1 ANA1 REF	%	Option Card 1 Analog Input 1 Reference. Reference generated from analog input 1 on option card 1
537		OPT1 ANA2 REF	%	Option Card 1 Analog Input 2 Reference. Reference generated from analog input 2 on option card 1
538		OPT2 ANA1 REF	%	Option Card 2 Analog Input 1 Reference. Reference generated from analog input 1 on option card 2
539		OPT2 ANA2 REF	%	Option Card 2 Analog Input 2 Reference. Reference generated from analog input 2 on option card 2
801		FAULT LATCH		Fault Latch. Fault trace signal: powerbase fault active high latch
802		ALARM LATCH		Alarm Latch. Fault trace signal: powerbase alarm active high latch
803		ADC CURRENT REF	V	ADC Current Reference. Fault trace signal: ADC 1.5V current reference
804		24V REF	V	24V Reference. Fault trace signal: 24v reference
807		USER INPUTS		User Digital Inputs. Fault trace signal: user digital inputs
806		DIGITAL OUTPUTS		Digital Outputs. Fault trace signal: all digital outputs
807		ANA INPUT 1	V	Analog Input 1. Fault trace signal: analog input 1
808		ANA INPUT 2	V	Analog Input 2. Fault trace signal: analog input 2
809		SPEED REF	Hz	Speed Reference. Fault trace signal: speed reference
810		PH1 CURRENT	A	Phase 1(U) Current. Fault trace signal: motor phase 1 current
811		PH2 CURRENT	A	Phase 2(V) Current. Fault trace signal: motor phase 2 current
812		PH3 CURRENT	A	Phase 3(W) Current. Fault trace signal: motor phase 3 current

**Table 12-1 Monitor Parameters Descriptions Continued**

P#	Type	Name	Unit	Help
813		MOTOR CURRENT	A	Motor Current. Fault trace signal: motor instantaneous RMS current
814		MOTOR TORQUE	NM	Motor Torque. Fault trace signal: motor instantaneous torque
815		MOTOR VOLTS	V	Motor Voltage. Fault trace signal: instantaneous voltage to motor
816		MOTOR SPEED	RPM	Motor Speed. Fault trace signal: motor instantaneous rotor speed
817		BUS VOLTAGE	V	Bus Voltage. Fault trace signal: instantaneous bus voltage
818		DRIVE TEMP	°C	Drive Temperature. Fault trace signal: drive temperature

## 12.2 Real Time Clock (RTC) Overview

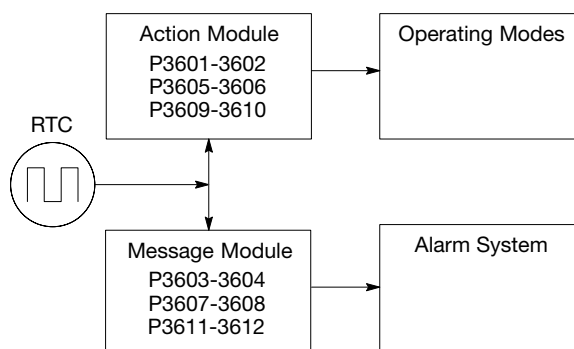
### Action Module

Action Module parameters P3601 - 3602 set the actions to be scheduled. Action 2 takes priority over action 1 should both be scheduled to trigger within the same second. So, if action 1 turns on output 1 and action 2 turns off output 1 and they both trigger on the same seconds tick, then output 1 will appear as though to never turn on.

As a rule, once an action is taken it is latched until it is reset by another action.

Action Module selections are shown in Table 12-2.

**Figure 12-1 RTC Features**



**Table 12-2 Actions (P3601 & 3602)**

ID	ACTION	DESCRIPTION
0	None	No action assigned. Default setting.
1	Digital Output 1 On	Digital output 1 is turned on. P1501 set to RTC.
2	Digital Output 1 Off	Digital output 1 is turned off. P1501 set to RTC
3	Digital Output 2 On	Digital output 2 is turned on. P1502 set to RTC
4	Digital Output 2 Off	Digital output 2 is turned off. P1502 set to RTC
5	Relay Output 1 On	Relay output 1 is turned on. P1503 set to RTC
6	Relay Output 1 Off	Relay output 1 is turned off. P1503 set to RTC
7	Relay Output 2 On	Relay output 2 is turned on. P1504 set to RTC
8	Relay Output 2 Off	Relay output 2 is turned off. P1504 set to RTC
9	Increment P107	Increments the RTC counter parameter
10	Decrement P107	Decrements the RTC counter parameter
11	Reset P107	Resets the RTC counter parameter
12	Digital Output 1 On with Inc	Performs digital I/O with P107 increment
13	Digital Output 1 Off with Inc	Performs digital I/O with P107 increment
14	Digital Output 1 On with Dec	Performs digital I/O with P107 decrement
15	Digital Output 1 Off with Dec	Performs digital I/O with P107 decrement
16	Digital Output 1 On with Reset	Performs digital I/O with P107 reset
17	Digital Output 1 Off with Reset	Performs digital I/O with P107 reset
18	Relay Output 1 On with Inc	Performs digital I/O with P107 increment
19	Relay Output 1 Off with Inc	Performs digital IO with P107 increment
20	Relay Output 1 On with Dec	Performs digital IO with P107 decrement
21	Relay Output 1 Off with Dec	Performs digital IO with P107 decrement
22	Relay Output 1 On with Reset	Performs digital IO with P107 reset
23	Relay Output 1 Off with Reset	Performs digital IO with P107 reset

Level 1, Output Setup Block parameters P1501-P1504 select the digital/relay output functions. P107 is the RTC counter parameter.

#### Message Module (P3603 - 3604)

Message Module parameters P3603 - 3604 set the messages to be scheduled. Message selections are shown in Table 12-3.

**Table 12-3 RTC Message 1&2 Parameters (P3603 & P3604)**

ID	ACTION	DESCRIPTION
0	None (default)	No message active
1	Clean Filter(s)	Time to do periodic cleaning of filter(s)
2	Change Filter(s)	Time to change out the filter(s)
3	Apply Oil/Lubricate	Apply oil and/or lubricant necessary areas of the system
4	Service Motor	Check motor cables, resolver, clean motor etc.
5	Service Drive	Check drive cables, clean panels and keypad display etc.
6	Service Coolant System	Check coolant pressures/levels, check for leaks, top off as needed
7	Service Heating System	Check for gas leaks, clean filters, blowers and connections
8	RTC Alarm	Generic real-time clock alarm

**RTC Action/Message Qualifier Parameters (P3605-P3608)**

Qualifier parameters shown in Table 12-4 set the interval of time of the actions and messages selected.

**Table 12-4 Action/Message Qualifier Parameters (P3605 – P3608)**

ID	QUALIFIERS	DESCRIPTION
0	Once	Action/Message is scheduled once to occur on the date and time entered.
1	Second	Action/Message is scheduled every second. Starting on the date and time entered and repeated every second thereafter.
2	Minute	Action/Message is scheduled every minute. Starting on the date and time entered and repeated every minute thereafter at the same seconds into the minute specified in the start date and time.
3	Hourly	Action/Message is scheduled hourly. Starting on the date and time entered and repeated every hour thereafter at the same minutes and seconds into the hour as specified in the start date and time.
4	Daily	Action/Message is scheduled Daily. Starting on the date and time entered and repeated every day thereafter at the same hour, minutes and seconds specified in the start date and time. If the day specified does not exist for that month the action/message is skipped.
5	Monthly	Action/Message is scheduled monthly. Starting on the date and time entered and repeated every month thereafter on the same day, hour, minutes and seconds specified in the start date and time.
6	Yearly	Action/Message is scheduled yearly. Starting on the date and time entered and repeated every year thereafter on the same month, day, hour, minutes and seconds in the start date and time.

**RTC Schedule Date Parameters (P3609-P3612)**

To each action and message there is an associated start date and time. For Action 1 (P3609) is used; for Action 2 (P3610) and for Messages 1 & 2 (P3611 and P3612) are used respectively.

The internal date and time parameter format is shown in Table 12-5 .

**Table 12-5 Date and Time Format (P0046)**

Bits	31-26	25-22	21-17	16	15-12	11-6	5-0
Fields	Year (00-63)	Month (1-12)	Day (1-31)	Hour Bit 5	Hour Bits 4-0 (0-23)	Minutes (0-59)	Seconds (0-59)

**RTC Counter and Maximum Count Parameters (P107 and P3630)**

Monitor parameter P107 is a general purpose RTC Counter that can be assigned as the target of a RTC action. This parameter may be incremented, decremented or reset by RTC actions.

Parameter number P3630 sets the maximum for P107, so that:  $-P3630 \leq P107 \leq P3630$ .

The comparators A&B of the PLC Operating Mode along with the Composite Reference make use of the maximum setting of a parameter for internal scaling of their operations.

**RTC Daylight Saving Time Parameter (P3631)**

P3631 has three settings: OFF, U.S.A. (United States of America) and E.U. (European Union).

Setting it to OFF disables the DST Feature. Setting it to USA enable Daylight Saving Time for US customers. Setting it to EU enables Daylight Saving Time for Europe based countries.

**Power Cycles and RTC Edit Changes**

The RTC acts like an alarm clock during power cycles, edit changes and DST (Daylight Saving Time) updates. After power up, even though an action/message would have occurred during the power down period no action/message is issued, that action/message is lost. The next regularly scheduled action/message will trigger on the next regularly occurring clock edge after power up.

Likewise if the RTC is advanced by some time-offset due to editing or DST action/messages may be lost. For example, digital output 1 is scheduled to turn on at 1:00 PM daily. At 12:15:00 PM the clock is changed to 1:15:00 PM advancing it an hour.

The output will not turn on that day since its triggering edge never occurs.

On the other hand, if the clock is receded by one hour, that is, changed at 1:30:00 PM to 12:30:00 PM then two triggers for digital output 1 on will have been generated that day since the RTC will have passed through 1:00 PM twice. Furthermore, if an active RTC message is not acknowledged by an operator and power is cycled that message persists after the cycle. The operator must acknowledge an RTC message even if power is cycled. The same is NOT true for outputs. RTC controlled digital outputs and relays are reset at power up.

### RTC Scheduling Examples

The following table gives examples of the kinds scheduled events that may be programmed.

**Table 12-6 Scheduled Events Examples**

	Action 1	Action 2	Message 1	Message 2
P3601	Digital Out 1 ON			
P3602		Digital Out 1 OFF		
P3603			Change Filters	
P3604				Service Heating System
P3605	Daily			
P3606		Daily		
P3607			Monthly	
P3608				Yearly
P3609	3-Feb-07 01:00:00			
P3610		3-Feb-07 02:00:00		
P3611			10-Jan-06 13:30:00	
P3612				10-Jul-06 13:30:00

For this example assume the drive is in Standard Run Two Wire operating mode with digital output 1 wired to FWD. The drive would then run daily for one hour from 1:00 AM to 2:00 AM starting February 3, 2007. The same drive is scheduled for monthly and yearly service. Filters are to be changed on the tenth of every month after lunch starting January 10, 2006. In addition, once a year on the 10 of July the heating system is serviced after lunch as well. RTC messages 1&2 are not logged but must be acknowledged before they are cleared.

### RTC Keypad Screens

The following templates shows how these parameters are displayed on the keypad.

	Keypad Screen										
Line 1	Program								Parameter Block Name		
Line 2	Parameter Name										
Line 3	Parameter List Text <sup>1</sup>								Qualifier <sup>1</sup>		
Line 4	Month <sup>1</sup>		Day <sup>1</sup>	,	Year <sup>1</sup>		Hour <sup>1</sup>	:	Minutes <sup>1</sup>	:	Seconds <sup>1</sup>
Line 5	A	Parameter Number					B				

**Note 1:** Field is editable.

Line 1 holds the screen's name and parameter block name. Line 2 holds a parameter name. Line 3 holds list parameter text and the scheduling qualifier. Line 4 holds the date and time. And line 5 holds the A-Function Key name, a parameter number and the B-Function Key name.

#### Example one:

	Keypad Screen										
Line 1	Prog							RTC			
Line 2	ACTION 1										
Line 3	Digital Output 1 ON							Daily			
Line 4	July		04		2006		01	:	00	:	00
Line 5	Diag	C3601T1					Back				

Action	Description	Display	Comments
At the Level 3 Programming Menu select RTC FEATURES	At the first menu "RTC ACTION 1" press ENTER.		Press ▲ or ▼ to change value. Press ► or ◀ to move cursor to Action Qualifier. Press ▲ or ▼ to change value. Press ► or ◀ to move cursor to Date & Time. Press ENTER when finished and save the new value. See RTC chapter of this manual for additional details.
Press ► to go to the next RTC screen.	Each RTC parameter can be changed by using the procedure described for RTC ACTION 1.		Press ▲ or ▼ to change value. Press ► or ◀ to move cursor to Action Qualifier. Press ▲ or ▼ to change value. Press ► or ◀ to move cursor to Date & Time. Press ENTER when finished and save the new value. See RTC chapter of this manual for additional details.

#### Example two:

	Keypad Screen										
Line 1	Prog								RTC		
Line 2	MESSAGE 1										
Line 3	Change Filter(s)									Monthly	
Line 4	Jul		17		2010		13	:	30	:	00
Line 5	Diag	C3603T1						Back			





# Appendix A

## Technical Specifications

### A.1 VS1SD Specifications

**Table A-1 VS1SD Specifications**

Input Ratings	Voltage	120	240	240	480
	Voltage Range	95-130	180-264	180-264	340-528
	Phase	Single Phase		Three Phase (single phase with derating)	
	Frequency	50/60Hz ±5%			
	Impedance	1% minimum from mains connection (3% minimum for AA frame drives)			

Output Ratings	Current	3-7A @ 120/240VAC, 1PH 3-54A @ 240VAC, 3PH 3-27A @ 480VAC, 3PH
	Overload Capacity	Constant Torque (Heavy Duty) = 150% for 60 seconds, 175% for 3 seconds
	Frequency	0-500Hz
	Voltage	0 to maximum input voltage (RMS)

Resolver Feedback	Feedback Type	Resolver coupled to motor shaft
	Sine/Cosine Inputs	$3.02 V_{RMS} \pm 7\%$ (maximum coupled)
	Excitation ( $V_{Reference}$ )	$8.85 V_{RMS}$ @ 10 kHz
	Transformation Ratio	Dependent on excitation frequency
	Positioning	Output for position loop controller, simulated resolver 1024 ppr quadrature with index

Protective Features	Servo Trip	Missing control power, over current, over voltage, under voltage, motor over speed, resolver loss, over temperature (motor or control), output shorted or grounded, motor overload
	Stall Prevention	Over voltage suppression, over current suppression
	External Output	LED trip condition indicators, 4 assignable logic outputs, 2 assignable analog outputs
	Short Circuit	Phase to phase, phase to ground
	Electronic Motor Overload	Meets UL508C (I <sup>2</sup> T)

Environmental Conditions	Temperature	-10°C to 45°C Derate 3% per degree C above 45°C to 55°C maximum ambient temperature
	Cooling	Forced air
	Enclosure	NEMA 1, IP20 (-1B), NEMA 4X, IP66 (-4B) Indoor mounting only.
	Altitude	Sea level to 3300 Feet (1000 Meters) Derate 2% per 1000 Feet (303 Meters) above 3300 Feet
	Humidity	10 to 90% RH Non-Condensing (NEMA 1); to 100% (NEMA 4X)
	Shock	1G
	Vibration	0.5G at 10Hz to 60Hz
	Storage Temperature	-30°C to +65°C
	Duty Cycle	1.0

**Table A-1 VS1SD Specifications Continued**

Keypad Display	Display	LCD Graphical 128x64 Pixel
	Keys	14 key membrane with tactile feedback
	Functions	Output status monitoring Digital speed control Parameter setting and display Diagnostic and Fault log display Motor run and jog Local/Remote toggle
	LED Indicators	Forward run command Reverse run command Stop command Jog active
	Remote Mount	200 feet (60.6m) maximum from control. (NEMA 4X requires purchase of separate keypad.)
	Trip	Separate message and trace log for each trip, last 10 trips retained in memory

Control Specifications	Control Method	Microprocessor controlled PWM output, brushless PM commutation control
	PWM Frequency	Adjustable 1.5-5kHz STD, 5-16kHz quiet
	Speed Setting	±5VDC, 0-5VDC ±10VDC, 0-10VDC, 4-20mA, 0-20mA; digital (keypad), Serial Comms/USB 2.0, and Modbus RTU standard
	Accel/Decel	0-3600 seconds
	Motor Matching	Automatic tuning to motor with manual override
	PC Setup Software	Mint WorkBench software available using USB2.0 port for commissioning wizard, firmware download, parameter viewer, scope capture and cloning
	Velocity Loop Bandwidth	Adjustable to 180Hz (Control only)
	Current Loop Bandwidth	Adjustable to 1200Hz (Control only)
	Maximum Output Frequency	500Hz
	Quiet PWM Frequency Version	Full rating 5-8kHz PWM frequency Adjustable to 16kHz with linear derating (between 8 - 16kHz) of 50% at 16kHz (Size AA and B only)
	Standard PWM Frequency Version	Full rating 1.5-2.5kHz PWM frequency Adjustable to 5kHz with linear derating (between 2.5 - 5kHz) of 20% (240VAC) at 5kHz Adjustable to 5kHz with linear derating (between 2.5 - 5kHz) of 25% (480/600VAC) at 5kHz
	Selectable Operating Modes	Keypad Standard Run 2Wire Standard Run 3Wire 15 Preset Speeds Fan Pump 2Wire Fan Pump 3Wire Process Control 3 Spd Ana 2Wire 3 Spd Ana 3Wire Electronic Pot 2Wire Electronic Pot 3Wire Network Profile Run 15 Preset Positions Bipolar Pulse Follower PLC

**Table A-1 VS1SD Specifications Continued**

Differential Analog Input	Common Mode Rejection	40DB
	Full Scale Range	±5VDC, ±10VDC, 4-20mA and 0-20mA
	Resolution	11 bits + sign
	Input Impedance	80 kOhms (Volt mode); 500 Ohms (Current mode)

Single Ended Analog Input	Full Scale Range	0 - 10VDC
	Resolution	11 bits
	Input Impedance	80 kOhms

Analog Outputs	Analog Outputs	2 Assignable
	Full Scale Range	AOUT1 (0-5V, 0-10V, 0-20mA or 4-20mA), AOUT2 (±5V, ±10V)
	Source Current	1 mA maximum (volt mode), 20mA (current mode)
	Resolution	9 bits + sign

Digital Inputs	Opto-isolated Inputs	8 Assignable, 1 dedicated input (Drive Enable)
	Rated Voltage	10 - 30VDC (closed contacts std)
	Input Impedance	4.71kOhms
	Leakage Current	10 µA maximum
	Update Rate	16msec

Digital Outputs (2 Opto Outputs)	Rated Voltage	5 to 30VDC
	Maximum Current	60mA Maximum
	ON Voltage Drop	2VDC Maximum
	OFF Leakage Current	0.1A Maximum
	Output Conditions	31 Conditions (see Output Setup Block parameter table, Chapter 7)

Digital Outputs (2 Relay Outputs)	Rated Voltage	5 to 30VDC or 240VAC
	Maximum Current	5A Maximum non-inductive
	Output Conditions	31 Conditions (see Output Setup Block parameter table, Chapter 7)

**Diagnostic Indications:**

Current Sense Fault  
Ground Fault  
Instantaneous Over Current  
Overload  
Line Power Loss  
Microprocessor Failure  
Over temperature (Motor or Control)  
Over speed

Regeneration (DB) Overload  
Soft Start Fault  
Under Voltage  
Ready  
Parameter Loss  
Overload  
Overvoltage  
Torque Proving

Following Error  
PWR Base Fault  
Logic Power Fault  
Resolver Loss

**Note:** All specifications are subject to change without notice.

## A.2 Specifications for Power Terminal Block Wiring

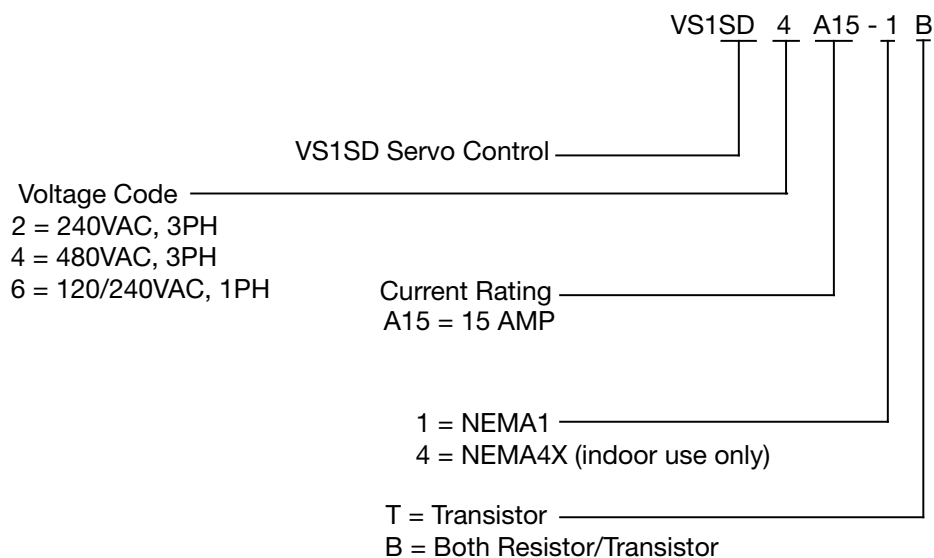
Table A-2 Terminal Tightening Torque Specifications

240 VAC Catalog No.	Tightening Torque											
	Power TB1		B+/R1; B+; B-; or R2		Ground		TH1 and TH2		Control J1, J2, P3		Control J3	
	In-lbs	N-M	In-lbs	N-M	In-lbs	N-M	In-lbs	N-M	In-lbs	N-M	In-lbs	N-M
VS1SD6A3-1B, 4B	12	1.36	12	1.36	12	1.36	4	0.45	2	0.56	5	0.56
VS1SD6A4-1B, 4B	12	1.36	12	1.36	12	1.36	4	0.45	2	0.56	5	0.56
VS1SD6A7-1B, 4B	12	1.36	12	1.36	12	1.36	4	0.45	2	0.56	5	0.56
VS1SD2A3-1B, 4B	12	1.36	12	1.36	12	1.36	4	0.45	2	0.56	5	0.56
VS1SD2A4-1B, 4B	12	1.36	12	1.36	12	1.36	4	0.45	2	0.56	5	0.56
VS1SD2A7-1B, 4B	12	1.36	12	1.36	12	1.36	4	0.45	2	0.56	5	0.56
VS1SD2A10-1B, 4B	12	1.36	12	1.36	12	1.36	4	0.45	2	0.56	5	0.56
VS1SD2A15-1B, 4B	12	1.36	12	1.36	12	1.36	4	0.45	2	0.56	5	0.56
VS1SD2A22-1B	12	1.36	12	1.36	12	1.36	4	0.45	2	0.56	5	0.56
VS1SD2A28-1B	35	4	35	4	35	4	4	0.45	2	0.56	5	0.56
VS1SD2A42-1B	35	4	35	4	35	4	4	0.45	2	0.56	5	0.56
VS1SD2A54-1B	35	4	35	4	35	4	4	0.45	2	0.56	5	0.56
VS1SD2A68-1B	35	4	35	4	35	4	4	0.45	2	0.56	5	0.56
VS1SD2A80-1B	35	4	35	4	35	4	4	0.45	2	0.56	5	0.56
VS1SD2A104-1B	35	4	35	4	35	4	4	0.45	2	0.56	5	0.56
VS1SD2A130-1B	180	20.3	80	9.1	80	9.1	6	0.68	2	0.56	5	0.56
VS1SD4A3-1B, 4B	12	1.36	12	1.36	12	1.36	4	0.45	2	0.56	5	0.56
VS1SD4A5-1B, 4B	12	1.36	12	1.36	12	1.36	4	0.45	2	0.56	5	0.56
VS1SD4A8-1B, 4B	12	1.36	12	1.36	12	1.36	4	0.45	2	0.56	5	0.56
VS1SD4A11-1B, 4B	12	1.36	12	1.36	12	1.36	4	0.45	2	0.56	5	0.56
VS1SD4A14-1B	12	1.36	12	1.36	12	1.36	4	0.45	2	0.56	5	0.56
VS1SD4A21-1B	12	1.36	12	1.36	12	1.36	4	0.45	2	0.56	5	0.56
VS1SD4A27-1B	12	1.36	12	1.36	12	1.36	4	0.45	2	0.56	5	0.56
VS1SD4A34-1B	12	1.36	12	1.36	12	1.36	4	0.45	2	0.56	5	0.56
VS1SD4A40-1B	35	4	35	4	35	4	4	0.45	2	0.56	5	0.56
VS1SD4A65-1B	35	4	35	4	35	4	4	0.45	2	0.56	5	0.56
VS1SD4A77-1B	180	20.3	80	9.1	50	5.6	6	0.68	2	0.56	5	0.56
VS1SD4A96-1B	180	20.3	80	9.1	50	5.6	6	0.68	2	0.56	5	0.56
VS1SD4A124-1B	180	20.3	80	9.1	50	5.6	6	0.68	2	0.56	5	0.56

### A.3 Identifying the Drive by Model Number

Each drive can be identified by its model number, as shown in Figure A-1. The model number is on the shipping label and the drive nameplate. The model number includes the drive and any options. Drive model numbers for the VS1SD drive are provided in Table A-3. Goods may be returned only with written notification including a BALDOR Return Authorization Number and any return shipments must be prepaid.

**Figure A-1 Drive Identification**



### A.4 Storage Guidelines

If you need to store the drive, follow these recommendations to prolong drive life and performance:

- Store the drive within an ambient temperature range of -40°C to +70°C.
- Store the drive within a relative humidity range of 0% to 90%, non-condensing.
- Do not expose the drive to a corrosive atmosphere.

## A.5 VS1SD Drive Ratings, Model Numbers and Frame Sizes

Similar VS1SD drive sizes are grouped into frame sizes to simplify re-ordering and dimensioning. Refer to Table A-5 for the dimensions of each frame size.

Table A-3 provides VS1SD drive ratings, model numbers and frame sizes.

**Table A-3 Drive Ratings, Model Numbers and Frame Sizes**

Catalog No.	Input Volt	Size	Quiet 8.0kHz PWM			Standard 2.5kHz PWM		
			Constant Torque			Constant Torque		
			Input Amp	Output		Input Amp	Output	
				IC	IP		IC	IP
VS1SD6A3-1B, 4B	120	AA	10	3.2	6.4	12	4.2	7.4
	240	AA	4.8	3.2	6.4	6.3	4.2	7.4
VS1SD6A4-1B, 4B	120	AA	12	4.2	8.4	20	6.8	11.9
	240	AA	6.3	4.2	8.4	10.2	6.8	11.9
VS1SD6A7-1B, 4B	120	AA	20	6.8	13.6	30	9.6	16.8
	240	AA	10.2	6.8	13.6	14.4	9.6	16.8
VS1SD2A3-1B, 4B	240	AA	3.2	3.2	6.4	4.2	4.2	7.4
VS1SD2A4-1B, 4B	240	AA	4.2	4.2	8.4	6.8	6.8	11.9
VS1SD2A7-1B, 4B	240	AA	6.8	6.8	13.6	9.6	9.6	16.8
VS1SD2A10-1B, 4B	240	AA	9.6	9.6	19.2	15.2	15.2	26.6
VS1SD2A15-1B, 4B	240	AA	15.2	15.2	30.4	22	22	38.5
VS1SD2A22-1B	240	B	22	22	44	28	28	49
VS1SD2A28-1B	240	B	28	28	56	42	42	74
VS1SD2A42-1B	240	B	42	42	84	54	55	94.5
VS1SD2A54-1B	240	C	54	54	94.5	68	68	119
VS1SD2A68-1B	240	C	68	68	119	80	80	140
VS1SD2A80-1B	240	C	80	80	140	104	104	182
VS1SD2A104-1B	240	D	104	104	182	130	130	228
VS1SD2A130-1B	240	D	130	130	228	154	154	270
VS1SD4A3-1B, 4B	480	AA	3.4	3.4	6.8	3.4	4.8	8.4
VS1SD4A5-1B, 4B	480	AA	4.8	4.8	9.6	4.8	7.6	13.3
VS1SD4A8-1B, 4B	480	AA	7.6	7.6	15.2	7.6	11.0	19.3
VS1SD4A11-1B, 4B	480	AA	11	11	22	11	14	24.5
VS1SD4A14-1B	480	B	14	14	28	14	21	36.8
VS1SD4A21-1B	480	B	21	21	42	21	27	47.3
VS1SD4A27-1B	480	B	27	27	54	27	34	59.5
VS1SD4A34-1B	480	C	34	34	60	40	40	70
VS1SD4A40-1B	480	C	40	40	70	52	52	91
VS1SD4A65-1B	480	D	65	65	114	77	77	135
VS1SD4A77-1B	480	D	77	77	135	96	96	168
VS1SD4A96-1B	480	D	96	96	168	124	124	217
VS1SD4A124-1B	480	D	124	124	217	156	156	273

## A.6 VS1SD Terminal Wire Gauge Specification

Table A-4 specifies the wire gauge allowed for each terminal in the drives.

**Table A-4 Terminal Wire Gauge Specification**

Catalog Number	Power AWG Min-Max	B+/R1, R2 & B- AWG Min-Max	Ground AWG Min-Max	TH1/TH2 AWG Min-Max	Control J1, J2 & P3 AWG Min-Max	Control J3 AWG Min-Max
VS1SD6A3-1B, 4B	18-6	18-6	18-6	24-14	30-14	28-12
VS1SD6A4-1B, 4B	18-6	18-6	18-6	24-14	30-14	28-12
VS1SD6A7-1B, 4B	18-6	18-6	18-6	24-14	30-14	28-12
VS1SD2A3-1B, 4B	18-6	18-6	18-6	24-14	30-14	28-12
VS1SD2A4-1B, 4B	18-6	18-6	18-6	24-14	30-14	28-12
VS1SD2A7-1B, 4B	18-6	18-6	18-6	24-14	30-14	28-12
VS1SD2A10-1B, 4B	18-6	18-6	18-6	24-14	30-14	28-12
VS1SD2A15-1B, 4B	18-6	18-6	18-6	24-14	30-14	28-12
VS1SD2A22-1B	18-6	18-6	18-6	24-14	30-14	28-12
VS1SD2A28-1B	18-6	18-6	18-6	24-14	30-14	28-12
VS1SD2A42-1B	18-6	18-6	18-6	24-14	30-14	28-12
VS1SD2A54-1B	8-1	8-1	8-1	24-14	30-14	28-12
VS1SD2A68-1B	8-1	8-1	8-1	24-14	30-14	28-12
VS1SD2A80-1B	8-1	8-1	8-1	24-14	30-14	28-12
VS1SD2A104-1B	8-1	8-1	8-1	24-14	30-14	28-12
VS1SD2A130-1B	14-3/0	14-2/0	(4) 14-2/0	26-10	30-14	28-12
VS1SD4A3-1B, 4B	8-1	8-1	8-1	24-14	30-14	28-12
VS1SD4A5-1B, 4B	8-1	8-1	8-1	24-14	30-14	28-12
VS1SD4A8-1B, 4B	14-3/0	14-2/0	(4) 14-2/0	26-10	30-14	28-12
VS1SD4A11-1B, 4B	14-3/0	14-2/0	(4) 14-2/0	26-10	30-14	28-12
VS1SD4A14-1B	18-6	18-6	18-6	24-14	30-14	28-12
VS1SD4A21-1B	18-6	18-6	18-6	24-14	30-14	28-12
VS1SD4A27-1B	18-6	18-6	18-6	24-14	30-14	28-12
VS1SD4A34-1B	18-6	18-6	18-6	24-14	30-14	28-12
VS1SD4A40-1B	8-1	8-1	8-1	24-14	30-14	28-12
VS1SD4A65-1B	8-1	8-1	8-1	24-14	30-14	28-12
VS1SD4A77-1B	14-3/0	14-2/0	(4) 14-2/0	26-10	30-14	28-12
VS1SD4A96-1B	14-3/0	14-2/0	(4) 14-2/0	26-10	30-14	28-12
VS1SD4A124-1B	14-3/0	14-2/0	(4) 14-2/0	26-10	30-14	28-12

A.7 Mounting Dimensions for the VS1SD Drive

Figure A-2 Drive Dimensions

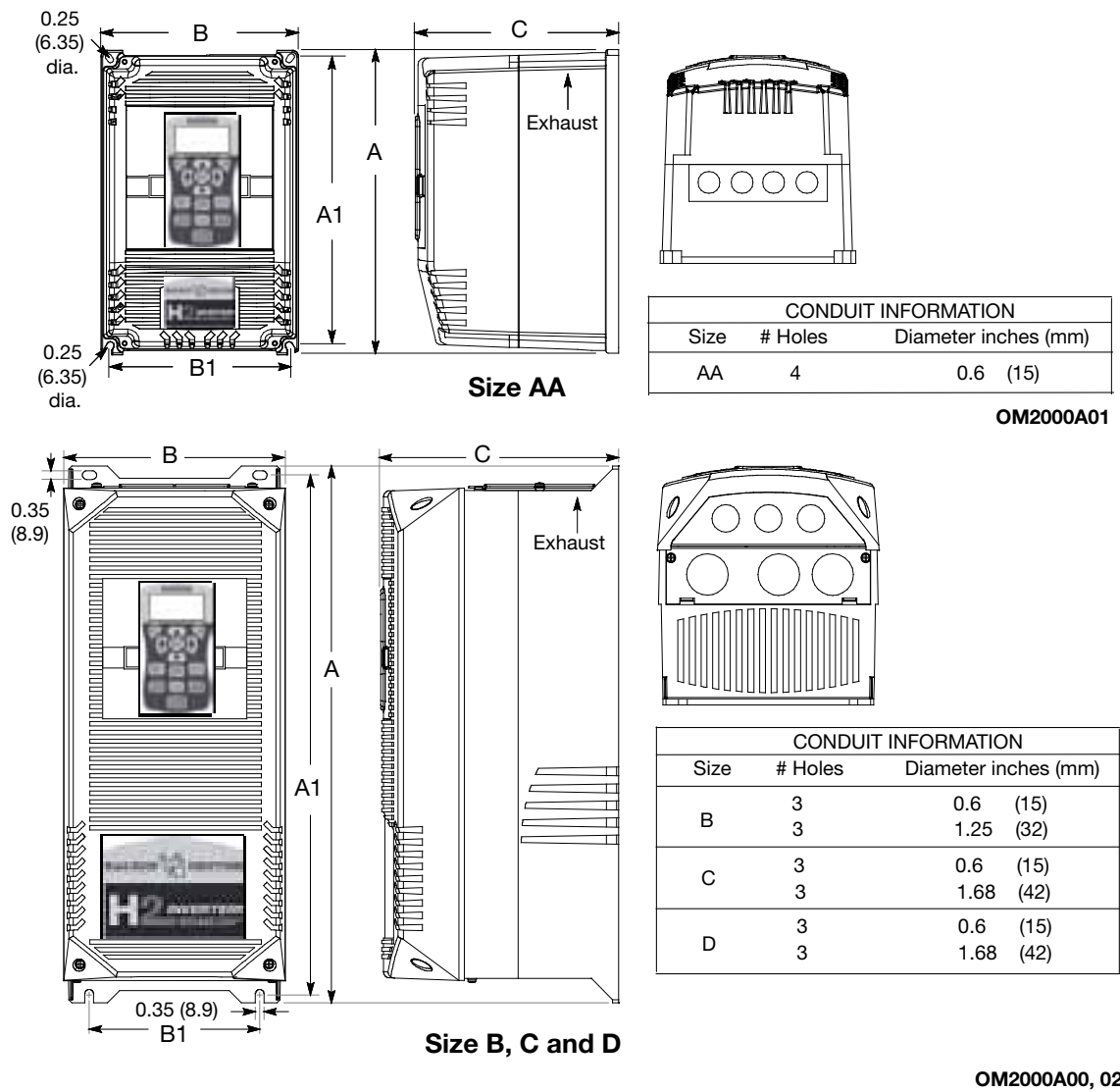


Table A-5 Mounting Dimensions

Size	Dimensions inches (mm)					Weight
	Outside			Mounting		
	Height (A)	Width (B)	Depth (C)	Height (A1)	Width (B1)	lb (kg)
AA	12.27 (311)	7.97 (202)	8.21 (208)	11.75 (298)	7.38 (187)	20 (9.1)
B	18.00 (457)	9.10 (231)	9.75 (248)	17.25 (438)	7.00 (178)	30 (13.6)
C	22.00 (559)	9.10 (231)	9.75 (248)	21.25 (540)	7.00 (178)	60 (27.2)
D	28.00 (711)	11.50 (292)	13.00 (330)	27.25 (692)	9.50 (241)	120 (54.4)



# Appendix B

## Parameter Tables

### B.1 Level 1 Parameters (Advanced Prog, Level 1 Blocks)

All parameters displayed in this appendix are Parameter Table 1 (T1) factory set values. Setting parameter P2103 to yes will load these values into all four parameter tables. Level 1 & 2 parameters are secured by security access code (P2107).

**Table B-1 Parameter Block Values Level 1**

Block Title	Parameter	P#	Adjustable Range	Factory	User Setting
PRESET SPEEDS	PRESET SPEED 1	1001	0 - MAX Speed	30	
	PRESET SPEED 2	1002	0 - MAX Speed	60	
	PRESET SPEED 3	1003	0 - MAX Speed	90	
	PRESET SPEED 4	1004	0 - MAX Speed	120	
	PRESET SPEED 5	1005	0 - MAX Speed	150	
	PRESET SPEED 6	1006	0 - MAX Speed	180	
	PRESET SPEED 7	1007	0 - MAX Speed	210	
	PRESET SPEED 8	1008	0 - MAX Speed	240	
	PRESET SPEED 9	1009	0 - MAX Speed	270	
	PRESET SPEED 10	1010	0 - MAX Speed	300	
	PRESET SPEED 11	1011	0 - MAX Speed	330	
	PRESET SPEED 12	1012	0 - MAX Speed	360	
	PRESET SPEED 13	1013	0 - MAX Speed	390	
	PRESET SPEED 14	1014	0 - MAX Speed	420	
	PRESET SPEED 15	1015	0 - MAX Speed	450	
RAMP RATES	ACCEL TIME 1	1101	0.0 to 3600.0 Seconds	3.0	
	START S-ACC 1	1102	0.0 - 100.0%	0.0	
	END S-ACC 1	1103	0.0 - 100.0%	0.0	
	DECEL TIME 1	1104	0.0 to 3600.0 Seconds	3.0	
	START S-DEC 1	1105	0.0 - 100.0%	0.0	
	END S-DEC 1	1106	0.0 - 100.0%	0.0	
	ACCEL TIME 2	1107	0.0 to 3600.0 Seconds	3.0	
	START S-ACC 2	1108	0.0 - 100.0%	0.0	
	END S-ACC 2	1109	0.0 - 100.0%	0.0	
	DECEL TIME 2	1110	0.0 to 3600.0 Seconds	3.0	
	START S-DEC 2	1111	0.0 - 100.0%	0.0	
	END S-DEC 2	1112	0.0 - 100.0%	0.0	
	PL DEC TIME	1113	0.0 to 3600.0 Seconds	1.0	
JOG SETTINGS	JOG SPEED	1201	0 - MAX Speed	210	
	JOG ACCEL TIME	1202	0.0 to 3600.0 Seconds	10.0	
	JOG START S-ACC	1203	0.0 - 100.0%	0.0	
	JOG END S-ACC	1204	0.0 - 100.0%	0.0	
	JOG DECEL TIME	1205	0.0 to 3600.0 Seconds	10.0	
	JOG START S-DEC	1206	0.0 - 100.0%	0.0	
	JOG END S-DEC	1207	0.0 - 100.0%	0.0	
	JOG FORWARD	1209	0-Off 1-On	1	
	JOG REVERSE	1210	0-Off 1-On	1	

**Table B-1 Parameter Block Values Level 1 (Cont.)**

Block Title	Parameter	P#	Adjustable Range	Factory	User Setting
KEYPAD SETUP	STOP KEY	1301	0-Off (Keypad Stop inactive in remote) 1-On (Keypad Stop active in remote)	1	
	STOP MODE	1302	0-Regen 1-Coast	0	
	RUN FORWARD	1303	0-Off 1-On	1	
	RUN REVERSE	1304	0-Off 1-On	1	
	SWITCH ON FLY	1305	0-Off 1-On	0	
	LOCAL HOT START	1306	0-Off 1-On	0	
	SPEED INCREMENT	1307	0 - 2500RPM or 0.01 to 60Hz	30	
	INIT LOCAL SPEED	1308	0-Zero 1-Last Speed 2-Set Speed	0	
	SET SPEED	1309	0 - MAX Speed RPM	30	
	PARAMS TO KEYPAD	1310	0-No 1-Yes	0	
	DOWNLOAD SELECT	1311	0-All 1-Motor 2-Other	0	
	KEYPAD TO PARAMS	1312	0-No 1-Yes	0	
	KEYPAD CONTRAST	1313	0 - 100% (0=dimmiest, 100=brightest)	50	
	BACKLIGHT	1314	0-Off 1-On	1	
	LOC TORQUE MODE	1315	0-Off 1-On	0	
	LOC TORQUE REF	1316	-100.00 to 100.00%	0.00	
INPUT SETUP	OPERATING MODE	1401	0-Keypad 1-Standard Run 2Wire 2-Standard Run 3Wire 3-15 Preset Speeds 4- Fan & Pump 2Wire 5- Fan & Pump 3Wire 6-Process Control 7-3Spd Ana 2Wire 8-3Spd Ana 3Wire 9-E-Pot 2Wire 10-E-Pot 3Wire 11-Network 12-Profile Run 13-15 Preset Positions 14-Bipolar 15-Pulse Follower 16-PLC	0	
	COMMAND SOURCE	1402	0-None 1-Analog In1 2-Analog In2 3-Keypad 4-Network 5-Composite Ref 6-Opt1 Ana In1 7-Opt1 Ana In2 8-Opt2 Ana In1 9-Opt2 Ana In2 10-EXB Pulse Fol	1	

**Table B-1 Parameter Block Values Level 1 (Cont.)**

Block Title	Parameter	P#	Adjustable Range	Factory	User Setting
INPUT SETUP (Continued)	ANA IN1 TYPE	1403	0-None 1-Potentiometer	1	
	ANA IN1 INVERT	1404	0-Off 1-On	0	
	ANA IN1 GAIN	1405	0.0% to 300.0%	100.0	
	ANA IN1 OFFSET	1406	-100.0% to 100.0%	0.0	
	ANA IN1 FILTER	1407	0 (No Filter) to 6 (Max Filter)	0	
	ANA IN2 TYPE	1408	0-None 1-(-10V to +10V) 2-(-5V to +5V) 3-(4 to 20mA) 4-(0 to 20mA) 5-(0 to 10V) 6-(0 to 5V)	1	
	ANA IN2 INVERT	1409	0-Off 1-On	0	
	ANA IN2 GAIN	1410	0.0% to 300.0%	100.0	
	ANA IN2 OFFSET	1411	-100.0% to 100.0%	0.0	
	ANA IN2 D.BAND	1412	0.0% to 75.0%	0.0	
	ANA IN2 FILTER	1413	0 (No Filter) to 6 (Max Filter)	0	
	EXT. CUR LIMIT	1414	0-Off 1-On	0	
	CURR LMT SOURCE	1415	0-None 1-Analog In1 2-Analog In2 3-Keypad 4-Composite Ref 5-Opt1 Ana In1 6-Opt1 Ana In2 7-Opt2 Ana In1 8-Opt2 Ana In2 9-Network	0	
	SLEEP MODE	1416	0-Off 1-On	0	
	CMD SLEEP BAND	1417	0.00 to 100.00%	0.00	
	TORQUE FF SRC	1418	0-None 1-Analog In1 2-Analog In2 3-Keypad 4-Composite Ref 5-Opt1 Ana In1 6-Opt1 Ana In2 7-Opt2 Ana In1 8-Opt2 Ana In2	0	

**Table B-1 Parameter Block Values Level 1 (Cont.)**

Block Title	Parameter	P#	Adjustable Range	Factory	User Setting
OUTPUT SETUP	DIGITAL OUTPUT 1	1501	0-Drive Run	1	
	DIGITAL OUTPUT 2	1502	1-Drive Ready	8	
	RELAY OUTPUT 1	1503	2-Drive On	9	
	RELAY OUTPUT 2	1504	3-Drive Stopped	17	
			4-Jog		
			5-Accelerate		
			6-Constant Speed		
			7-Decelerate		
			8-At Zero Speed		
			9-At Speed		
			10-At Set Speed		
			11-Current Overload		
			12-Current Underload		
			13-I <sup>2</sup> T Overload		
			14-Keypad Control		
			15-Dynamic Brake		
			16-Foldback		
			17-Fault		
			18-Alarm		
			19-Command Forward		
			20-Command Reverse		
			21-Motor Forward		
			22-Motor Reverse		
			23-Process Error		
			24-Network		
			25-At Position		
			26-In Motion		
			27-PLC		
			28-RTC		
			29-Powered Up		
	ZERO SPD SET PT	1505	0 - MAX Speed	180	
	AT SPD BAND	1506	0 - 100 RPM	60	
	SET SPEED POINT	1507	0 - MAX Speed RPM	1800	
	OVERLOAD SET PT	1508	0.0 - 200.0%	150.0	
	UNDERLOAD SET PT	1509	0.0 - 200.0%	50.0	
	ANA OUT1 TYPE	1510	0-(0 to +10V) 1-(0 to 5V) 2-(4mA to 20mA) 3-(0mA to 20mA)	0	

**Table B-1 Parameter Block Values Level 1 (Cont.)**

Block Title	Parameter	P#	Adjustable Range	Factory	User Setting
OUTPUT SETUP (Continued)	ANA OUT1 SIGNAL	1511	0-Speed Ref 1-Speed Demand 2-ACC/DEC 3-Motor Current 4-Mag Current 5-Mag Curr Cmd 6-Load Current 7-Load Curr Cmd 8-Power Factor 9-Ph1 Current 10-Ph2 Current 11-Ph3 Current 12-Motor Voltage 13-VD Demand 14-VQ Demand 15-Bus Voltage 16-Abs Torque 17-Torque 18-Control Temp 19-Analog In1 20-Analog In2 21-Opt1 Ana In1 22-Opt1 Ana In2 23-Opt2 Ana In1 24-Opt2 Ana In2 25-Proc Feedforward 26-Proc Feedback 27-Proc Setpoint 28-Electric Angle 29-Abs Speed 30-Velocity 31-Network 32-Composite Ref 33-Power (kW) 34-Calibrate	29	
	ANA OUT1 GAIN	1512	0.0 - 200.0%	100.0	
	ANA OUT2 TYPE	1513	0-(+/-5V) 1-(+/-10V)	1	

**Table B-1 Parameter Block Values Level 1 (Cont.)**

Block Title	Parameter	P#	Adjustable Range	Factory	User Setting
OUTPUT SETUP (Continued)	ANA OUT2 SIGNAL	1514	0-Speed Ref 1-Speed Demand 2-ACC/DEC 3-Motor Current 4-Mag Current 5-Mag Curr Cmd 6-Load Current 7-Load Curr Cmd 8-Power Factor 9-Ph1 Current 10-Ph2 Current 11-Ph3 Current 12-Motor Voltage 13-VD Demand 14-VQ Demand 15-Bus Voltage 16-Abs Torque 17-Torque 18-Control Temp 19-Analog In1 20-Analog In2 21-Opt1 Ana In1 22-Opt1 Ana In2 23-Opt2 Ana In1 24-Opt2 Ana In2 25-Proc Feedforward 26-Proc Feedback 27-Proc Setpoint 28-Electric Angle 29-Abs Speed 30-Velocity 31-Network 32-Composite Ref 33-Power (kW) 34-Calibrate	3	
	ANA OUT2 GAIN	1515	0.0 - 200.0%	100.0	
	CAL ANA OUT	1516	-100.0% to 100.0%	0.0	
	AT POS BAND (for Feedback Device Only)	1517	1 to 4095 Counts	10	
MOTOR CONTROL	CONTROL TYPE	1601	3-AC Servo (only value selection)	3	
	FEEDBACK ALIGN	1631	0-Forward 1-Reverse	0	
	FEEDBACK FILTER	1632	0 - 7	4	
	CURR PROP GAIN	1633	0 - 150	20	
	CURR INT GAIN	1634	0.0 - 3000.00Hz	150.00	
	SPEED PROP GAIN	1635	0.0 - 1000.00	1.000	
	SPEED INT GAIN	1636	0.00 - 1000.00Hz	1.000	
	SPEED DIFF GAIN	1637	0.00 - 1.00000	0.00000	
	POSITION GAIN	1638	0.0 - 1000.0	8.0	
	A.S. PROP GAIN	1639	0.0 - 255.0	10.0	
	A.S. INT GAIN	1640	0.00 - 150.00Hz	50.0	
	FEEDBACK OFFSET (for Resolver Feedback Only)	1671	0.00 to 360.00°	46.60°	
	STATOR L	1672	0.0 to 1000.0mH	CALC	
	STATOR R	1673	0.0 to 1000.0Ω	CALC	
	VOLTAGE CONSTANT	1674	0.0 to 1500.0V/kRPM	CALC	

**Table B-1 Parameter Block Values Level 1 (Cont.)**

Block Title	Parameter	P#	Adjustable Range	Factory	User Setting
COMMUNI- CATION	BAUD RATE	1701	0-9600 1-19200 2-38400 3-56000 4-115200	1	
	PARITY	1702	0-None 1-Odd 2-Even	0	
	STOP BITS	1703	0-One 1-Two	0	
	DRIVE ADDRESS	1704	1 - 247	1	
	OPT CARD RESET	1705	0-Off 1-Slot 1 2-Slot 2 3-Slots 1 & 2	0	
	SECURITY DEFAULT	1706	0-No 1-Yes	0	
	BROWSER USER ID	1707	ASCII user ID for the Ethernet Web Browser Option Board if installed.	baldor	
	BROWSER PASSWORD	1709	Password for the Ethernet Web Browser Option Board if installed.	baldor	
CUSTOM MOTOR	ALIGNMENT CURRENT	1821	10.0 to 100.0%	50.00%	
	ALIGNMENT TIME	1822	0.0 to 60.0 seconds	5.0	

## B.2 Level 2 Parameters (Advanced Prog, Level 2 Blocks)

Table B-2 Parameter Block Values Level 2

Block Title	Parameter	P#	Adjustable Range	Factory	User Setting
DRIVE LIMITS	OPERATING ZONE	2001	0-Std Const Torq 1-Std Var Torq 2-Quiet Const Torq 3-Quiet Var Torq	2	
	MIN OUTPUT SPEED	2002	0 - MAX Speed RPM	0	
	MAX OUTPUT SPEED	2003	500 - 15,000RPM	2500	
	PWM FREQUENCY	2004	1000 - 16000Hz	8000	
	CURR RATE LIMIT	2005	0.000 - 10.000 seconds	0.004	
	PEAK CURR LEVEL	2006	0.000 – Peak Rated Current	CALC	
	REGEN TORQ LIMIT	2007	0.0 - 200%	CALC	
DRIVE CONFIGURE	SPEED UNITS	2101	0-Hz 1-RPM	1	
	LANGUAGE SELECT	2102	0-English 1-Other (Spanish, German, Italian, French, or Portuguese)	0	
	FACTORY SETTINGS	2103	0-No 1-Yes	0	
	SECURITY	2105	0-Off 1-Local 2-Network 3-Total	0	
	ACCESS TIMEOUT	2106	1.0 - 600.0 seconds	5.0	
	ACCESS CODE	2107	0 - 9999	9999	
	ACTIVE PARAM TBL	0052	0-T1 1-T2 2-T3 3-T4	0	
	CLEAR FAULT LOG	2108	0-No 1-Yes	0	
	POWER INPUT	2110	0-Single Phase 1-Common Bus Slave 2-Three Phase 3-Common Bus Master	2	
	EXECUTE MACRO	2112	0-No 1-M1 2-M2 3-M3 4-M4 5-M5	0	
	UNDO MACRO	2113	0-No 1-Yes	0	
	TORQ ENABLE SEQ	2114	0-Torque On Enable 1-Torque On Command	0	
DRIVE PROTECT	EXTERNAL TRIP	2201	0-Off 1-On	0	
	FOLLOWING ERROR	2202	0-Off 1-On	0	
	FEEDBACK LOSS	2204	0-Off 1-On	0	
	OVERLOAD	2206	0-Fault 1-Foldback 2-Hold	0	



**Table B-2 Parameter Block Values Level 2 (Cont.)**

Block Title	Parameter	P#	Adjustable Range	Factory	User Setting
DRIVE PROTECT (Continued)	OVER TEMPERATURE	2210	0-Derate 1-Fault	1	
	POWER DOWN OPTIONS	2211	0-Fault 1-Ride Through	0	
	CNTRL STP BUS LBL	2212	200 to 800V	CACL	
	CNTL STOP DELAY	2213	0-3600.0 Seconds	1	
	Kp RIDE THROUGH	2214	0-1000.0000	10	
	Ki RIDE THROUGH	2215	0-1000.0000	0	
MISCELLA- NEOUS	AUTO RESTART	2301	0-Manual 1-At Powerup 2-After Fault 3-Both	1	
	RESTARTS/HOUR	2302	0 - 10	3	
	RESTART DELAY	2303	0 - 3600 seconds	3	
	PWM TECHNIQUE	2304	0-Space Vector 1-Sine Triangle	1	
	COST OF ENERGY	2305	0.00 - 99999.00\$/KWH	0.10	
	RESET ENERGY	2306	0-No 1-Yes	0	
	HOMING SPEED	2307	0 - MAX Speed RPM	90	
	HOMING OFFSET	2308	-9999 to 20000 counts	1024	
	FILTER TYPE	2309	0-None 1-Low Pass 2-High Pass 3-Notch	0	
	FILTER SOURCE	2310	0-None 1-Raw Speed 2-Torque 3-Analog In1 4-Analog In2 5-Composite Ref 6-Opt1 Ana In1 7-Opt1 Ana In2 8-Opt2 Ana In1 9-Opt2 Ana In2	0	
	FILTER DEST	2311	0-None 1-Speed Loop 2-Torque Loop 3-Speed FFWD 4-Process FBK 5-Process FFWD 6-Process SP	0	
	FILTER CUTOFF	2312	0.00 - 1000.00Hz	0.00	
	NOTCH CNTR FREQ	2313	0.00 - 500.00Hz	0.00	
	NOTCH BAND	2314	0.00 - 200.00Hz	0.00	
MOTOR DATA	MOTOR RATED AMPS	2402	0 - MAX AMPS	CALC	
	MOTOR RATED SPD	2403	10 - 30000RPM	2500	
	ENCODER COUNTS	2408	50 - 20000	Use default setting only	
	FEEDBACK SOURCE	2409	0-None 1-Option Slot1 2-Option Slot2 3-Daughter FDBK	Use default setting only	

**Table B-2 Parameter Block Values Level 2 (Cont.)**

Block Title	Parameter	P#	Adjustable Range	Factory	User Setting
MOTOR DATA (Continued)	ENCODER TYPE	2410	0-Single 1-Differential	Use default setting only	
	RESOLVER SPEED	2411	0 - 10	1	
	MOTOR POLE PAIRS	2413	1 - 100	2	
	CALC MOTOR MODEL	2414	0-No 1-Yes	0	
	REVERSE ROTATION	2415	0-Off 1-On	0	
BRAKE ADJUST	RESISTOR OHMS	2501	0 - 255.00hms	CALC	
	RESISTOR WATTS	2502	0 - 999999Watts	CALC	
	RESISTOR TTC	2503	20 - 3600 seconds	CALC	
PROCESS CONTROL	PROCESS TYPE	2601	0-None 1-Forward Acting 2-Reverse Acting	0	
	SETPOINT ADJ LIM	2602	0.0 - 100.0%	100.0%	
	PROC FEEDBACK	2603	0-None 1-Setpoint Cmd 2-Local Speed Ref 3-Analog In1 4-Analog In2 5-Network 6-Composite Ref 7-Opt1 Ana In1 8-Opt1 Ana In2 9-Opt2 Ana In1 10-Opt2 Ana In2	0	
	SETPOINT SOURCE	2604	0-None 1-Setpoint Cmd 2-Local Speed Ref 3-Analog In1 4-Analog In2 5-Network 6-Composite Ref 7-Opt1 Ana In1 8-Opt1 Ana In2 9-Opt2 Ana In1 10-Opt2 Ana In2	0	
	SETPOINT COMMAND	2605	-100.0% to +100.0%	0.0	
	PROC ERR TOL	2606	0.0 - 100.0%	10.0	
	PROC PROP GAIN	2607	0.0000 - 1000.0000	1.0000	
	PROC INTG GAIN	2608	0.0000 - 1000.0000	0.0000	
	PROC INTG CLAMP	2609	0.0 - 100.0%	100.0	
	PROC DIFF GAIN	2610	0.0000 - 1000.0000	0.0000	
	PROFILE ADJUST	2611	0-Off 1-On	0	
	PROFILE ADJ BAND	2612	0.0 - 200.0%	50.0	
	PROC SLEEP BAND	2613	0.0 - 100.0%	0.0	
	PROC OUT FILTER	2614	0.0 - 100.0 seconds	0.00	
	PROC OUT OFFSET	2615	-100.0 - 100.0%	0.0	
	PROC OUT GAIN	2616	0.0 - 200.0%	100.0	

**Table B-2 Parameter Block Values Level 2 (Cont.)**

Block Title	Parameter	P#	Adjustable Range	Factory	User Setting
AUTO TUNE	ANA OFFSET TRIM	2901	0-No 1-Yes	0	
	ONE-STEP TUNING	2902	0-No 1-Yes	0	
	CUR. LOOP TUNE	2906	0-No 1-Yes	0	
	FLUX CUR. TUNE	2907	0-No 1-Yes	0	
	FEEDBACK TEST	2908	0-No 1-Yes	0	
	SPEED LOOP TUNE	2910	0-No 1-Yes	0	

### B.3 Level 3 Parameters (Advanced Prog, Level 3 Blocks)

**Table B-3 Parameter Block Values Level 3**

Block Title	Parameter	P#	Adjustable Range	Factory	User Setting
PROFILE RUN	NUMBER OF CYCLES	3001	0 - 255	0	
	PR RESTART MODE	3002	0-Restart 1-Continue	0	
	SPEED CURVE 1	3003	0-FWD-Group1 1-REV-Group1 2-FWD-Group2 3-REV-Group2	0	
	PROFILE TIME 1	3004	0 - 99999.00 seconds	0.00	
	SPEED CURVE 2	3005	0-FWD-Group1 1-REV-Group1 2-FWD-Group2 3-REV-Group2	0	
	PROFILE TIME 2	3006	0 - 99999.00 seconds	0.00	
	SPEED CURVE 3	3007	0-FWD-Group1 1-REV-Group1 2-FWD-Group2 3-REV-Group2	0	
	PROFILE TIME 3	3008	0 - 99999.00 seconds	0.00	
	SPEED CURVE 4	3009	0-FWD-Group1 1-REV-Group1 2-FWD-Group2 3-REV-Group2	0	
	PROFILE TIME 4	3010	0 - 99999.00 seconds	0.00	
	SPEED CURVE 5	3011	0-FWD-Group1 1-REV-Group1 2-FWD-Group2 3-REV-Group2	0	
	PROFILE TIME 5	3012	0 - 99999.00 seconds	0.00	
	SPEED CURVE 6	3013	0-FWD-Group1 1-REV-Group1 2-FWD-Group2 3-REV-Group2	0	
	PROFILE TIME 6	3014	0 - 99999.00 seconds	0.00	
	SPEED CURVE 7	3015	0-FWD-Group1 1-REV-Group1 2-FWD-Group2 3-REV-Group2	0	
	PROFILE TIME 7	3016	0 - 99999.00 seconds	0.00	
PULSE FOLLOWER	ASTER PPR	3101	50 - 20000 counts	1024	
	INPUT VOLTS	3102	0-5V 1-12V	0	
	INPUT TYPE	3103	0-None 1-Quadrature 2-Speed	1	
	TRACK MODE	3104	0-Velocity Following 1-Position Following 2-Position Sync	0	
	INCREMENT STEP	3105	1 - 1024	1	
	RX RATIO INPUT	3106	1 - 1048576	1024	
	RX RATIO OUT 1	3107	1 - 1048576	1024	

**Table B-3 Parameter Block Values Level 3 (Cont.)**

Block Title	Parameter	P#	Adjustable Range	Factory	User Setting
PULSE FOLLOWER (Continued)	RX RATIO OUT 2	3108	1 - 1048576	1024	
	RX RATIO OUT 3	3109	1 - 1048576	1024	
	RX RATIO OUT 4	3110	1 - 1048576	1024	
	OUTPUT TYPE	3111	0-Quadrature 1-Speed	0	
	TX RATIO INPUT	3112	1 - 1048576	1024	
	TX RATIO OUTPUT	3113	1 - 1048576	1024	
	SAVE RX OUT RATIO	3114	0 - 1	0	
CUSTOM UNITS	MAX DEC PLACES	3201	0 - 5	1	
	VALUE AT SPEED	3202	0.0 - 9999999.0 (X.X: YRPM)	0.0: 0RPM	
	UNITS OF MEASURE	3203	ASCII & Graphic Characters	Cust	
PRESET POSITIONS [2]	PRESET REVs 2	3301	(-49999 to 49999) : (-4095 to 4095)	1:0000	
	PRESET REVs 3	3302	(-49999 to 49999) : (-4095 to 4095)	2:0000	
	PRESET REVs 4	3303	(-49999 to 49999) : (-4095 to 4095)	3:0000	
	PRESET REVs 5	3304	(-49999 to 49999) : (-4095 to 4095)	4:0000	
	PRESET REVs 6	3305	(-49999 to 49999) : (-4095 to 4095)	5:0000	
	PRESET REVs 7	3306	(-49999 to 49999) : (-4095 to 4095)	6:0000	
	PRESET REVs 8	3307	(-49999 to 49999) : (-4095 to 4095)	7:0000	
	PRESET REVs 9	3308	(-49999 to 49999) : (-4095 to 4095)	8:0000	
	PRESET REVs 10	3309	(-49999 to 49999) : (-4095 to 4095)	9:0000	
	PRESET REVs 11	3310	(-49999 to 49999) : (-4095 to 4095)	10:0000	
	PRESET REVs 12	3311	(-49999 to 49999) : (-4095 to 4095)	11:0000	
	PRESET REVs 13	3312	(-49999 to 49999) : (-4095 to 4095)	12:0000	
	PRESET REVs 14	3313	(-49999 to 49999) : (-4095 to 4095)	13:0000	
	PRESET REVs 15	3314	(-49999 to 49999) : (-4095 to 4095)	14:0000	
	POS PROP GAIN	3329	000.0000 to 100.0000	000.1000	
	POS INTG GAIN	3330	000.0000 to 100.0000	000.0000	
	POS INTG CLAMP	3331	000.0 to 100.0%	10.0	
	POS DIFF GAIN	3332	000.0000 to 100.0000	0.0000	
	POS MAX ADJUST	3333	000.0 to 100.0%	10.0	
	POS FILTER	3334	0.1 to 500.0Hz	10.0	
<p>[2] The adjustable range of each Preset Position parameter is x:y where:  x= -49999 to 49999 REV  y= -4095 to 4095 counts  Note: In Mint WorkBench, each position is displayed as individual parameters.  For example, Preset POS 2 is 3301 (X) and 3315 (y). Parameters 3315 through 3328 are viewable only in Mint WorkBench.</p>					
PLC MODE	PLC CONFIG 1	3401	0 to 255.255.255.255	000.128.000.000	
	PLC CONFIG 2	3402	0 to 255.255.255.255	000.128.000.000	
	PLC CONFIG 3	3403	0 to 255.255.255.255	000.128.000.000	
	PLC CONFIG 4	3404	0 to 255.255.255.255	000.128.000.000	
	PLC CONFIG 5	3405	0 to 255.255.255.255	000.128.000.000	
	PLC CONFIG 6	3406	0 to 255.255.255.255	000.128.000.000	
	PLC CONFIG 7	3407	0 to 255.255.255.255	000.128.000.000	
	PLC CONFIG 8	3408	0 to 255.255.255.255	000.128.000.000	

**Table B-3 Parameter Block Values Level 3 (Cont.)**

Block Title	Parameter	P#	Adjustable Range	Factory	User Setting
PLC MODE (Continued)	PLC CONFIG 9	3409	0 to 255.255.255.255	000.128.000.000	
	PLC CONFIG 10	3410	0 to 255.255.255.255	000.128.000.000	
	PLC CONFIG 11	3411	0 to 255.255.255.255	000.128.000.000	
	PLC CONFIG 12	3412	0 to 255.255.255.255	000.128.000.000	
	PLC CONFIG 13	3413	0 to 255.255.255.255	000.128.000.000	
	PLC CONFIG 14	3414	0 to 255.255.255.255	000.128.000.000	
	PLC CONFIG 15	3415	0 to 255.255.255.255	000.128.000.000	
	PLC CONFIG 16	3416	0 to 255.255.255.255	000.128.000.000	
	PLC CONFIG 17	3417	0 to 255.255.255.255	000.128.000.000	
	PLC CONFIG 18	3418	0 to 255.255.255.255	000.128.000.000	
	PLC CONFIG 19	3419	0 to 255.255.255.255	000.128.000.000	
	PLC CONFIG 20	3420	0 to 255.255.255.255	000.128.000.000	
	PLC CONFIG 21	3421	0 to 255.255.255.255	000.128.000.000	
	PLC CONFIG 22	3422	0 to 255.255.255.255	000.128.000.000	
	PLC CONFIG 23	3423	0 to 255.255.255.255	000.128.000.000	
	PLC CONFIG 24	3424	0 to 255.255.255.255	000.128.000.000	
	PLC CONFIG 25	3425	0 to 255.255.255.255	000.128.000.000	
	PLC CONFIG 26	3426	0 to 255.255.255.255	000.128.000.000	
	PLC CONFIG 27	3427	0 to 255.255.255.255	000.128.000.000	
	PLC CONFIG 28	3428	0 to 255.255.255.255	000.128.000.000	
	PLC CONFIG 29	3429	0 to 255.255.255.255	000.128.000.000	
	PLC CONFIG 30	3430	0 to 255.255.255.255	000.128.000.000	
	COMPARE A PARAM	3431	00000 to 10000	0	
	COMPARE A CNST1	3432	0.00 to 100.00%	0.00	
	COMPARE A CNST2	3433	0.00 to 100.00%	0.00	
	COMPARE B PARAM	3434	00000 to 10000	0	
	COMPARE B CNST1	3435	0.00 to 100.00%	0.00	
	COMPARE B CNST2	3436	0.00 to 100.00%	0.00	
	TIMER A DURATION	3440	0.00 to 999999.00 seconds	0.00	
	TIMER B DURATION	3441	0.00 to 999999.00 seconds	0.00	
	TIMER C DURATION	3442	0.00 to 999999.00 seconds	0.00	
	TIMER D DURATION	3443	0.00 to 999999.00 seconds	0.00	
COMPOSITE REF	PARAM A NUMBER	3501	00000 to 10000	0	
	PARAM A FUNCTION	3502	0-Zero 1-Identity 2-Absolute Value 3-Invert 4-Square 5-Square Root 6-Sine 7-Cosine 8-Ramp Generator 9-Freq Generator	0	
	PARAM B NUMBER	3503	00000 to 10000	0	

**Table B-3 Parameter Block Values Level 3 (Cont.)**

Block Title	Parameter	P#	Adjustable Range	Factory	User Setting
COMPOSITE REF (Continued)	PARAM B FUNCTION	3504	0-Zero 1-Identity 2-Absolute Value 3-Invert 4-Square 5-Square Root 6-Sine 7-Cosine 8-Ramp Generator 9-Freq Generator	0	
	OPERATOR	3505	0-Sum 1-Difference 2-Multiply 3-Divide 4-Maximum 5-Minimum	0	
	FUNCTION	3506	0-Zero 1-Identity 2-Absolute Value 3-Invert 4-Square 5-Square Root 6-Sine 7-Cosine 8-Ramp Generator 9-Freq Generator	1	
	PARAM A GAIN	3507	-1000.000 to 1000.000	1.000	
	PARAM B GAIN	3508	-1000.000 to 1000.000	1.000	
RTC FEATURES (Real Time Clock)	RTC ACTION 1	3601	0-None	0	
	RTC ACTION 2	3602	1-D.Out1 On 2-D.Out1 Off 3-D.Out2 On 4-D.Out2 Off 5-R.Out1 On 6-R.Out1 Off 7-R.Out2 On 8-R.Out2 Off 9-Increment 10-Decrement 11-Reset 12-D.Out1 On/IncP107 13-D.Out1 Off/IncP107 14-D.Out1 On/DecP107 15-D.Out1 Off/DecP107 16-D.Out1 On/Reset 17-D.Out1 Off/Reset 18-R.Out1 On/IncP107 19-R.Out1 Off/IncP107 20-R.Out1 On/DecP107 21-R.Out1 Off/DecP107 22-R.Out1 On/Reset 23-R.Out1 Off/Reset	0	
	RTC MESSAGE 1	3603	0-None	0	
	RTC MESSAGE 2	3604	1-Clean Filter 2-Change Filter 3-Apply Oil/Lube 4-Service Motor 5-Service Drive 6-Service Coolant 7-Service Heating 8-RTC Alarm	0	

**Table B-3 Parameter Block Values Level 3 (Cont.)**

Block Title	Parameter	P#	Adjustable Range	Factory	User Setting
RTC FEATURES (Real Time Clock) (Continued)	ACT1 QUALIFIER	3605	0-Once 1-Second 2-Minute 3-Hourly 4-Daily 5-Monthly 6-Yearly	0	
	ACT2 QUALIFIER	3606		0	
	MSG1 QUALIFIER	3607		0	
	MSG2 QUALIFIER	3608		0	
	ACT1 DATE/TIME	3609	01 January 2000, 00:00:00 - 31 December 2063, 23:59:59	Jan 01,2000 00:00:00	
	ACT2 DATE/TIME	3610	01 January 2000, 00:00:00 - 31 December 2063, 23:59:59	Jan 01,2000 00:00:00	
	MSG1 DATE/TIME	3611	01 January 2000, 00:00:00 - 31 December 2063, 23:59:59	Jan 01,2000 00:00:00	
	MSG2 DATE/TIME	3612	01 January 2000, 00:00:00 - 31 December 2063, 23:59:59	Jan 01,2000 00:00:00	
	RTC COUNTER MAX	3630	00000 - 99999	60	
	DST SELECT	3631	0-Off 1-U.S.A. 2-E.U.	0	



# Appendix C

## CE Guidelines

### C.1 Outline

This section provides general information regarding recommended methods of installation for CE compliance. It is not intended as an exhaustive guide to good practice and wiring techniques. It is assumed that the installer of the VS1SD is sufficiently qualified to perform the task, and is aware of local regulations and requirements. Baldor products that meet the EMC directive requirements are indicated with a “CE” mark. A duly signed CE declaration of conformity is available from Baldor.

### C.2 EMC - Conformity and CE Marking

The information contained herein is for your guidance only and does not guarantee that the installation will meet the requirements of the Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive 2004/108/EC or the Low Voltage Directive 2006/95/EC. The purpose of the EEC directives is to state a minimum technical requirement common to all the member states within the European Union. In turn, these minimum technical requirements are intended to enhance the levels of safety both directly and indirectly.

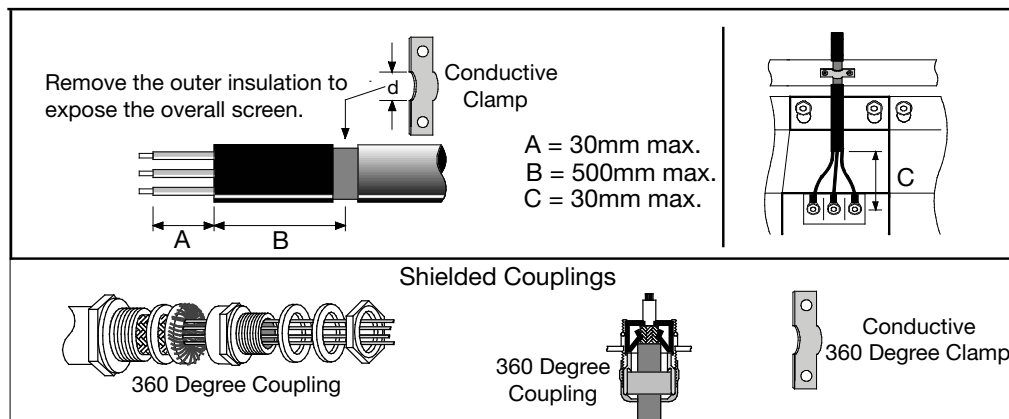
Council directive 2004/108/EC relating to Electro Magnetic Compliance (EMC) indicates that it is the responsibility of the system integrator to ensure that the entire system complies with all relative directives at the time of installing into service. Motors and controls are used as components of a system, per the EMC directive. Hence all components, installation of the components, interconnection between components, and shielding and grounding of the system as a whole determines EMC compliance.

The CE mark informs the purchaser that the equipment has been tested and complies with the appropriate standards. It rests upon the manufacturer or his authorized representative to ensure the item in question complies fully with all the relative directives in force at the time of installing into service, in the same way as the system integrator previously mentioned. Remember that it is the instructions of installation and the product that should comply with the directive.

**Note that this drive is commercial in design. It is not intended to be used on a low-voltage public network which supplies domestic premises. In a domestic environment, this product may cause radio interference in which case supplementary mitigation may be required.**

#### Wiring of Shielded (Screened) Cables

Figure C-1



### C.3 EMC Installation Options

When installed for Class A or Class B operation, the control is compliant with EN55011 (1991)/ EN55022 (1994) for radiated emissions as described.

### C.4 Grounding for Wall Mounting (Class A) also see Chapter 4

Top cover must be installed.

- A single-star point (earth) is required.
- The protective earth connection (PE) to the motor must be run inside the screened cable or conduit between the motor and control and be connected to the protective earth terminal at the control.
- The internal/external AC supply filter must be permanently earthed.
- The signal/control cables must be screened.

### C.5 Grounding for Enclosure Mounting (Class B) also see Chapter 4

- The unit is installed for Class B operation when mounted inside an enclosure that has 10dB attenuation from 30 to 100MHz (typically the attenuation provided by a metal cabinet with no opening greater than 0.15m), using the recommended AC supply filter and having met all cable requirements.

**Note:** Radiated magnetic and electric fields inside the cubicle will be high and components installed inside must be sufficiently immune.

- The control, external filter and associated equipment are mounted onto a conducting, metal panel. Do not use enclosures that use insulating mounting panels or undefined mounting structures. Cables between the control and motor must be screened or in conduit and terminated at the control.

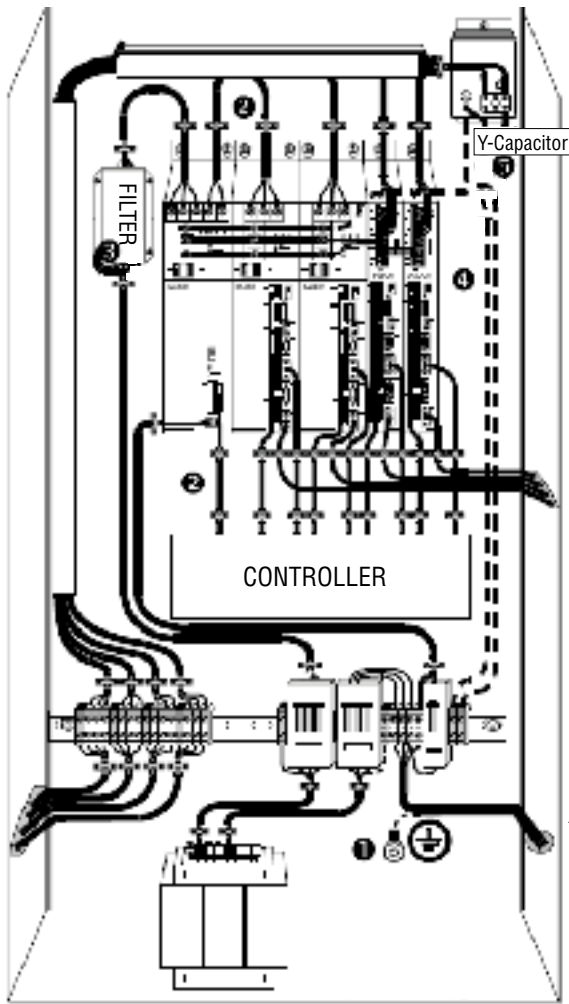
### C.6 Use of CE Compliant Components

The following points should be considered:

- Using CE approved components will not guarantee a CE compliant system!
- The components used in the drive, installation methods used, materials selected for interconnection of components are important.
- The installation methods, interconnection materials, shielding, filtering and earthing / grounding of the system as a whole will determine CE compliance.
- The responsibility of CE mark compliance rests entirely with the party who offers the end system for sale (such as an OEM or system integrator).

## C.7 EMC Wiring Technique

Figure C-2



1 CABINET

The drawing shows an electroplated zinc coated enclosure, which is connected to ground. This enclosure has the following advantages:

- All parts mounted on the back plane are connected to ground.
- All shield (screen) connections are connected to ground.

Within the cabinet there should be a spatial separation between power wiring (motor and AC power cables) and control wiring.

2 SCREEN CONNECTIONS

All connections between components must use shielded cables. The cable shields must be connected to the enclosure. Use conductive clamps to ensure good ground connection. With this technique, a good ground shield can be achieved.

3 EMC - FILTER

The EMI or main filter should be mounted next to the power supply (here BPS). For the connection to and from the main filter, screened cables should be used. The cable screens should be connected to screen clamps on both sides. (Exception: Analog Command Signal).

**Note:** EMC compliance testing was conducted on representative drives of each frame size using Schaffner FN3258 and FN351 series filters.

4 GROUNDING (EARTH)

For safety reasons (VDE0160), all Baldor components must be connected to ground with a separate wire. The diameter of the wire must be at minimum AWG#6 (10mm<sup>2</sup>). Ground connections (dashed lines) must be made from the central ground to the regen resistor enclosure and from the central ground to the Shared Power Supply.



Minimum size of the protective earthing conductor shall comply with the local safety regulation for high protective earthing conductor current equipment.

5 Y-CAPACITOR

The connection of the regeneration resistor can cause RFI (radio frequency interference) to be very high. To minimize RFI, a Y-capacitor is used. The capacitor should only be connected between the dynamic brake resistor housing and terminal pin R1.

**Attention:** Line drawing shows only principle of an EMC wiring. The shown installation can be different to any national standard (e.g. VDE)

## C.8 EMC Installation Instructions

To ensure electromagnetic compatibility (EMC), the following installation instructions should be completed. These steps help to reduce interference.

Consider the following:

- Grounding of all system elements to a central ground point
- Shielding of all cables and signal wires
- Filtering of power lines

A proper enclosure should have the following characteristics:

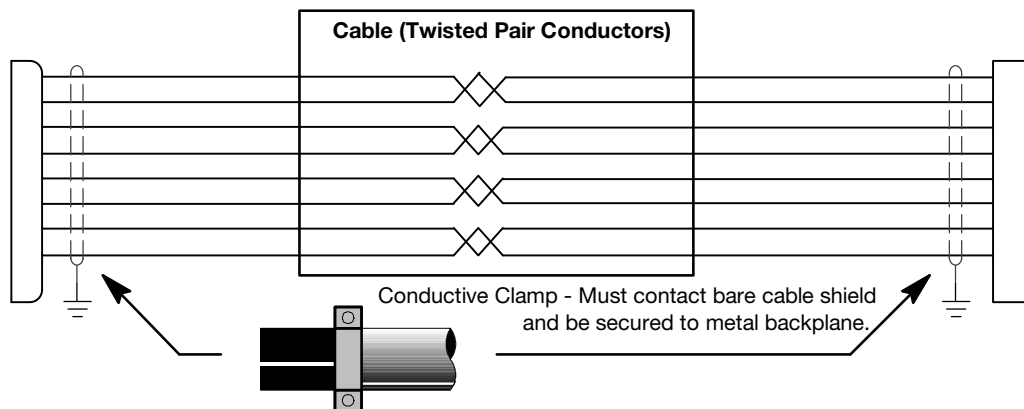
- A) All metal conducting parts of the enclosure must be electrically connected to the back plane. These connections should be made with a grounding strap from each element to a central grounding point. [1]
- B) Keep the power wiring (motor and power cable) and control wiring separated. If these wires must cross, be sure they cross at 90 degrees to minimize noise due to induction.
- C) The shield connections of the signal and power cables should be connected to the screen rails or clamps. The screen rails or clamps should be conductive clamps fastened to the cabinet. [2]
- D) The cable to the regeneration resistor must be shielded. The shield must be connected to ground at both ends.
- E) The location of the AC mains filter has to be situated close to the drive so the AC power wires are as short as possible.
- F) Wires inside the enclosure should be placed as close as possible to conducting metal, cabinet walls and plates. It is advised to terminate unused wires to chassis ground. [1]
- G) To reduce ground current, use at least a 10mm<sup>2</sup> (6 AWG) solid wire for ground connections.

[1] Grounding in general describes all metal parts which can be connected to a protective conductor, e.g. housing of cabinet, motor housing, etc. to a central ground point. This central ground point is then connected to the main plant (or building) ground.

[2] Or run as twisted pair at minimum.

### Example Cable Screens Grounding

Figure C-3



# Appendix D

## Options and Kits

### D.1 Dynamic Braking (DB) Hardware

Whenever a motor is abruptly stopped or forced to slow down quicker than if allowed to coast to a stop, the motor becomes a generator. This energy appears on the DC Bus of the control and must be dissipated using dynamic braking hardware. Dynamic braking resistors are completely assembled and mounted in a NEMA 1 enclosure. A listing of available RGA assemblies is provided in Table D-1. Select the braking resistor that has correct ohm value for the control and adequate continuous watts capacity to meet load requirements.

**Table D-1 Dynamic Braking Resistor Assemblies (RGA)**

Input Volts	HP	Total * Ohms	Continuous Rated Watts						
			600	1200	2400	4800	6400	9600	14200
230	1-7.5	20	RGA620	RGA1220	RGA2420				
	10-20	6		RGA1206	RGA2406	RGA4806			
	25-40	4		RGA1204	RGA2404	RGA4804			
	50-60	2				RGA4802	RGA6402	RGA9602	RGA14202
	1-3	120	RGA6120	RGA12120	RGA24120				
460	5-10	60	RGA660	RGA1260	RGA2460	RGA4860			
	15-25	20	RGA620	RGA1220	RGA2420	RGA4820			
	30-50	10		RGA1210	RGA2410	RGA4810			
	60-125	4		RGA1204	RGA2404	RGA4804	RGA6404	RGA9604	RGA14204

\* **Note:** Total Ohms column indicates the minimum resistance that the output transistors can drive. For example, if the Total Ohms column indicates 6 ohms and a 6 ohm resistor is unavailable, an 8 ohm can be used but not a 4 ohm resistor.

## D.2 Expansion Boards

Baldor offers a wide variety of plug-in expansion boards for their Controls. Expansion boards allow a control to be compatible with various inputs and outputs. Each control can accept up to two expansion boards. Chapter 3 of this manual describes the locations of the connectors for these expansion boards.

**Table D-2 Expansion Board Descriptions**

Catalog Number	Description														
EXBHH001A01	Ethernet Server Expansion Board Uses standard RJ-45 female terminal for Ethernet connection. Provides easy connection to any PC based Web Browser that has an Ethernet connection. Allows you to quickly access all drive parameters for setup and review. Download parameter values, operating conditions, and fault log data for review and archive.														
EXBHH002A01	Mint® Expansion Board Provides stand alone single axis Position Control and is programmable in Mint® language. Position capabilities include Master Axis Follower, Electronic Gearbox, Flying Shears, Registration, VirtualMaster, and CAM functions. Uses MINT Workbench V5 for setup and diagnostics. Master encoder input supports differential inputs for A, B and C (Index pulse). Uses DB9 for connection. One CANopen channel is available for connection to additional I/O breakout box or CAN HMI terminal. Connection to PC is by USB1.1 connector. Includes CD Rom and 2m USB cable.														
EXBHH003A01	Isolated Input Expansion Board Contains 9 isolated inputs, jumper configurable for 90-130 VAC. All inputs must be the same voltage. One side of all inputs is common. This board replaces all the opto inputs on the main control board. Uses screw terminals for connection.														
EXBHH005A01	High resolution analog input/output board Allows two inputs with up to 16 bits resolution. DC inputs: $\pm 10V$ , 0-10V, $\pm 5V$ , 0-5V, with 300 microvolt resolution. Current inputs: 4-20mA, with 0.6 microamps resolution. <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Input</th> <th>Resolution</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td><math>\pm 10V</math></td> <td>16 bit</td> </tr> <tr> <td>0 - 10V</td> <td>15 bit</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>\pm 5V</math></td> <td>15 bit</td> </tr> <tr> <td>0 - 5V</td> <td>14 bit</td> </tr> <tr> <td>0 - 20mA</td> <td>15 bit</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4 - 20mA</td> <td>15 bit</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> Both the 0-10V and 4-20mA inputs may be inverted to 10-0V and 20-4mA. Two outputs, each with $\pm 10VDC$ , 0-10VDC or 4-20mA with inverting capability. These are in addition to the two analog outputs on the main control board (4 total). Uses screw terminals for connection.	Input	Resolution	$\pm 10V$	16 bit	0 - 10V	15 bit	$\pm 5V$	15 bit	0 - 5V	14 bit	0 - 20mA	15 bit	4 - 20mA	15 bit
Input	Resolution														
$\pm 10V$	16 bit														
0 - 10V	15 bit														
$\pm 5V$	15 bit														
0 - 5V	14 bit														
0 - 20mA	15 bit														
4 - 20mA	15 bit														
EXBHH007A01	Master Pulse Reference / Isolated Pulse Follower Jumper selection of the following modes: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Accepts a 5VDC or 12VDC quadrature pulse train input or pulse and direction input to use as a master reference.</li> <li>2. Re-transmits the input pulse train at 5VDC for ratios from 1:20 up to 65535:1. (Scaled output).</li> <li>3. Can be used as a auxiliary encoder input to the control</li> <li>4. A CANopen port with an RJ-45 female connector for adding an additional I/O breakout box or CAN HMI terminal.</li> </ol>														
EXBHH013A02	DeviceNet / EtherNet/IP / Modbus-TCP Communications Expansion Board Allows connection to DeviceNet Communications Bus. Allows connection to EtherNet/IP Communications Bus. Allows connection to Modbus-TCP Communications Bus. Uses screw terminals for DeviceNet connection.														
EXBHH014A02	PROFIBUS-DP Expansion Board Allows connection to PROFIBUS-DP Communications Bus. Uses 9-pin D-shell for connection.														
EXBHH016A01	LonWorks Communications Expansion Board Allows connection to LonWorks Communications Bus. Uses plug-in terminals for connection.														
EXBHH017A01	Metasys N2 Communications Expansion Board Allows connection to or N2 communications network. Uses screw terminals for connection.														

## D.3 Keypad Extension Cable

For the convenience of our customers, we offer a connector plug/cable assembly. This assembly provides the connectors from the keypad to the control for remote keypad operation.

**CAUTION:** Only use cables manufactured by Baldor. Cables purchased from other sources may not be properly wired and may damage the control or keypad and void the warranty.

**Table D-3 Keypad Extension Cable Selection**

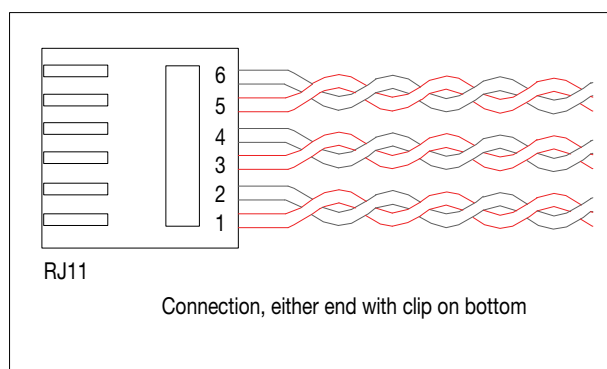
Catalog Number	Length
CBLHH015KP	5 ft (1.5m)
CBLHH030KP	10 ft (3.0m)
CBLHH046KP	15 ft (4.6m)
CBLHH061KP	20 ft (6.1m)
CBLHH091KP	30 ft (9.1m)
CBLHH152KP	50 ft (15.2m)
CBLHH229KP	75 ft (22.9m)
CBLHH305KP	100 ft (30.5m)
CBLHH457KP	150 ft (45.7m)
CBLHH610KP	200 ft (61.0m)

## D.4 Keypad Connector

The keypad connector referenced in Figure D-1 and Table D-4 is an RJ-11 type wired as half duplex RS485. Twisted pair wire must be used to connect the keypad and control for remote mounting of the keypad.

**CAUTION:** Only Baldor cables should be used to connect the keypad and control. These are special twisted pair cables to protect the control and keypad. Damage associated with other cable types are not covered by the Baldor warranty.

**Figure D-1 Keypad Connector RJ-11**



**Table D-4 Cable Connections**

Pin	Signal Name	Description
1	A	RS485 Line A
2	B	RS485 Line B
3	KP_PS_GND	Power Supply Return
4	+8V	Power Supply +
5	KP_PS_GND	Power Supply Return
6	+8V	Power Supply +

## D.5 Optional Remote Keypad Installation

The keypad may be remotely mounted using optional Baldor keypad extension cable (refer to Table D-3). When the keypad is properly mounted to a NEMA Type 4X enclosure, it retains the Type 4X rating. The mounting/drill template is located in Appendix E of this manual.

**CAUTION:** Only use cables manufactured by Baldor. Cables purchased from other sources may not be properly wired and may damage the control or keypad and void the warranty.

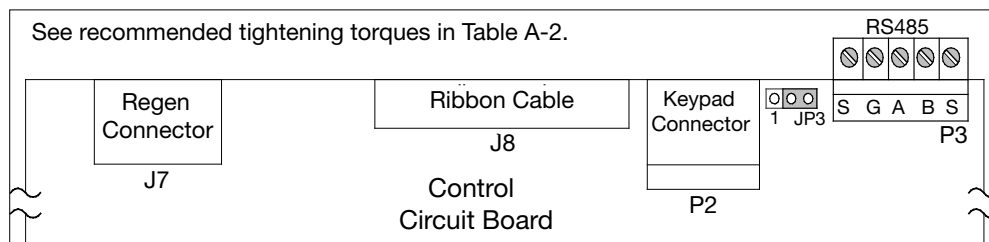
### Tools Required:

- Center punch, tap handle, screwdrivers (Phillips and straight)
- #27 drill bit
- 1-3/8" standard knockout punch
- RTV Sealant
- (3) 6-32x3/8" screws
- (3) #6 Flat Washers

### Mounting Instructions: For clearance mounting holes

1. Locate a flat 4" wide x 5.5" minimum high mounting surface. Material should be sufficient thickness (14 gauge minimum).
2. Place the template on the mounting surface or mark the holes as shown on the template (ensure template is not distorted due to reproduction).
3. Accurately center punch the 3 mounting holes and the large knockout.
4. Drill three #27 clearance holes.
5. Locate the 1-3/8" knockout center and punch using the manufacturers instructions.
6. Debur knockout and mounting holes making sure the panel stays clean and flat.
7. Apply RTV to the three #27 clearance holes.
8. Assemble the keypad to the panel. Use 6-32 screws and flat washers.
9. From the inside of the panel, apply RTV over each of the three mounting screws. Cover a 3/4" area around each screw making sure to completely encapsulate the screw head and washer.
10. Route the keypad cable into the control and connect to P2 of the control board, Figure D-2.

**Figure D-2 Connector Locations**



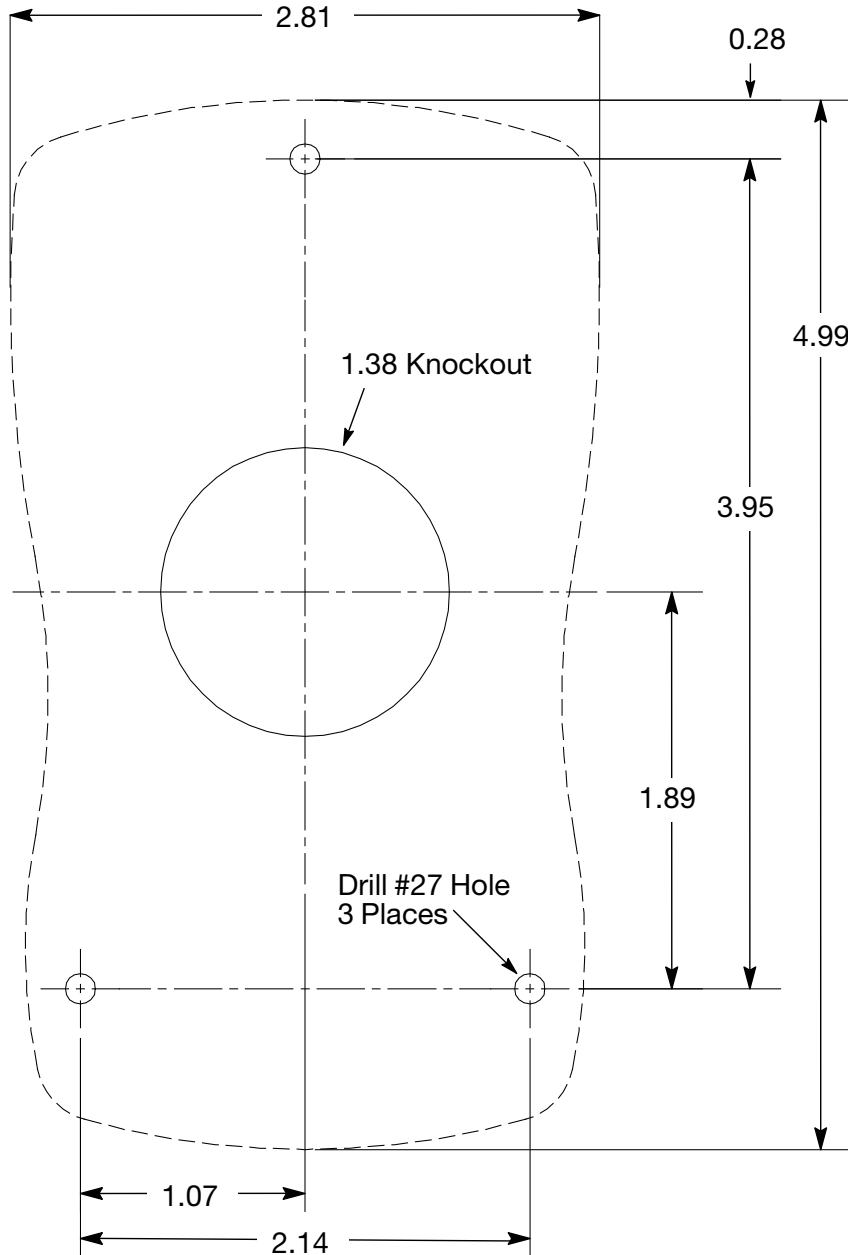


# Appendix E

## Remote Keypad Mounting Template

### E.1 Remote Keypad Mounting Template

Figure E-1



KP0030A00

Note: Template may be distorted due to reproduction.



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